Law Reporter

The Chicago Tribune.

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NEWS OF THE DAY.

FOREIGN.

The King of Denmark, in his speech at the opening of the Rigsdag, on the 5th instant, said that the negotiations with Prussia in regard to Schleswig-Holstein were fruitless. The Rigsdag has postponed for one year the ratification of the sale of St. Thomas and other portions of the West Indies to the United States.

General Prim was enthusiastically welcomed on arriving in Madrid, on the 5th instant.

President Juarez congratulates the Mexican Congress upon the failure of all the insurrections excepting that in Tamaulipas, and advises the passage of laws favorable to commerce. He regards the general aspect of Mexico as bright and prosperous.

Later intelligence from South America informs us that in Ecuador alone 40,000 lives were lost by the recent appalling earthquake. From the same cause the water along the Peruvian coast has decreased eight fathoms in depth.

GENERAL.

Gold closed in New York, yesterday, at 140⅝.

Four women endeavored to vote at a school district election in Mt. Vernon, N. Y., on the 5th inst., but their ballots were rejected.

The St. Louis Fair was largely attended yesterday.

John Quincy Adams has consented to speak in South Carolina.

On Tuesday, the Atlantics, of Brooklyn, N. Y., defeated the Unions, of Morrisania, N. Y., by a score of 24 to 8. The Atlantics are again the nominal champions of the United States, having defeated the Unions in two match games, but the Athletics of Philadelphia, are the virtual champions, as they twice defeated the Atlantics, last month.

The funeral of Bishop Juncker, of the Diocese of Alton, Illinois, took place in that city, on Tuesday.

The Kiowas and Comanches have united with the Cheyennes and Arapahoes in hostilities against the whites on Arkansas River.

Hon. Schuyler Colfax, Senator Howard, General Stoughton, and others, are to address a mass meeting in South Bend, Indiana, on Monday next.

General Butler has written a second letter concerning the organized opposition to his re-election.

The town elections in Connecticut, on Monday, indicate substantial Republican gains.

The international cricket match, played in Philadelphia, between the English Eleven and Twenty-two of Philadelphia, terminated in favor of the Englishmen, on Tuesday, with two wickets to spare. The Twenty-two made [illegible] in their first and 35 in their second innings, while the Eleven scored 63 in their first and 61 in their second innings, with eight wickets down.

The Inebriate Asylum, in Brooklyn, has received over $200,000 from license fees collected in New York.

The propeller Perseverance, of the Welland Railway line, was burned on Lake Ontario, off Pultneyville, on Tuesday last, and fourteen of her nineteen passengers were lost.

ST. LOUIS.

Second Day of the Agricultural and Mechanical Fair—Premiums Awarded, Etc.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

St. Louis, Oct. 6.

St. Louis was favored with another fine day, and in consequence the attendance at the fair was large, gentlemen predominating. The amphitheatre seats were well filled and the excitement ran high, especially in the afternoon, while the stallion ring was being shown. The exhibition seems to partake more of a national than local character, many States and the Canadas being represented in the various manufactures and stock rings. Outside of the arena the committees were busy making awards. The Western States and New York are represented among the agricultural implements, and the tout ensemble is eminently demonstrative of the inventive genius of the age. When the ribbons are tied, your correspondent may give more in detail as to the awards and merits of some new machines.

In the award on draft mares Illinois is again leading in the various rings, from five years down to yearlings. The prizes were harvested by S. Dillon & Co., of Bloomington, Ill., except two second premiums, which were given to Nelson Green, of Kane County, Ill. The premium on buggy horses was taken by G. W. Howe, of St. Louis, on his famous Dick Gow Morgan.

The premium on the fastest trotting team was won by Tackey and Dixey, owned by C. B. Carr, of St. Louis; second premium to Paul Byerly, of Louisville, Kentucky.

Devon cattle, best bull of any age—Premium to W. W. Henderson, of St. Louis.

Best cow of any age—First Premium to same.

Best Ayrshire bull of any age—Premium to L. W. H. Wright, of St. Louis.

Best Ayrshire cow of any age—Premium to same.

Best Alderney bull of any age—First Premium to Thos. J. Turner, of St. Louis.

Alderney cow of any age—Premium to L. H. Baker, of St. Louis. Sixteen pounds of butter per week certified to.

The display of Alderneys was very fine indeed.

The Planter's House premium for the best fatted bullock or heifer, was won by Jeff Hedgeford, of Paris, Mo.

The St. Nicholas Hotel premium for the same was won by S. R. Duncan, of Towanda, Ill.

Stallions, geldings and mares to single harness, style, speed and endurance to be the test. In the stallion ring there were thirteen entries, and high-pressure speed. The first premium was carried off by Logan Bailey, of Ky., on his splendid bay "Indian Chief." The second, by A. F. Taylor, of St. Louis, on his fine bay "Gladiator."

Stallions under five years—First premium to Shoenberg, of St. Louis; second to B. S. Parker, of St. Louis.

For the premium for the best gelding there were twenty-one entries. While they were speeding one of the sulkies struck another, which upset the driver and allowed the horses to run away; other horses were driven to the centre; still another horse ran away. The excitement ran high, but finally the runaway was caught and the result was, nobody hurt and two broken sulkies. The first premium was given to Pete Horn, owned by T. Lavielle; second to Whedon & Neil, of St. Louis.

Yesterday's receipts were $1,500 in excess of the same day last year. To-day the receipts are also larger than the corresponding day last year.

KANSAS.

Indian Troubles on the Western Border—Political.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Lawrence, Oct. 6.

Governor Crawford reached home on Sunday morning. He reports the frontier so guarded now that he thinks the settlers will be protected in the future. Five hundred volunteers are in the field, or will be in a day or two, and they take the place of the regulars on general duty, thus relieving seven companies which have been pushed out on the plains. The Governor went West again to-day to arrange for driving off a small band of Indians that are yet hovering near the Republican.

Colonel Thomas Murphy, Central Indian Superintendent, is in the city. He now believes in a vigorous campaign against the Indians. He considers that the Indians have broken their treaties, and that they ought now to be thrashed. General Sully's recent campaign was not altogether a success. A new expedition is being organized, which it is hoped will prove more successful.

Among the latest converts to Grant and Colfax in this State are Colonel Osborne, a life-long Democrat, and late General Superintendent of the U. P. R. R. His first Republican vote will be for Grant and Colfax.

Weather warm; regular Indian summer.

SPRINGFIELD.

Illinois Soldiers' Orphans' Home—Exhibition Drill of the Chicago Zouaves—Masonic.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 6.

A meeting of the Board of Equalization, and of the Illinois Soldiers' and Orphans' Home, will be held at Bloomington on Saturday, the 10th inst. The new building that has been in process of erection is fast approaching completion, and will probably be ready for occupancy by the 1st of December. The children now being cared for in the temporary homes at Bloomington and Springfield number nearly 250, and this number will be greatly increased by January 1st.

The State Board of Equalization met in the Senate Chamber to-day, but adjourned without transacting any business of importance.

The Ellsworth Zouaves, of Chicago, gave an exhibition drill and parade to-day for the benefit of the Springfield company, which was attended by a large concourse of people, who expressed their admiration of their soldier-like bearing and perfection in drill. They visited the Lincoln tomb at Oak Ridge this morning. They leave by special train for Chicago at nine o'clock this evening.

The Grand Lodge of the State of Illinois is now in session in this city. Thus far no business for public eyes has been transacted.

MICHIGAN.

The Homoeopathists and the University Regents—Order of the Supreme Court.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Detroit, Oct. 6.

The State Supreme Court is now in session here, and this morning the question as to whether the Homoeopathics of the State are entitled to a professorship in the Department of Medicine at the University, came up on application by Attorney General Stoughton, for an order to show cause why a mandamus should not direct the Regents to show why they do not obey the statute of 1855, and appoint a Professor of Homoeopathy. The Regents have always refused to obey the law in question, on the ground that the State has no right to regulate the management of the University. The court granted the petition of the Attorney General that a mandamus be issued commanding the Regents to show cause, on the first day of the next term, why they omit to carry out the provisions of the act.

The Tanners of this city have another grand parade, on Friday evening next, through the streets of the city.

NASHVILLE.

Assault upon Mayor Alden—Cases of Miscegenation.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Nashville, Oct. 6.

Mayor Alden was assaulted to-day in the most cowardly manner by a policeman named Harrison, who had been discharged for neglect of duty. Harrison approached the Mayor from behind, and dealt him a blow with a heavy cane. The Mayor instantly whirled, grappled and held him until relieved by the police. Harrison belongs to the piebald opposition here who are daily incited to deeds of violence by the newspapers.

Quite a stir has been occasioned here by discovering that two white Irish women, natives of Alabama, had recently married a couple of very black negroes. The negroes are strong Democrats.

No progress has been made to-day in the injunction case of the Mayor and City Council.

RICHMOND.

Escape of Negro Convicts from a Railroad Train—Decision Regarding Rebel Currency.

Richmond, Oct. 6.—To-day, as forty negroes, Penitentiary convicts, hired out to work on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad, were going on the Central Railroad to Covington, they overpowered the guard four miles from Gordonsville and twenty four of them escaped, while the train was going at full speed. Two were instantly killed, and three badly wounded. The others who leaped off escaped.

P. R. Grattan, the Official Attorney, to-day gave an opinion to the City Council that the city small notes issued during the war, amounting to a quarter of a million dollars, cannot be paid while the Alexandria Constitution is in force, as it forbids the paying of any debt incurred to carry on the war.

John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts, arrived here to-day, on his way to South Carolina.

Alabama.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 6.—The Governor has signed the Registering bill, which was passed by the Legislature. Both houses have passed bills providing for an election. The Senate bill makes it a misdemeanor for any person to challenge a voter, punishable by fine and imprisonment. The Probate Judge of each county is to designate any number of voting places he desires. This is done to have all the voting at the Court House. The Democrats strongly opposed the registration and election bills.

WASHINGTON.

Public Debt Statement for October.

Decrease of Over Five Millions During the Month.

Another Paper from Delmar in the Interests of the Democracy.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Washington, Oct. 6.

THE CAMILLA MASSACRE.

A report from General Meade, upon the late massacre at Camilla, embodying the report of General Sibley, reached the War Department to-day. It clearly establishes the fact that the whole affair was deliberately planned by the whites, and that the reports which have gained general circulation concerning the subsequent hunting down of colored men, and similar atrocities, really occurred as represented.

TENNESSEE.

It appears that General Gordon Granger cannot assume command in Tennessee, by virtue of his real rank as General Sidney Burbank, now stationed at Louisville, is some four years his senior. To enable Granger to take command during the absence of General Thomas, will require an order from the President assigning him to duty by his brevet rank.

THE PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT

for September includes four millions of dollars in bonds, issued to the Pacific Railroads, which virtually makes the decrease of the debt for the month near four millions of dollars.

DELMAR AGAIN.

Delmar appears with another financial table this morning. The belief is now general among the higher officers of the treasury that he has been bribed by the Democracy to do this work, and a number of these officials have ceased to recognize him socially. Secretary McCulloch shows special indignation. He inquired of the Chief Clerk specially in charge of the duty of preparing the financial statements of the Treasury if he had pointed out to Delmar the gross errors in his figures. The Chief Clerk said he had, and upon asking an explanation, was told by Delmar that he had none to make, as his figures would speak for themselves.

GOING HOME TO VOTE.

John D. Defrees, with a large delegation of Indianians, will start West on Thursday evening, in order to vote next week. A larger number of those engaged in the departments here will vote this year than ever before. The Ohio men will, in a majority of cases, leave on Friday.

TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

The following statement of the public debt of the United States on the first of October was issued late this afternoon:

Debt bearing coin interest	$2,100,151,350.00
Debt bearing currency interest	83,651,083.00
Matured debt not presented for payment	19,440,345.64
Debt bearing no interest	409,191,307.17
Six per cent lawful money bonds issued to Pacific Railroad Companies	39,534,000.00
Total	$2,644,801,363.81
Amount in Treasury:	
Coin	$95,891,847.13
Currency	13,965,994.76
Total	$110,857,841.89
Debt less cash in Treasury	2,534,943,718.92

This statement, as compared with that of the previous month, shows the following:

INCREASE.

Five-Twenty bonds	$2,861,550.00
Fractional currency	1,131,895.40
Three per cent certificates	3,025,000.00
Total	$7,018,445.40

DECREASE.

Six per cent Comp. Interest Notes	$4,034,930.00
Bonds of 1847-48	200,550.00
Five per cent Treasury notes	110,000.00
Gold certificates	4,935,200.00
Seven-Thirty Treasury notes	1,113,000.00
Total	$[illegible]

Deduct the increase of $[illegible], and the increase in the public debt is $[illegible]. To this add the increase of cash in the treasury, $2,615,880.88, and the total is $[illegible]. The bonds issued to the Pacific Railroad Companies during the month amounted to $4,320,000. The net decrease of debt during the month, including the bonds issued to the railroad companies, was $[illegible].

The warrants issued by the Treasury Department during September to meet the requirements of the government amounted in round numbers to the following sums, viz:

Civil, miscellaneous and foreign intercourse	$3,710,267.89
Interest on the public debt	9,671,875.[illegible]
War Department	8,959,331.00
Navy Department	2,276,762.74
Interior, Pension and Indian Departments	5,410,083.27
Total	$30,027,791.95

The Secretary thinks that the disbursements of the present month will be lighter than the last, and that the close thereof will show a further decrease.

The receipts from internal revenue for nine days last preceding the 1st of October, were heavier than expected. About four millions of Pacific Railroad bonds have been added to the debt since the last statement. Amount in Treasury—coin, $97,800,000; currency, $13,300,000. The Treasury shows an increase of coin since the 1st September of nearly nine and a quarter millions of dollars, independent of the payment of interest on the 10-40s, and sales of coin by Mr. Van Dyck, amounting to about two and one-third millions of dollars.

[illegible] the Spanish Government [illegible] shall otherwise determine.

ADVICES FROM THE INDIAN FRONTIER IN KANSAS AND TEXAS.

Washington, Oct. 6.—A despatch was received at the War Department, to-day, from General Sherman, saying that the Kiowas and Comanches have refused to accept their annuities and have taken the war path.

A report has been received from General Merritt, at Austin, Texas, saying that Lieutenant Cusack, of the Ninth Cavalry, with sixty men and some Mexican volunteers, sent out from the post, overtook the Indians—Apaches and Sipans—two hundred strong, about eighty miles east, and killed, in a running fight extending over five miles, between twenty and thirty, wounding as many more, capturing all their stock, some two hundred mules and horses and some cattle. The troops destroyed the Indians' camp and winter stores, and recaptured two Mexican boys who had been captives four or five years.

A telegram to the Indian Office, dated at [illegible], Kansas, October 6, from the Clerk of the Central Superintendency, says that General Hazen writes from Fort Larned that the Kiowas and Comanches who were upon the Arkansas River, have, without doubt, joined the Cheyennes and Arapahoes in the war. Superintendent Murphy left Council Grove.

Colonel G. Smoot, Special Indian Agent, arrived to-day from the Choctaw and Chickasaw country, eight days from Fort Gibson and the Cherokee Nation, whither he went by direction of the Secretary of the Interior for the purpose of paying those Indians for property destroyed during the rebellion and appropriated by Congress in July last out of the Choctaw and Chickasaw funds. Colonel Smoot had an interview to-day with Secretary Browning and Acting Commissioner Mix on the subject of his mission.

MRS. LINCOLN'S DEPARTURE FOR EUROPE.

Washington, Oct. 5.—The Baltimore Sun, of this morning, says: "Mrs. Lincoln, widow of the late President, with her youngest son, after the marriage of Captain Robt. Lincoln, her oldest son, at Washington, on the 24th ult., returned to this city on the 25th, and took rooms at Barnum's City Hotel, where she remained in comparative retirement, being visited by only a few of her personal friends, until Thursday morning last, when she left, with her son, and was driven direct to Locust Point. Here, veiled and unknown, in the large crowd at the pier, the widow and son of the late President went on board the steamer Baltimore, bound to Bremen. She at once went to her stateroom, and as her name did not appear on the passenger list furnished by the agents of the line—it being withheld, it is supposed, at the request of the lady—the fact of her actual departure for Europe has only become known several days after the sailing of the ship. Those intimately acquainted with Mrs. Lincoln aver that her visit to Europe at this time is for the purpose of placing her youngest son at a school in Germany, after which she will probably spend the winter in the south of France."

COUNCIL BLUFFS.

Attempted Outrage—National Bank Opened—Cold Weather.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Council Bluffs, Iowa, Oct. 6.

The house of G. A. Robinson, of this city was entered by an unknown man, and an attempt made to outrage his daughter. Her cries brought her father to her assistance, but not in time to catch the wretch, who had locked all the doors, and made his escape through the window.

The Pacific National Bank opened here to-day, capital $100,000.

Weather cold and windy. Snowing in Cheyenne to-night. Expect it here before morning.

INDIANAPOLIS.

Articles of Association Filed by the Fort Wayne, Muncie & Cincinnati Railroad.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Indianapolis, Oct. 6.

Articles of association of the Fort Wayne, Muncie & Cincinnati Railroad Company were filed with the Secretary of State this morning. The road will run from Muncie through Blackford and Wells counties to Fort Wayne, sixty-four miles. The capital stock is $500,000, divided in to [illegible] shares. The Directors for the first year are [illegible] Worthington, J. M. Ridenour, Wm. [illegible], D. T. Haines, J. W. Donohue, William Words and Russell Potter.

MISSIONARY WORK.

Fifty-ninth Anniversary Meeting of the American Board of Commissioners of Foreign Missions—Annual Reports.

Norwich, Conn., Oct. 6.—The fifty-ninth anniversary meeting of the American Board of Commissioners of Foreign Missions commenced at the Broadway Church, in this city, this forenoon. A number of members were present, and it is believed that 2,000 are present in the city and vicinity, quartered in private residences and public buildings. The church was well filled at 3 o'clock, when the venerable President, Mark Hopkins, D. D., of Williamstown, Mass., called the meeting to order.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Hickok. Rev. J. Humphrey, of Chicago, was appointed Assistant Recording Secretary. The minutes of the last annual meeting were read by the Recording Secretary, Rev. John O. Means, of Roxbury, Mass.

The President then appointed the following committee to nominate a committee on the Treasurer's report: Rev. J. C. Holbrook, D. D., Wm. Hyde and Dr. Bush.

The following were appointed a Committee on Arrangements: Rev. M. M. G. Dana, Rev. G. W. Wood, D. D., Rev. R. P. Stanton, Rev. Mr. Warren, Rev. Daniel Merriman and Rev. Samuel Hopley.

Rev. Selah B. Treat, of Boston, Corresponding Secretary of the Home Department, read the annual report. The report contains obituary notices of six corporate members of the board, who had died since the last meeting: Wm. Allen, D. D., elected in 1830; Wm. R. Dewitt, D. D., elected in 1838; Wm. Jessup, LL.D., elected in 1848, and for seven years Vice President of the Board; Reuben H. Walworth, LL.D., elected in 1843; Joel H. Linsley, D. D., elected in 1842; [illegible], elected in 1849.

The report also contains a detailed account of the missionaries sent out.

The Secretary having read the financial report, moved that in view of the happy close of the financial year the session be devoted to worship. The entire assembly then joined in singing the hymn commencing,

"For all Thy Saints, O God."

Mr. Treat then spoke briefly of the reasons for thankfulness to God for His mercies in the past, incidentally alluding to God's hands in the dark days of the republic. He spoke of the embarrassments [illegible] the past year, and of [illegible] as a source of gratitude to the Heavenly Father. He then gave a statement comparing the donations of the past year with those of 1867, and the per cent gained in 1868 over 1867, as follows: Maine, 67 per cent; New Hampshire, 33; Vermont, 36; Massachusetts, 34; Rhode Island, 24; Connecticut, 31; New York, 73; New Jersey, 56; Pennsylvania, 96; Ohio, 27; Illinois, 31; Michigan, 19; Minnesota, 30; Iowa, 27; Wisconsin, 21.

Rev. Nathaniel G. Clark, of Boston, Rev. and R. G. Wood, of New York, then read the general survey and report of the condition of the several missions of the board for the past year.

The report of the treasurer shows that the entire income of the year is as follows:

From donations	$[illegible]
From legacies	[illegible]
From other sources	[illegible]
Total	$[illegible]

This is the largest sum ever reported to any annual meeting of the board.

The expenditures were $[illegible]. The year opened with a balance of $[illegible] against the treasury, and closed with a balance of $[illegible] in favor.

The meeting adjourned till evening.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Rousing Republican Meetings in Ohio and Indiana.

A Lively Canvass Going on in Iowa.

Late Returns in Connecticut Show Increased Republican Gains.

ROUSING REPUBLICAN MEETING IN OHIO.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Columbus, O., Oct. 6.

The meeting at Cardington, to-day, was the most magnificent success of the campaign. Senator Sherman made one of the best speeches of his life, to three acres of people. The whole town was full to overflowing. Delegations from all the adjacent parts of the district were in attendance. One delegation, from a point sixteen miles off, measured one mile and three-quarters in length, and it was the third in size. The speakers were escorted to the stand at 1:30 to the music of bands, cheers and cannon roaring. Secretary Stanton's son, E. L., made an excellent speech, after the close of Senator Sherman's, holding the immense crowd till near 5 o'clock. No words can describe the enthusiasm of the crowd.

Beatty's district is safe by 1,800 to 2,000 majority. Bingham counts his district safe by 2,000, as I learn from Stanton, who has been speaking there.

Shellabarger delivered the greatest speech of the campaign at Xenia to-night, to a very large and enthusiastic audience. The fact that his health has prevented him from entering the canvass before gave great additional interest to the occasion.

Columbus is all alive to-night; both parties are preparing for the conflict, and numerous large ward meetings were held, with speeches, songs, &c.

The meeting next Friday night is destined to be the greatest affair ever gotten up in Central Ohio. The parade is to be on horseback, with banners, torches, and transparencies. The speeches will be by ex-Governor Tod, Blaine, of Maine; Shellabarger, and Stanton. The Democracy are also preparing for a grand final effort Saturday night.

A LIVELY CANVASS GOING ON IN IOWA.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 6.

Barbecues will be held in this State this month, as follows: Two in First Congressional District, one at Fort Madison and the other at Mount Pleasant; time not appointed yet. One in the Second District; place not yet set, probably at Davenport. One in the Fourth District has been held at Ottumwa. One in the Fifth District will be held at Des Moines on the 23d and 24th, which will be made a State rally; and one in the Sixth District, at Iowa Falls—time not yet determined upon. The Chairman of the State Central Committee will announce the time and place of all barbecues in a few days.

The demonstrations at Des Moines on the 23d and 24th will be the biggest affair ever held west of the Mississippi. Delegations of Tanners will be present from every county in the State, with the best of speakers, including all the big guns of our own State, and Logan, Palmer, Oglesby, Ingersoll and Hulburt of Illinois.

A big demonstration will be held here on Saturday next, at which there will be a discussion between Hon. J. S. Young, Republican, and W. V. B. Bennett, Democrat, candidates for Elector-at-Large.

CHARACTERISTIC COPPERHEAD MEETING AT PLYMOUTH, OHIO.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Mansfield, Ohio, Oct. 6.

A large Democratic meeting was held at Plymouth last night, several car loads of White Boys in Blue attending from this city and Shelby. The meeting was addressed by Colonel R. Burns, of this city, and W. H. [illegible], Esq., of Cleveland. During the speaking a murderous fight took place between a number of Democrats from New Haven and Mansfield, in which, at once, forty or fifty persons were engaged. Knives and pistols were freely used, and eight or ten persons were injured, some of them severely. Among the [illegible], now lying in a critical condition from a revolver shot, is [illegible]; [illegible] and Markley, and several others more or less injured. It is reported that one of the New Haven roughs was shot dead during the affray. A number of the latter were severely wounded.

Rev. J. W. Cracraft made a very able and exhaustive speech to the Republicans of this city last night. He left to-day for Chicago. He is to take the stump for the Republicans in Illinois.

HON. E. C. INGERSOLL AT TISKILWA, ILL.

Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.

Tiskilwa, Ill., Oct. 5.

An enthusiastic meeting and a crowded house greeted our worthy representative, E. C. Ingersoll, on Friday evening last, welcoming him home to his district, and hearing an able and masterly review from him of the political situation and a discussion of the parties who are to-day claiming the suffrages of the American people.

Our Tanners were out in force; many ladies were present, and we noticed some candid Democrats who came out to hear the truth, and we hope that by "line upon line," in their case, good may be accomplished. Put old Bureau down for her usual majority for right and truth.

Upon an excursion train running from here to Rock Island and return, the other day, a vote was taken of ladies and gentlemen. Before taking it, an enthusiastic Seymour and Blair German said: "I bets you there ish more Seymour men ash tere ish Grant men on dis train." The vote was taken, and declared—Seymour, 14; Grant, 78.

The Republicans who were talking with the Teuton went for him, when he angrily said, "I don't care, I'ys sure I cares not for politics no how."

GENERAL PALMER AT CHAMPAIGN.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Champaign, Ill., Oct. 6.

In the procession to-day were two hundred and thirty wagons, three hundred and forty horsemen, eight wagons filled with young ladies, representing the states, and three cornet and two field bands. The procession was three miles long. There were not less than eight thousand people on the ground, a large proportion of whom were voters.

For some days there have been symptoms of a breaking down in the Democratic party, and the large number of War Democrats present confirms the fact. They are not going to vote for any man who opposed the war.

General Palmer is speaking. The enthusiasm is unbounded. This county will give an increased majority of not less than 500.

SPEAKING STRAWS.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Elkhart, Ind., Oct. 6.

A vote of the Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana Railroad operatives was taken to-day by the Elkhart, Ind., office, as follows: Eastern Division—Grant, 94; Seymour, 5. Western Division—Grant, 25; Seymour, 5. Northern Division—Grant, 9; Seymour, 1. Southern Division—Grant, 14; Seymour, 4. Total—Grant, [illegible]; Seymour, 15.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS AT KNIGHTSTOWN AND CAMBRIDGE CITY, IND.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Indianapolis, Oct. 6.

Large Republican meetings were held at Knightstown and Cambridge City to-day. The latter was addressed by Mr. Colfax. There were no less than 15,000 persons at Cambridge and 10,000 at Knightstown. General Kilpatrick addressed a large crowd at the Masonic Hall to-night.

CONNECTICUT TOWN ELECTIONS.

Hartford, Oct. 6.—Returns from about two-thirds of the cities show large Republican gains in the popular vote. The Republicans have lost one town, but have gained three, and two are divided.

New York, Oct. 6.—The Express has the following telegram from Hon. C. M. Ingersoll to Hon. Erastus Brooks:

"New Haven, Oct. 5.—The returns now coming in from our town elections indicate a Democratic majority in this State of over five thousand in November."

Hartford, Oct. 6.—Official returns from 140 towns foot up as follows: Republican, 83; Democratic, 50; divided, 6. Of these the Republicans gain 10 and the Democrats 8 from last year. Of the towns that were wholly Republican last year, 1 is divided this year. Of those which were wholly Democratic, 5 are divided. Granby gives a Republican gain; Danbury, 41; Farmington, [illegible]; Enfield, [illegible]; Huntington, 15; Bethel, 18; Ridgefield, 20; Killingly, 100. Many other towns show proportionate Republican gains. There are 18 towns yet to hear from.

ENTHUSIASTIC REPUBLICAN MEETING AT WATERLOO, WIS.

Waterloo, Wis., Oct. 6.—An enthusiastic Republican demonstration was held here last night. Nearly four hundred Tanners from Columbus, Lake Mills, Kroghville and Waterloo congregated and paraded through the streets with transparencies, music and singing, while the church bells rang exultant peals. The large audience, comprising men from five counties, were addressed by Hon. Benj. F. Hopkins and James Ross, and the meeting closed with cheers for Grant and Colfax. The people of this section are full of national life.

GENERAL BUTLER RETURNS TO THE CHARGE.

Boston, Oct. 6.—General Butler has written another sharp letter in regard to the Ward-Atkinson opposition to his re-election. He offers fifty dollars for evidence of the reported corruptions and conspiracies that are taking place, according to his own conviction, in his Congressional district, for the purpose of spoiling the Republican party. In conclusion General Butler asks the question, "What will happen to Atkinson and Ward when the devil gets them?"

THE MASSACHUSETTS DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR TO STUMP SOUTH CAROLINA.

Charleston, S. C., Oct. 6.—A private despatch from John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts, announces his acceptance of an invitation to visit and address the people of the State. He is expected here about the end of the week.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATION.

Boston, Oct. 6.—The Democrats of the Second Massachusetts District have nominated Edward Avery, of Braintree, for Congress.

Department of the Cumberland.

Memphis, Oct. 6.—General Gordon Granger arrived last night. He will establish the headquarters of the Department of the Cumberland in this city.

The arms destined for Arkansas in consequence of the refusal of all steamers to take them, have been stored here to await orders from Little Rock.

EUROPE.

Present Condition of Affairs in Spain.

Enthusiastic Reception of General Prim in Madrid.

The Majority of the Spanish People in Favor of a Republic.

BY OCEAN TELEGRAPH.

SPAIN.

ARRIVAL OF GENERAL PRIM AT MADRID.

Madrid, Oct. 6.

General Prim arrived here yesterday, and was greeted with enthusiasm.

ACTION OF THE PROVISIONAL JUNTA.

Madrid, Oct. 6.

The Provisional Junta has requested Marshal Serrano to take charge of affairs until the meeting of the Cortes, and he has consented so to act with General Prim and Olozaga, his colleagues.

THE NEW CABINET.

The formation of the new Cabinet has not yet been completed. General Escalante, a Democrat, has been placed in command of the National Guard.

A REPUBLICAN FORM OF GOVERNMENT CALLED FOR.

It is daily becoming more and more evident that the great majority of the people are in favor of a republican form of government for Spain.

The Duke of Victoria and Count of Cheste have declared that they will support the existing Provisional Junta.

Denmark.

SPEECH BY THE KING.

Copenhagen, Oct. 6.

The King delivered a speech, yesterday, at the opening of the sessions of the Rigsdag, in which he said negotiations with the Prussian Government, in the matter of Schleswig-Holstein, had thus far been without result. It was the desire of Denmark to preserve peaceful relations with Prussia.

THE ST. THOMAS TREATY.

The ratification of the sale of St. Thomas and other islands in the West Indies to the United States has been postponed by the Rigsdag for one year.

Great Britain.

MARINE ITEMS.

London, Oct. 6.

The steamers City of Cork, Celia and Palmyra, from New York, have arrived out.

Queenstown, Oct. 6.

The steamship City of Baltimore, from New York, arrived to-day.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Later Advices from the Seat of War on the Parana—Further Accounts of Fearful Ravages by Inundation and Earthquake.

Paris, Oct. 6.—Later Rio Janeiro dates report that Lopez had arrived at San Fernando, with ten thousand men. Twenty-eight thousand allied troops had occupied Pilar, the chief port of Paraguay, to form the base of operations against the Paraguayan position at the mouth of the Tebicuary River. It is said the Brazilian iron-clads have gone to bombard the Tebicuary position.

The steamer Ocean Queen brings $[illegible] in treasure.

Wm. Parker, Superintendent of the Panama Railroad, was assassinated on the 26th of September by J. Baldwin, civil engineer, in the employ of the railroad. The latter, who was suffering from delirium tremens, subsequently shot himself and will probably die.

Political affairs in Panama were still unsettled. Reports of a coming revolution were current, and several arrests had been made. The President had issued a proclamation stating that measures had been taken to keep the peace.

The Republic of Colombia is quiet. A report of the anticipated return of Mosquera produced some alarm, but no serious effect. The deposed President Falcon, of Venezuela, has reached Aspinwall en route for Europe.

News from the south coast give further accounts of fearful ravages by inundation and earthquake. Several vessels were damaged at Coquimbo, including the American ship Black Eagle. At Caldera the sea drove the inhabitants to a hill, wrecked sixteen or eighteen lighters, and damaged several larger craft. Twenty lighters were wrecked at Carrizal Bajo, besides the American brig [illegible], with 90,000 kilogrammes of copper. Many vessels were damaged severely.

The residents of Valparaiso had raised $40,000 for the sufferers by the earthquake, and the Chilian Congress appropriated $[illegible] for the same purpose. The government also sent large supplies of provisions, clothing and medicines to Peru.

Political affairs in Chili are unsettled. Mr. Clark, United States Consul at Valparaiso, was informally received by the President of Chili as acting Minister during General Kilpatrick's absence.

The Peruvian Government is doing everything possible to relieve the sufferers by earthquake and [illegible].

A change has taken place in the sea coast of Peru. In consequence of the earthquake, the depth of water off the headlands of [illegible], near Arica, having been decreased from six to seven fathoms. The loss of life in Ecuador was not less than 40,000.

LAKE DISASTERS.

Burning of a Steamer on Lake Ontario—Fourteen out of the Nineteen Persons on Board Perish.

Oswego, Oct. 6.—The propeller Perseverance, Captain John Fitzgibbons, of the Welland Railway Line, took fire, fifteen miles off Pultneyville, about 3 o'clock this morning, and burned to the water's edge. The fire was first discovered by the engineer, who showed it to the first mate, he being then on watch, and almost before they could realize the appalling fact, the propeller was completely enveloped in flames. Two of her boats were on fire before they could be reached, but the third was launched and put off with the two mates and men and a boy. There were nineteen persons aboard, fourteen of whom, including the Captain, perished in the flames.

The propeller Enterprise, of the same line, was about fifteen miles astern of the Perseverance, and she picked up the boat containing the persons above named, and arrived here with them this afternoon. The Enterprise remained near the burning steamer until daylight, at which time the wreck was still afloat. The Captain's son, who was first mate, is among the saved.

The cargo of the Perseverance consisted of [illegible] bushels of corn, for T. S. Mott, of Oswego, and both boat and cargo were insured.

The Perseverance was a first-class propeller, and employed mostly in the grain trade, between the Welland Railway and Oswego.

This is one of the most heart-rending accidents which have ever occurred on Lake Ontario, and has cast a gloom over the whole community. Captain Fitzgibbons formerly resided in this city, was well known and much respected.

The following are the names of the lost: John Fitzgibbons, the Captain; Michael Fitzgibbons, the steward, and son of the Captain; Alexander McArthur, first engineer; Andrew James, Patrick and Henry Scott, firemen; Dall Bisnet, wheelsman; four deck hands with unknown French names, and Mrs. Davis and daughter.

Survivors—Morris Fitzgibbons, first mate, and son of the Captain; Wm. Thorp, second mate; Peter Legha, wheelsman; a deck hand, name unknown; and Patrick Lynch, the porter.

MEXICO.

Juarez Congratulates Congress on the Condition of the Republic—Measures before Congress—The Late Treaties with the United States.

Havana, Oct. 5.—From Mexico we have advices to Sept. 26. President Juarez, in a message to Congress, congratulates the nation on the failure of the recent rebellions, except in the still unsettled State of Tamaulipas. He hopes that Congress will pass laws to favor commerce, and thereby improve the revenues. He presents the picture of Mexico at present as brilliant and cheerful.

The wife of General Patoni has published a statement detailing the circumstances attending her husband's death.

Several railroad bills are before Congress.

The press deride the efforts of Santa Anna to get up a rebellion, and Congress seems to regard them in the same light.

The recent treaties with the United States will soon be under discussion in Congress. Ministers Mariscal and Iglesias are reported to have opposed them, but this is doubtful as regards Mariscal. It is, however, expected Congress will ratify them.

HAYTI.

Naval Engagement—Rebel Cruisers Destroyed—Salnave Gone on a Bombarding Expedition.

Havana, Oct. 5.—From Port au Prince we have advices to October 1.

The Haytien man-of-war Galeta has arrived at Petit Goave, from New York, with a large cargo of arms and ammunition. She had a full complement of men, mostly Haytien negroes, some English and French officers, and a complete naval outfit. On her arrival she attacked the rebel cruisers Sylvain and Liberte. The former was sunk and the latter was burnt by the crew to prevent her from falling into President Salnave's power. The latter had left on board the Galeta to bombard Miragoane. Before leaving he took about 200 additional men.

NEW YORK.

Summary of Late City News.

New York, Oct. 6.—The election for officers of the School District in Mt. Vernon, Westchester County, was held yesterday. Mrs. McDonald and three other ladies offered their ballots at the polls, but were politely told they could not vote. Some five or six votes which were cast for Mrs. McDonald and other ladies for Trustees were thrown out on the count.

The German cigar manufacturers and tobacconists of this city and Brooklyn held a meeting in the Steuben House, Bowery, yesterday, to protest against the operation of the tobacco tax law. A committee was appointed for the purpose of urging a union of tobacconists throughout the country, with a view to influencing Congress to effect a change in the law.

The Triennial Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church will meet at Trinity Church, to-morrow morning. Forty-two Bishops and nearly one hundred and fifty lay delegates are expected to be present. The sermon will be delivered by Bishop Lee, of Delaware. After the appointment of secretaries and standing committees, the convention will adjourn to meet in Trinity Chapel, in Twenty-fifth street, on Thursday morning.

The Annual Conclave of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of this State, was held this morning. The session will continue two days. More than the usual interest is manifested. To-morrow evening the Grand Commandery will be entertained at a grand banquet at the Metropolitan Hotel.

A story was circulated at the gold-room this afternoon that the government is to treaty for the purchase of Cuba.

Corporal Thomas Fitzgerald, who has been in the Westchester County jail for about twenty months, under a sentence of death for killing Miss Hicks, of Westchester, has had his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life.

Congressman Van Wyck, of the Congressional Committee on Retrenchment and Reform, has been in the city to-day, and had confidential interviews with persons supposed to be posted in relation to internal revenue matters, including Solicitor Binckley. He expects to be able to take some testimony this evening.

It is rumored that there has been an overhauling of the accounts of ex-Collector Thomas E. Smythe.

It is announced that subscriptions will be received by Brown Brothers & Co., Duncan, Sherman & Co., and [illegible] & Co., for the relief of the sufferers by the earthquake in Peru and Ecuador.

Commissioner [illegible], treasurer of the Board of Excise, has paid over to the Inebriate Asylum in Brooklyn, $[illegible], the percentage the institution is entitled to from license fees.

The fourth meeting of the National Conference of Unitarian and other Christian churches, will convene in this city to-morrow evening at [illegible] Hall. It was inaugurated this evening by religious services at Dr. Osgood's church, in Thirty-fourth street. Opening sermon by Rev. Dr. Bellows. The business meeting will take place at Irving Hall, with Hon. T. D. Eliot, of New Bedford, in the chair. About 400 delegates will probably be present. The subjects to be considered include the methods of raising money by the churches of the American Unitarian Association; the organization and support of theological schools; the relations between the conference and other religious bodies, both in America and Europe; the salaries of ministers; the relations of the conference with the African Methodist Church, and the promotion of liberal religious literature. The proceedings will be continued through Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of this week.

SPORTING.

Fall Meeting of the Buffalo Park Association.

Buffalo, Oct. 6.—Very slim attendance at the fall meeting of the Buffalo Park Association to-day. There were two exciting and closely-contested races, both of which, on account of the lateness of the hour, were not finished, and will be concluded to-morrow. The first race was for a premium of $[illegible]; $[illegible] to the first horse, $[illegible] to the second and $[illegible] to the third; mile heats, best three in five, in harness; free for all horses that had never beaten 2:30 in harness previous to September 15, 1868. Seven horses entered and six started. The following is the summary:

Teddy	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
J. Weiss	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brown Mare	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lady Tarter	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Galen Boy	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lake Shore Belle	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Time—[illegible].

The second race was for a premium of $400; $[illegible] to the first horse, $100 to the second, and $[illegible] to the third; mile heats, best three in five, in harness; free for all horses that had never beaten 2:35 in harness previous to September 15, 1868. Four horses entered and three started. The following is the summary:

Western New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Byron	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
General Love	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Time—2:39; 2:38½; 2:38.

The unfinished races will be concluded to-morrow at 1 o'clock p. m. The regular races of the day will commence at 2 o'clock.

The Jerome Park Races.

New York, Oct. 6.—At the Jerome Park races the handicap, for all ages, 1¼ miles, was won by R. B. Connolly, Lizzie Rogers second, and Aldebaran third. Time 2:14¼.

The Champion stakes, for three-year olds, mile heats, were won by Bayonet, Australia second in both heats. Time, 1:48¼, 1:48¼.

The Nursery stakes, for two-year olds, were won by Bonnie Lass, beating Eclipse, Sly, Inverness and others. Time, 1:47¼.

Two-mile heats, race for all ages, was won by Stonewall Jackson. Time, 3:44¼ and 3:48.

The International Cricket Match at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Oct. 6.—In the international cricket match the American twenty-two were all out in the second innings for [illegible]. The English eleven lost 8 wickets for [illegible] runs, making the game a tie, and made the winning run without losing another wicket, the eleven winning by 2 wickets.

The Base Ball Championship.

New York, Oct. 6.—In the return game of base ball to-day, at Tremont, the Atlantics, of Brooklyn, defeated the Unions, of Morrisania, by a score of 24 to 8. The Unions drew blanks five times. Having beaten the Unions in two matches, the Atlantics are once more champions of the United States.

Base Ball at Troy.

Troy, N. Y., Oct. 6.—The Cincinnati Base Ball Club to-day beat the Haymakers—score 26 to 8.

ST. LOUIS.

Hotel Robbery—Proclamation from the Mayor.

St. Louis, Oct. 6.—Alexander Creed, of Parkersburg, West Virginia, while asleep in the parlor of the Planters' House to-day, was robbed of $500 in greenbacks and $4,700 in notes.

In view of the political demonstrations which will take place this week, and the possibility of a disturbance, Mayor Thomas publishes a card requesting saloons to close, and stating that he shall be present at all meetings. He is determined to enforce the law without regard to persons, politics, religion, nationality or color.

BUFFALO.

Convention of Free Will Baptists—Rumored Failure.

Buffalo, Oct. 6.—The Twentieth Annual Convention of the Free Will Baptists of North America met this afternoon. Rev. Dr. [illegible], of Harrisburg, Pa. preached the opening services. Three or four hundred delegates are present from the different sections of the country. Business meeting to-morrow.

The rumored failure of a prominent broker is prevalent on the streets to-night.

The Georgia Legislature.

Atlanta, Oct. 6.—In the Legislature, to-day, [illegible] they, after a full investigation, found Board to have in his veins more than one-eighth negro blood. The report was adopted, whereupon a resolution was offered that Board be declared ineligible to a seat, which was adopted.

A Republican moved to adjourn to reassemble at Milledgeville, which was defeated.

The bill to incorporate the Land and Emigrant Company was passed.

After passing bills of local interest only, the General Assembly adjourned sine die.

The Speaker of the House said: "We have met as strangers. Personally and politically our feelings were embittered by the extraordinary teachings of those who should have known better. We separate to-day almost as one people in sentiment and common interest. Listen not to the teachings of the political slanderer. This is our government; let us correct the evils that may exist by appealing to the intelligence and wisdom of the nation, and not to the passions of the mob. Let our motto be 'Wisdom, justice and moderation,' and all will be well."

The Assembly will reassemble in January.

Programme for the McClellan Reception in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Oct. 6.—The programme for the General McClellan reception in this city announces that the procession will be composed of seven divisions, as follows: Mounted cavalcade; guard of honor; soldiers' and sailors' organization from distant States, and the State of Pennsylvania outside of Philadelphia; soldiers and sailors of Penn generally.

Philadelphia Fire Department; civic clubs; citizens generally.

The Reception Committee is composed of eighteen Generals.

The following is an extract from the programme: "As this reception is tendered to their old commander by his comrades, no political devices, inscriptions or emblems will be permitted in the line."

The reception takes place on Thursday.

Card from Prentice.

Louisville, Oct. 6.—Mr. Geo. D. Prentice publishes a card in the Louisville Journal, wherein he says that his newspaper friends have fallen into serious error regarding him, and are doing there great injustice on his account. He says he is not poor and broken down, and that his personal relations with every one of his associates are perfectly kind. Every issue of the Journal for the past two weeks has contained matter of his, and it is his purpose, God willing, to live and work out the rest of the century.

Canadian Items.

Toronto, Oct. 6.—In the Reno Anderson case to-day, the Chief Justice delivered a very lengthy judgment, deciding in favor of the Crown and the prosecution upon all points raised, and formally committing the prisoners to jail to await the warrant of the Governor General for their extradition.

The express thieves, Morton and Thompson, were rearrested this afternoon. They will be taken to Sandwich to-night, and be brought before Magistrate McMicken.

Journalistic.

Savannah, Oct. 6.—The Savannah Republican was sold by the administrator to-day, and goes into the hands of Colonel J. R. Sneed, its old editor and proprietor. He takes possession immediately.

Break in the Oswego Canal.

Oswego, Oct. 6.—The break at Orchard Lock, on the Oswego Canal, will be repaired so that boats will pass to-night.

The Irish Church.

London Correspondence of the New York World.

Among the electioneering literature of the day is a little tract, published by the Gladstone party, which gives, inter alia, the following interesting facts concerning the Irish Church: The population of Ireland, at the last census, was 5,798,[illegible], of whom only one in nine belonged to the Established Church. The State employs, to minister to this Church of the minority, two Archbishops, ten Bishops and 1,500 clergymen. The income of the Bishops is upwards of £35,000; that of the clergy is £500,000, or $2,500,000. There are 199 parishes in Ireland, in each of which there is one of these clergymen, but in which there are no parishioners who go to his church. There are 615 benefices, the clergymen of which receive £257,000 per annum, which is at the rate of $155 for each family who attend their churches. There are 575 parish churches, the congregations of which average only twenty persons each, men, women and children—in many of them the family of the clergyman himself constituting the entire congregation. One of the parishes, Nathlash, pays its clergyman £297, and the congregation consists of one person. Twenty bishops of the Church in Ireland have died since 1822, and their personal property alone amounted to £961,000, an average of £45,000 to each Bishop. Lord John Beresford, Archbishop of Armagh, who died in 1865, during his life enjoyed the following dignities, the aggregate pay of which was £987,900, ($4,939,500): Dean of Clogher, Bishop of Cork, Bishop of Raphoe; Archbishop of Dublin, and Archbishop of Armagh. The trade of bishop is evidently a profitable one, and there is small wonder that there is some opposition to any interference with it.

New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, Oct. 6.—Cotton—Quiet and lower; middling [illegible]

Cambridge Live Stock Market.

[illegible]

Buffalo Market.

[illegible]

[illegible]—Opened at [illegible] on wheat, [illegible] on corn, and [illegible] on oats, closing [illegible] lower all around.
Flour—Dull and unchanged.
Grain—Wheat lower and quiet; sales of 4,000 bu No. 1 Chicago spring at [illegible]; 3,000 bu No. 2 Milwaukee at $1.42. Corn dull and steady; sales of 40,000 bu No. 1 Western at $1.06. Oats lower; sales of 18,000 bu at [illegible], and 12,000 bu of do. Rye quiet; sales of 12,000 bu. No. 1 Western at [illegible].
Provisions—Mess pork and lard unchanged.
Highwines—Quiet at $1.21.

Stoves, Ranges, Heaters, &c.

LITTLEFIELD
MORNING GLORY
STOVES!

AFTER THIRTEEN YEARS' experience with Base Burning Stoves, their superiority over all other heating stoves is an admitted fact.

That the original inventor of this class of stoves, DENNIS G. LITTLEFIELD, has kept steadily in advance of all competitors in successful improvements is confidently claimed and freely admitted. The

Morning Glory of 1868

Is his latest and most successful invention, in which the entire Illuminated Case is composed of discs.

Among the many advantages in the use of the Morning Glory, are the following:

1. Continuous Burning.

One of the most unpleasant things in cold weather is to start a fire in a cold room every few mornings, and to wait for the temperature of the room to be raised so as to be comfortable. This necessity is entirely obviated by the use of the Morning Glory as when the fire is once made this work is all done for the season. Supplying fuel once or twice a day, shaking the ashes from the grate, and emptying the pan, being all that is necessary to make it burn perpetually. In ordinarily cold weather, once filling, in the larger sizes, in twenty-four hours, is as often as is necessary, and with the size of coal suited to the stove, and proper care, it will not be necessary to dump the grate during the entire winter. Small coal must be used. For Nos. 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, Chestnut; 23, 26, 28, 30, 31, range or stove size. Never select the coal to be used by looking at the grate, it being a "Mill Grate," and not open across its entire surface, permits a large opening near the centre. More coal will pass through the grate and be wasted, when too large for the size of the stove than when it is quite small; when it is of the proper size none will pass through after starting the first fire.

The Grate is patented and cannot be used by any other manufacturer without infringement.

No clinker will remain in these stoves, nor will there be any trouble from slate or other impurities in the coal; the fire being always at the base of the coal, the impurities are left to the ashes and ground out by the "Mill Grate."

Small circulars, with full descriptions of the "Morning Glory" Stoves and Furnaces, at

VAN SCHAACK'S,
48 State-st.,
Dealer in Littlefield's "Morning Glory" Stoves and Furnaces.

THE LIGHTHOUSE
COAL-HEATING
STOVE

Has NO BRICK LININGS to absorb the heat and GATHER CLINKERS but it is a DIRECT RADIATOR from a heavy CAST IRON FIRE CYLINDER. It has an EXTRA ILLUMINATING SURFACE, and is a BASE HEATER as well as a BASE BURNER

For sale to the trade by the Manufacturers,

S. H. RANSOM & CO.,
AT THEIR WAREHOUSE,
No. 205 Randolph-st.,
And retailed by prominent Stove Dealers in each Division of the city.

S. H. RANSOM & CO.,
Manufacturers of the celebrated
LIGHTHOUSE
BASE BURNER,
And a great variety of COOKING and HEATING STOVES. Parties in the trade are invited to examine their
Extensive Assortment.
WAREHOUSE AND SAMPLE ROOMS,
No. 205 Randolph-st.
Foundries at Albany, N. Y.

The American Heater
AND
Oriental Furnaces
For sale by BARKER & ILLSLEY, [illegible] State-st.

Billiards.

A REOPENING.

We would call the attention of all those who are fond of the fascinating game of Billiards, to
MESSRS. THACHER & WETHERELL'S
West Side Billiard Parlors
118 West Madison-st., which was opened last Saturday evening with a flourish. This Hall is one of the finest in the city, fitted up with four of Phelan's best tables, which manufacture cannot be excelled in the country; together with the choicest Wines and Liquors; and, by special request of many friends, there will be a reopening of last Saturday evening on this Wednesday evening, when we may look for some of the great experts to be present; and we feel confident that the proprietors, with their gentlemanly deportment and great desire to please their customers, will succeed in their new enterprise and make it a place of fashionable resort for gentlemen who are fond of Billiards.

GRAND OPENING.
FRIEDRICH'S
NEW BILLIARD HALL
N. E. Cor. Clark and Indiana-sts.
OPENING LUNCH at 10 o'clock this morning. Grand Exhibition Game of Billiards to-morrow evening, October 8, by John McDevitt, Champion of the United States, and Tom Foley, ex-Champion of Illinois. Lovers of billiards and the public are cordially invited.
ANTON FRIEDRICH, Proprietor.

Reward.

HORSE STOLEN
$100 REWARD.
Stolen from my barn, rear of [illegible] Michigan-av., between Congress and Harrison-sts., on Tuesday morning, October 6, at about three o'clock, a black mare, no white spots, about 14½ hands high, weight 1,000 pounds. I will pay $100 for her recovery, or $50 for information that will lead to her recovery. W. B. KEAN, 146 Lake-st., Chicago.

Millinery.

OPENING.
Having refitted our Millinery Rooms, we shall open them to the public on Thursday and Friday, October 8th and 9th, with a full stock of Fall and Winter Millinery. Our rooms will be superintended by Miss H. B. BREWER, formerly with H. L. Blakeslee.
Thankful for past patronage, we hope to merit a continuance of the same.
TURNER BROTHERS,
126 Lake-st.

OPENING.
MRS. H. SELBY, successor to MRS. H. M. DUNN, will have her Fall and Winter Millinery opening on THURSDAY, October 8, at 130 State-st.

Wanted.

PARTNER
WANTED.
An experienced editor, with from $2,000 to $3,000 cash, is about to resume the publication of a popular weekly journal in a neighboring city of 12,000 inhabitants, where there is little opposition. Patronage already secured. Offers an equal interest to a practical printer who can furnish $1,000 and acceptable references. The best chance in the best location in the state. Call upon or address,
ROBERT FERGUS' SONS, Printers,
12 and 14 Clark-st., Chicago.

WANTED.
A brick maker to make brick by contract at Riverside for the Riverside Improvement Company. Apply at 19 South Clark-st., Rooms 1, 2 and 3.
E. E. CHILDS.

WANTED.
A situation by a young married man who is not afraid to work, as assistant bookkeeper, clerk, or anything else where he can make a living through the winter. Commission house preferred. Has had experience. Good references. Address W & A, Tribune office.

WANTED.
Immediately, GOOD STOUT LABORERS for the Union Pacific Railroad, at $2 per day. Free transportation. Apply to B. HANSEN, Agent U. P. R. R., 49 Kinzie-st.

TO WHOLESALE GROCERS.
Any wholesale grocery house, of good standing in the city, that wants a partner of capital and industry, for the enlargement of business, address
GROCER, Tribune office.

Tanning.

W. WINDOES,
Inventor and Owner of WINDOES' NEW PROCESS for making Gloves, Calf and other Grain Leather, Fond du Lac, Wisconsin. Patented August 8, 1865. State, County and Town Rights for sale. [illegible]

Dry Goods.

OPENING
OF
FALL FASHIONS.
ROSS & GOSSAGE,
167 & 169 Lake-st,
Beg leave to announce to the Ladies of Chicago and vicinity, that they will
EXHIBIT
AT THEIR
CLOAK ROOMS,
ON
Wednesday, October 7th,
All the greatest novelties of this season, to which they invite especial attention.
167 & 169 Lake-st.

Roofing Material.

BARRETT'S ROOFING.
Only Manufacturers in the Northwest
OF
Barrett's Felt and Composition
ROOFING
MATERIAL!
ALSO, DEALERS IN
Paving Cement and Coal Tar.

We call the attention of the public to the very general use that is being made of our Felting, between the sheathing and siding of frame houses. It keeps out the wind and dampness, and is said to be equal to a brick wall for warmth.

We have had eighteen years' experience in the roofing business in Chicago, and in the Manufacture of Roofing Materials. We are supplying materials to every part of the Northwest, and can offer superior facilities to any one in the Western country in our line of business.

We Refer to the Following Gentlemen:

ARCHITECTS.	BUSINESS HOUSES.
John M. Van Osdell,	Doggett, Bassett & Hills,
O. L. Wheelock,	Bowen Bros.,
W. W. Boyington,	Potter Palmer,
E. Burling & Co.,	Hale & Ayer,
A. Bauer,	J. H. Burch,
Otto Matz,	Hall, Kimbark & Co.,
Cochrane & Piquenard,	N. S. Bouton & Co.,
G. P. Randall.	Fuller, Finch & Fuller.

Barrett, Arnold & Powell
Office 124 LaSalle-st.,
(Oriental Building) CHICAGO.

Clothing.

THE OLDEST
WHOLESALE
CLOTHING HOUSE
IN CHICAGO.
ESTABLISHED IN 1850.
PHILIP
Wadsworth & Co.
MANUFACTURERS
And Jobbers of
CLOTHING!
AND
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
Have on hand the Largest and Best assortment in our line that can be found in Chicago.
LOW PRICES, GOOD WORK AND GOOD STYLES.
We ask our old-time friends to call on us and all others who want goods in our line
PHILIP WADSWORTH & CO,
34 & 36 LAKE-ST.

Trusses, &c.

RADICAL CURE OF
RUPTURE
Messrs. Marsh, Bowles & Co.:
Dear Sirs: The Radical Cure Truss you sold me last November is a success, and I have hopes of being perfectly cured.
Yours, S. EDWARDS.
Lamoille, Ill., Oct. 5, 1868.
Dr. S. N. MARSH'S Patent Radical Cure Truss, all other kinds of Trusses, Improved New Style Shoulder Braces, Utero Abdominal Supporters, Apparatus for all kinds of deformities, and mechanical appliances of every description accurately fitted by MARSH & CO., New York, and MARSH, BOWLES & CO., 75 Washington-st., Chicago, adjoining Crosby's Opera House.
☞ A competent Female wanted to wait on Ladies.

For Sale.

FOR SALE,
Five Million Osage
Hedge Plants.
Parties wanting the same will please address
J. M. [illegible], Elmwood, Ill.
Or J. A. KLOCK, Fairbury, Ill.

COLD BAND
And decorated tea sets, a great variety, at
SMITH & BREEDER'S,
151 Lake-st.

BUTTER.
A very choice article, No. 1, in small tubs, [illegible], new and nice, warranted. WM. H. SQUIRE, [illegible] South Water-st., corner Clark.

WINTER APPLES.
We are now receiving New York State and Ohio Apples, and are ready to fill orders at prices quoted in The Tribune.
B. P. STANLEY & SON,
[illegible] South Water-st.

Educational.

BENNETT COLLEGE
Of Eclectic Medicine and Surgery,
Chicago, Ill.
This College offers facilities for students to acquire a medical education unsurpassed by any College in the United States. Lectures commence the second of November. For announcements, with full particulars, address Prof. [illegible], M. D., [illegible] or Prof. R. A. GUNN, M. D., Secretary, No. [illegible] South Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

Ambrotypes.

AMBROTYPE BON TONS.
The Picture most suitable for the ladies is the BON TON Vignette Ambrotype, taken only by GEORGE GREAT REX, at his studio, [illegible] opposite the Sherman House. They are artistic productions, and [illegible]. Call and see specimens.

The Vermont Spring.

THE VERMONT SPRING.
Its Remarkable Cures.

This Spring, which has become so celebrated as a remedy for diseases commonly deemed incurable, is on the Missisquoi River, in Sheldon, Vt. Among the diseases actually cured are Cancer, Scrofula, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Salt Rheum, Diseases of the Skin, the Eye, the Scalp, Nervous Prostration, Female Complaints.

It was discovered a little over a year ago, and immediately won distinction, by curing patients who had tried other Springs in vain; and it has now gained a home and European reputation unequalled in so brief a period by any remedial Spring in the world.

Its claims are based solely upon its merits. The following are a few of the prominent cases:

CANCER.

Mrs. CLARISSA OVITT, of Fairfield, Vt., 73 years old, cured, when apparently near death, of a large Cancer in the breast, which A. M. Brown, M. D., pronounces "a remarkable arrest of a scirrhus and cancerous disease in its advanced and suppurative stage."

Mrs. M. A. [illegible], of New Orleans, with two cancers, in the breast and under the arm, rapidly improving, with prospect of cure.

[illegible], of Lima, N. Y., in March, rapidly recovering from a cancer on the side of his nose, writes, June 9th: "My cancer has all gone; my face is as smooth as ever."

IRA JAMES, of [illegible], Vt., cured of a cancer of four years' standing, which had destroyed the lower portion of the nose. One of the most remarkable cures ever known. Corroborated by M. F. Parker, M. D.

W. HOWLAND, Eatontown, N. J., cured, with one box of water, of a terrible eating ulcer on his ankle. Confirmed by W. S. Kimball, M. D., who pronounces the Spring "one of the most important discoveries of the age."

SCROFULA.

Rev. N. FREEMAN, of Winooski, Vt., states the case of his little daughter, cured in thirty days of scrofula in the eye and on the face.

JOHN HOOPER, Sheldon, Vt., had a child three years old cured of scrofulous sores on the neck and head.

Mrs. FANNY PROWTY, Hyde Park, Vt., recently entirely cured in five weeks of Scrofulous sores on both limbs, of five years' standing, together with a partially paralyzed arm and bad asthmatic cough. All physicians had pronounced her utterly helpless.

Rev. C. W. CUSHING, President of Lasell Female College, Mass., states the case of a young lady cured of Scrofulous Sore Eyes by the use of the Water.

KIDNEY DISEASES

In almost every form are cured by this Spring.

HENRY A. WOOD, Amsterdam, N. Y., prostrate and supposed to be near death from Bright's Disease, so far restored in two months that he could attend to his duties as Deputy Sheriff of Montgomery County. Confirmed by Rev. Homer Eaton, Pastor of the M. E. Church in Amsterdam.

Other important cases could be given.

DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

J. B. CLARK, Woodville, Jefferson County, N. Y., suffered three years from "inflammation of the liver and stomach, with a cankerous and scrofulous condition of the whole system, externally and internally, with almost constant chronic diarrhœa," etc. Confined to his room, and given over by physicians. Entirely cured in a few months, and gained over fifty pounds in weight.

LUNG DISEASES.

JOHN A. POTTER, Sheldon, Vt., cured of consumption.

EDWIN McCORMICK, Engineer at the Methodist Book Concern, New York, suffered long from severe cough, was pale, emaciated and weak; was generally considered near his end. He was speedily relieved, and rendered comparatively well by the use of one box of Water. This is confirmed by Agents and others of the Book Concern, 200 Mulberry-st.

RHEUMATISM.

CALVIN CLARK, Waltham, Mass., cured in three weeks of Chronic Rheumatism.

RICHARD DOANE, [illegible] Broome-st., New York, one of the successors to Wm. B. Bradbury, states that his daughter was helpless from the third attack of inflammatory rheumatism, which affected her vitals and threatened death, and by the use of the Water was restored to her usual health in a few days.

MALIGNANT ECZEMA.

SIDNEY BARLOW, Esq., Burlington, Vt., was attacked with inflammation of the left arm; the entire surface was a raw sore; the arm swelled to double its natural size, and was extremely painful. He found speedy and permanent relief by the use of this Water.

It has a healing power equalled by no other spring known, and analysis shows that it possesses properties found in no other. As there is a liability to confound this with other springs in the same vicinity, the bottles are marked in full, "Vermont Spring, Saxe & Co., Sheldon, Vt."

Send for Pamphlets.

The Water is sold by the principal Druggists, by SAXE & CO., Sheldon, Vt., and No. [illegible] Broome-st., New York, and by BLISS & SHARP, [illegible] Lake-st., Chicago.

Real Estate for Sale.

WICKER PARK
The Lots which were not disposed of at auction on the 5th inst. we shall now sell at private sale, at the northwest corner of Lake and LaSalle-sts.
PERKINS & WATERMAN,
Attorneys for Proprietors.

NORTH SIDE RESIDENCE
AT A BARGAIN!
FOR SALE—A first-class Frame House, and Lot [illegible], in North Division, in excellent neighborhood, near city limits.
This property, to a purchaser applying at once, will be sold at a bargain.
SPAFFORD & McDAID,
No. 6 Clark-st.

FOR SALE.
[illegible] South Side, already subdivided [illegible] for investment.
100 feet on [illegible]
37x135, with or without [illegible] Lake Shore, [illegible] near Union Park.
127 Lincoln-av., near the Park. Cottage and Lot 25x125—very cheap.
Houses and Lots, Wabash and Michigan-avs., north of Twenty-second.
Several Choice Inside Lots on Wabash and Michigan-avs. and Wells-st.
FIELD, KING & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE.
Ten and a half acres in Section 5, fronting on Halsted-st. A bargain if taken to-day.
JAMES M. KERR & SON, [illegible] Clark-st.

Army Clothing.

HEADQUARTERS
ARMY CLOTHING.
A fine assortment on hand, at Lowest Prices.
D. HILL & SON,
BOWEN'S BUILDING,
97 & 99 Randolph-st.

Hoisting Machines.

OTIS'
SAFETY HOISTING MACHINES.
For Stores, Hotels, Warehouses and Factories.
Mr. P. PALMER'S opinion of them:
Messrs. Otis Bros. & Co., 309 Broadway, New York:
GENTLEMEN: After thoroughly investigating the different Hoisting Machines, I came to the conclusion to put in your Hoisting Apparatus. The machines are now in operation in my building, corner of State and Washington-sts. They work admirably. I do not know how they could be improved.
Truly yours, POTTER PALMER.
About one thousand of these machines are now in use in the United States.
Estimates for single stores or entire blocks will be furnished by Mr. E. P. Otis, at Mr. Palmer's building, or by
OTIS BROS. & CO.,
309 Broadway, New York.

Stationery, &c.

BOOKBINDERS,
And all others using first-class
Paging Machines
Are invited to call and see in operation one of the LATEST, CHEAPEST, and MOST IMPROVED MACHINES ever made.
CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE,
Manufacturers and Dealers in Bookbinders' Stock, Tools, &c., 118 and 120 Lake-st.

SCHOOL SLATES,
CHALK, CRAYONS and SOAP-STONE SLATE PENCILS, at Manufacturers' Prices.
CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE,
118 and 120 Lake-st.
Sole Agents for Keystone Slate Co.

Morgan's Pat. Reversible Mucilage Stand.
It is economical, practical, novel and ornamental, and, being air-tight, it keeps the Mucilage free from dirt and always ready for use.
For sale by CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE,
Manufacturing Stationers, 118 and 120 Lake-st.
☞ Agents Wanted.

Financial.

MONEY TO LEND
On Chicago property and on Illinois farms. Large loans, and large margin wanted. Address, or call on
J. W. [illegible],
14 Lombard Block.

Loans Negotiated
Through my Eastern Correspondents, on Chicago Improved Property, for three or five years.
J. M. PARKER,
No. 60 LaSalle-st.

Removal—Dry Goods.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT.
Owing to unforeseen delays in completing the Room, our RETAIL DEPARTMENT will remain open at our OLD STAND, on Lake-st., until SATURDAY AFTERNOON, October 10th, and will be opened for sale, at State and Washington-sts,
MONDAY MORNING, 10 O'clock,
OCTOBER 12th.
FIELD, LEITER & CO.

Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

CLOTHING.
CHAS. P. KELLOGG & CO.,
Successors to King, Kellogg & Co.,
NOS. 24 AND 26 LAKE-ST.
WE HAVE THE
LARGEST STOCK
IN THE WEST, AND AT THE
LOWEST PRICES.
We are confident that it will be for the interest of every Western Merchant to examine our Stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

New Publications.

Published This Day.

I. If, Yes, and Perhaps.
A New Volume of Stories. By Edward Everett Hale. 1 vol. 16mo. $1.50.
This volume contains "The Man without a Country," one of the most striking and popular stories ever published in America; also, "My Double and how he Undid Me," "The Skeleton in the Closet," and eight other Stories and Sketches, all marked by the vigor and originality of thought and the forcible and felicitous expression which have made Mr. Hale one of the foremost writers of the country.

II. Smoking and Drinking.
By James Parton. 16mo. Paper, 50 cents; Cloth, $1.00.
This volume contains three articles on Smoking and Drinking, recently contributed to the "Atlantic Monthly" by Mr. Parton, with a Preface. These have attracted unusual attention both from the public and the press. They deal thoroughly and candidly with topics of great individual and social interest, and should be read by all.
The New York Tribune says: "His impressive statements on the subject of Drinking are of more value to the cause of temperance, than volumes of labored rhetoric."

III. Oliver Twist, American Notes, and Pictures from Italy.
A Tale of Two Cities, and Great Expectations.
Two more volumes of the compact and elegant Charles Dickens Edition of the Complete works of Dickens. With 16 Illustrations. Handsome Paper covers, 75 cents a volume.
☞ For sale by all Booksellers. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of price by the Publishers,
TICKNOR & FIELDS,
Boston.

A VERY CHARMING BOOK FOR GIRLS
LITTLE WOMEN; OR MEG, JO, BETH AND AMY.
By MISS ALCOTT. Illustrated. Price, $1.50.
Roberts Brothers of this city have published a volume which cannot fail to take a high rank among the juveniles of the season. It is called "Little Women; or Meg, Jo, Beth and Amy: by Louisa M. Alcott." The book is fresh, sparkling, natural and full of 'soul,' in characterization it displays uncommon excellence, as compared with ordinary books for girls.—Boston [illegible]

A BOOK ABOUT BOYS.
By A. R. HOPE. Price $1.25.
The subjects treated by Mr. Hope in the work under consideration are the amusements of boys; the troubles of boys; the friendships of boys; the religion and morality of boys; the philosophy of boys; the manners of boys; peculiar boys; the rulers of boys; books for boys; boys in books; boys at home, and ragged boys. Mr. Hope expresses his opinion in plain language, and his ideas about education and training are worthy of the thoughtful consideration of parents, teachers, and others who have boys under their care. We cannot speak too highly of this sensible, philosophical and interesting book, and we hope to see a copy of it wherever a boy is to be found.—N. Y. Evening Mail.
Sold by all booksellers, or mailed post-paid by the publishers. ROBERTS BROTHERS, Boston.

Hunting and Trapping.
Hunters' Guide and Trappers' Companion. A book for farmers, hunters, trappers and boys. Tells how to hunt and trap all kinds of game, from the mink to the bear and deer. How to cure skins, make boats, traps, &c., &c. A new book just out. The only cheap and reliable work ever printed. Price only 25c; 6 for $1. Sent post free by HUNTER & CO., Publishers, Hinsdale, N. H. Sold by all booksellers.

Furniture.

CHAS. TOBEY,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
FURNITURE
BEDDING, MIRRORS, &C.,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
87, 89 & 91 State-st., Chicago.
[illegible]
☞ ESTABLISHED IN [illegible]

Removal.

REMOVAL.
RICHARDS, CRUMBAUGH & SHAW,
WHOLESALE
Dry Goods & Notions
Have removed to their new Store,
NOS. 27 and 29 LAKE-ST., BURCH'S BLOCK,
CHICAGO.

REMOVAL.
SHERMAN, HALL & LYBRAND
WOOL, PROVISION & PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Have removed to their NEW STORE,
43 Michigan-av. and 29 & 31 South Water-st.

Business Cards.

J. E. PETTIBONE,
Dealer in
PAPER & PAPER STOCK, RAGS, METALS, &c.
104 Randolph-st.
☞ Goods called for in any part of the city.

HULL, LIDELL & CO.,
DEALERS IN
HOPS,
215 South Water-st.,
CHICAGO, ILL.

Business Chances.

DISTILLERY FOR SALE.
We offer for sale our extensive distillery, known as the Eagle Distillery, at Lacon, Marshall County, Ill., all in complete running order, with bonded warehouse, cooper shop, cattle barns, corn cribs, dryer, &c. &c. For terms apply on premises, or at the Star & Crescent Mills, Chicago. THAYER BROS.

A RARE CHANCE
FOR BUSINESS.
The undersigned, owning one of the largest and most complete Machine Shops and Foundry Establishments in the West, desires a Partner with $15,000 to $20,000 capital.
His establishment is located at Kansas City, Mo., and has abundant and profitable business. Buildings and Machinery all nearly new. Seven Railroads now centre at Kansas City, which already has a population of about 25,000 inhabitants, and is growing very rapidly. The business the concern can command will only be limited by its capacity to do it.
Refer to the First National Bank of Kansas City.
Address J. F. GREEN, Kansas City, Mo.

Commission Merchants.

HUNTINGTON BROTHERS,
Commission Merchants
125 South Water-st.

Feather and Hair Works.

STEAM FEATHER AND HAIR WORKS
[illegible]
LOW PRICES.
Our work is warranted to give the best satisfaction. [illegible]

Dissolution Notices.

Dissolution of Copartnership.
The firm of HOVEY & NICHOLS has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Nichols retiring from the business heretofore carried on by said firm in the Horticultural and Seed Department and Art and Ornamental Department, and is succeeded therein by Daniel S. Heffron, Esq., formerly of Utica, N. Y. Mr. Hovey will attend to the settlement of the affairs of our said late firm.
A. H. HOVEY,
J. F. NICHOLS.
CHICAGO, Oct. 5, 1868.

New Copartnership.
The undersigned have entered into copartnership, as successors of the late firm of Hovey & Nichols, at 57 State-st., Chicago, and will deal in Horticultural Implements, Seeds, Flowers, &c., and continue the Art and Ornamental Department of said business as heretofore, under the firm name of HOVEY & HEFFRON. With increased facilities for business the undersigned hope to merit a continuance of the patronage of the old firm.
A. H. HOVEY,
DANIEL S. HEFFRON.
CHICAGO, Oct. 5, 1868.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5, 1868.
J. F. Nichols, of the late firm of Hovey & Nichols, 57 State-st., on retiring from said firm has assumed the management of an association styled
The Chicago Terra Cotta Company,
which, with largely increased facilities required by the great and increasing demand for the work, succeed to the business of said firm in the manufacture of TERRA COTTA in all its branches of Architectural and Ornamental designs, and is prepared to execute all orders at short notice. The office of the Company will remain for the present at 57 State-st., where any outstanding obligations on account of said business will be cancelled.
R. KING, General Agent.
J. F. NICHOLS, Treasurer.

Copartnership.
The copartnership heretofore existing as CORBIN, MAY & JONES—G. S. Ingraham therein being special partner—having been dissolved by the retirement of R. W. Jones, a new copartnership has been formed by Mr. Ingraham becoming a general partner in the firm of
Ingraham, Corbin & May,
for the transaction of the Wholesale Grocery business at 44 and 46 South Water-st., Chicago. The new firm only is authorized to collect the debts of the old. The to date from Aug. 20, 1868.
G. S. INGRAHAM,
C. H. CORBIN,
H. N. MAY.

Copartnership Dissolution.
Notice is hereby given that we, the undersigned, have this day dissolved partnership. All debts due the firm to be paid to MILES SWEENEY, at No. 72 Clark-st.
(Signed) LOUIS LA CHAPELL,
MILES SWEENEY,
Photographers.
Chicago, Oct. 5, 1868.

Hats, Caps and Furs.

FURS, FURS,
And Fur Trimmings.
LATEST STYLES
Retailed at Wholesale Prices
No. 70 Lake-st
BY
A. HERZOG,
Manufacturer and Importer of
FURS, FURS.

Wood Hangings.

WOOD HANGINGS.
The Patent Wood Hanging Co. of Chicago, is now ready for Business.
LICENSES are now being issued at 5 per cent on the population of the district, on application at our office, [illegible] for exclusive control of our goods [illegible] in the States of Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska. The money deposited for license is credited and returned in a discount of [illegible] of the amount of goods ordered, until such time as the amount of the license, after which [illegible] to furnish the goods [illegible] schedule of prices. [illegible] full preparation for [illegible] ☞ No goods sold here by [illegible] agents, strictly in accordance with agreement.

Proposals.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD COMPANY, ENGINEER'S OFFICE, Chicago, Oct. 5, 1868.
NOTICE.
Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until and including Saturday, October 10th, 1868, for the furnishing and delivery on the grounds of the Company, in the city of Chicago, on or before the first day of December next, of one hundred thousand (100,000) HEMLOCK TIES. Said ties to be cut out of best quality timber, green, sound and durable, to be hewed on two parallel sides, to be eight feet long and six inches thick, and have at least eight inches face in the narrowest place, and every fifth tie to have not less than ten inches face in the narrowest place.
The ties to be subject to the inspection and acceptance or rejection of the undersigned, who also reserves the right to reject any or all bids.
MAX HJORTSBERG,
Chief Engineer.

To Builders.
Sealed proposals will be received for the erection of an addition to the East Wing of Cook County Court House, in accordance with plans furnished by Rose & Chapman, architects, 142 Washington-st., where plans and specifications may be seen, and where proposals will be received until 12 o'clock m., October 12th, 1868, for the masonry, plastering and cut stone work, and until 12 o'clock m., October 19th, for the iron work, joiners' work, slate roofing, plumbing, gas fitting, painting and glazing.
By order of Building Committee.
J. H. PAHLMAN, Chairman.
EDWARD S. SALOMON, County Clerk.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Peoria & Rock Island Railway Company, until Tuesday, October 13, for the grading, bridging and furnishing the ties from Peoria to Rock Island.
Plans, profile and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's office from this date.
WM. R. HAMILTON,
A. GOULD,
WM. H. CRUGER,
Committee.
Peoria, Sept. 29, 1868.

Scales.

HOWE'S SCALES.
MANUFACTORY AT BRANDON, VT.
NORTHWESTERN WAREHOUSE,
199 & 201 Randolph-st., Chicago.
J. T. WHIPPLE, Agent.

Copartnership Notices.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE THIS day formed a copartnership under the firm name of Porter & Jenks, for the transaction of business as Stationers and Blank Book Manufacturers, at [illegible] Clark-st.
HENRY A. PORTER,
ALBERT JENKS.
Chicago, Oct. 1, 1868.

Nursery.

BLOOMINGTON NURSERY.
17th Year; 400 Acres; 10 Greenhouses. [illegible]
F. K. PHOENIX.
Bloomington, McLean County, Ill.

Cider Vinegar.

VINEGAR.
[illegible]

Wanted—Male Help.

WANTED—A short distance in the country, a man and his wife, [illegible]. Address P. O. Box [illegible].

WANTED—A young man as teacher of penmanship, bookkeeping and [illegible]. Address [illegible] COLLEGE, Box 391, Joliet, Ill.

WANTED—A man of ability and character, [illegible]

WANTED—2 active boys aged 16 years to learn gold beating. Apply at 187 Dearborn-st., basement.

WANTED—A boy for a billiard room. [illegible] Apply to P. CARME, 111 Randolph-st.

WANTED—Three energetic young men of good address to canvass the city for patented articles. Call at once. O. K. STANFORD & CO., 19 Reynolds' Block.

WANTED—Several young men to sell staple articles on commission in cities. Pays well. Address P. O. Box 646, Chicago.

WANTED—Men of intelligence and enterprise will find it for their interest to call at once. Business pleasant, lucrative and permanent. W & C, [illegible] Washington-st., Room 3.

WANTED—A competent assistant bookkeeper and entry clerk. None but an experienced man need apply, with city references. Address P. O. Box 1844.

WANTED—A man to sell goods from samples in Wisconsin and Minnesota. [illegible] J. A. PIERCE, 47 Dearborn-st.

Bookkeepers, Salesmen, &c.

WANTED—A man to take care of horses, and his wife to cook. German or Norwegian preferred. Address C K, Tribune office.

WANTED—Two reliable salesmen of experience, [illegible] GRVIS & BOSTWICK, over 133 and 135 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—Salesmen to engage in the business of selling "Moody's Magic Solder and Cement" [illegible] 123 South Clark-st., Room 7.

WANTED—Four men for light business, two as salesmen. Call before 9 a. m. at 8 North Clark-st., Room 3. F. S. BROWN.

WANTED—100 agents, immediately, in city and country. [illegible] M. MASON, 158 Randolph-st., Room 24.

WANTED—2,000 railroad laborers for grading the B. & M. RR., in Iowa. Wages $1.75. [illegible] WOLF, CARPENTER & ANGLE, Contractors.

WANTED—1,000 railroad laborers for Southern Iowa. Wages $2 per day. Also, sawmill hands and teams. Free transportation. Apply at 286 South Water-st., near Lake-st. bridge.

WANTED—150 laborers for the C. C. & L. R. R., in Indiana. Steady work. Free transportation. Apply to Company's Agent, 120 Madison-st., Room 2.

WANTED—10 salesmen at R. H. CURRAN'S, No. 10 Bowen's Block. [illegible]

Trades.

WANTED—A good machine blacksmith, also a boilermaker, at the Hawkeye Iron Works, Burlington, Iowa. Good pay and steady work to good men. CHAS. SOWDEN.

WANTED—Two first class barbers by C. ROTHMAN, Davenport, Iowa.

WANTED—A brick maker to make brick by contract at Riverside, for the Riverside Improvement Company. Apply at 19 South Clark-st., Rooms 1, 2 and 3. E. E. CHILDS.

WANTED—A good watchmaker to go into the country. Apply at M. KRONBERG & CO.'S, 126 Lake-st.

WANTED—Immediately, a good tinner, at 154 South Halsted-st.

WANTED—A tinner. One used to hot air furnace work. Apply at 212 State-st.

WANTED—Six shoemakers. None but those who can make pegged and sewed work need apply at 217 South Halsted-st., near Van Buren.

WANTED—A man who understands setting up bag forms, at 11 LaSalle-st. No other need apply.

Employment Agents.

WANTED—200 laborers on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy R. R., to leave this day. Wages $2 per day. Steady work. Free transportation. Apply to our Agent at 120 Madison-st., Room 2.

WANTED—75 good laborers to work on track of Chicago, A. & St. L. R. R. [illegible]

WANTED—1 foreman and 200 good laborers for the Kalamazoo & Allegan R. R., in Michigan. [illegible]

WANTED—1 assistant bookkeeper, 1 entry clerk, [illegible]

WANTED—This day, 20 good sawmill hands for Michigan and 10 choppers. [illegible]

WANTED—This day, 600 good railroad laborers to work all winter on the C., B. & Q. R. R. [illegible]

WANTED—20 laborers near the city. Steady work all winter. Transportation free. Apply to the Agent, 13 Clark-st., Room 4.

WANTED—100 laborers, for Iowa at $2.50 per day, [illegible]

WANTED—1 clerk, 2 waiters, 1 bartender, [illegible]

WANTED—600 good men to go South. [illegible]

Wanted—Female Help.

WANTED—Good fur sewers at Henry Siede & Co.'s, 166 Lake-st.

WANTED—Fur liners and quilters at Henry Siede & Co.'s 166 Lake-st.

WANTED—Muff finishers at Henry Siede & Co.'s, 166 Lake-st.

WANTED—First class shirtmakers at 76 West Madison-st.

WANTED—Two first-class milliners and one dressmaker to go to a large town in the country. WALSH & HUTCHINSON, 65 and 66 Lake-st., Chicago.

WANTED—A respectable woman who has had experience in the management of children, [illegible]

WANTED—A capable middle aged woman to take care of an invalid lady at 663 North Clark-st.

WANTED—25 good mitten makers at 234 Oak-st. None but good hands need apply.

WANTED—Two machine girls, one can stitch and one to sew by hand. Steady work. Call at 134 State-st.

House Servants.

WANTED—At 402 Michigan-av., a thorough cook, washer and ironer. City references required. [illegible]

WANTED—Immediately, a good girl to take charge of a house with a small family. Call at 495 West Lake-st.

WANTED—Immediately, a tidy girl to do general housework. [illegible]

WANTED—At the Barnes House, corner West Randolph and Canal-sts., three good dining room girls, yard man and porter.

WANTED—A good girl, to cook, wash and iron in a small family. [illegible]

WANTED—A good dining room girl and chambermaid. Apply at 461 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A good German or Norwegian girl for general housework in a small family, [illegible]

WANTED—Girls of every nationality who are willing to do housework [illegible]

WANTED—A German or Norwegian girl to do general housework in a private family, [illegible]

WANTED—A girl to do the work of a small family. Two persons. Call at 779 West Adams-st.

WANTED—An experienced girl to do general housework. Must be a good plain cook, washer and ironer. [illegible]

WANTED—Girls to make neckties and bows. Experienced hands only. [illegible]

WANTED—A good cook, washer and ironer to a small family. References required. [illegible]

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework in a small family. [illegible]

WANTED—Two good girls, one to cook, wash and iron, and one to do second work. Apply at 54 West Madison-st., up stairs.

WANTED—A good dining room girl. Apply immediately at the Montreal House, 98 South Water-st.

WANTED—A good girl for second work and who can assist in waiting on table, at 244 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A first class cook and a good laundress. [illegible]

WANTED—A female pastry cook for a restaurant. Apply at 51 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—A good cook washer and ironer. German or Norwegian preferred. [illegible]

WANTED—Immediately, a good cook. [illegible]

WANTED—A good girl who understands washing and ironing [illegible]

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Cheap—A hand printing press, [illegible]

FOR SALE—The frame building situated on the corner of [illegible] B. F. DAVISON, 134 South Water-st.

FOR SALE—A consigned lot of 11 cases [illegible] ADAMS, GIBBS & CO., [illegible]

FOR SALE—Five pointer dog pups, four months old, [illegible] L O A, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A parlor bedstead, in imitation of rosewood, [illegible] J. M. INGRAHAM, [illegible]

Pianos.

TO RENT—A variety of pianos to rent at reduced prices. [illegible] NATHANIEL GOULD.

FOR SALE—Piano—For only $125 if called for soon, a fine-toned rosewood piano, in good order, at 212 Illinois-st., near State.

Situations Wanted.

Males.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young man of good business capacity [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—As bookkeeper or salesman [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a first class watchmaker [illegible] TAYLOR, 176 West Madison-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—As porter in a private family. Address JOHN FREAM, [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—In a private family, to take care of horses [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—As traveler for a liquor or grocery house [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young man who is ready and willing to do anything [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By an experienced accountant [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By an Englishman as coachman [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By an Englishman as coachman and to do general house work [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—As coachman in a private family. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By an experienced machinist and engineer [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young man of three years' experience [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young man of good standing [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—A young married man recently returned to the city [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By an experienced coachman and gardener [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—To Business Men—A young man, late of Cincinnati [illegible] E. A. COLBY, care of W. Smith, 21 Lake-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a boy, 16 years of age, in any capacity [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—A position as bookkeeper, by a man fully competent. [illegible]

Females.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a girl to do second work or chamber work in a private boarding house. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—As nurse or housekeeper by a middle-aged American lady [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young lady as seamstress in a private family. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young girl to do general housework [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By two girls in a private family to do cooking and general housework. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a competent woman to cook, do second or general housework. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a competent young lady as clerk [illegible] EVA MARTIN, Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—A lady of experience desires a situation as housekeeper. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—As second girl, or to do general housework for a small family. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a competent woman to do washing, house cleaning, etc. Apply at 23 Fennell-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a first-class cook who understands French and English cooking in a hotel or restaurant. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a competent girl to do second work in a private family. Apply at 147 Maxwell-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a respectable girl to cook, wash and iron in a small private family. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By an experienced Protestant woman from the East as housekeeper, [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a good girl to do general housework in a small private family. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a girl to do general housework. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—As housekeeper by a young widow from the East. [illegible] Mrs. H. GRAY, Chicago, Ill.

SITUATIONS—Wanted—By two English girls in private families, one as cook, the other as chambermaid. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—To do general housework, washing, ironing and cooking in a private family. Good references given if required. Apply at 212 Mitchell-st.

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—To buy, for cash, gentlemen's cast-off clothing, [illegible]

WANTED—Any man looking for steady employment and large pay, [illegible] LAMB & CO., Brokers.

WANTED—West Side—Persons desirous of disposing of their property, [illegible] D. COLE, Office 188 West Madison-st., Cole's Block.

WANTED—Any one having a stock of hardware [illegible] WAITSIDE, Tribune office.

WANTED—All descriptions of old broken gold and silver [illegible]

WANTED—A good business man with $5,000 [illegible]

WANTED—$2,000 will secure one-half interest in an established paying business. [illegible] J. C. LAMB & CO., Room 1, No. 124 Randolph-st.

WANTED—Everybody to know that Mrs. T. J. Lewis clearly foretells the past, present and future [illegible] 123 South Clark-st., Room 8.

WANTED—A show case for milliners' use, to set out doors. Address A. CURRY, 37 Michigan-av., Chicago.

WANTED—Stencil Cutters to know that JOHN MEADER Manufactures the best of Dies and Indelible Stencil Inks and Stencil Stock. [illegible] 144 South Water-st., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—A bonus will be paid to any one who will obtain a sufficiently remunerative position for a married man, [illegible] ENTRY CLERK, Tribune office. No agents need apply.

WANTED—To sell a drug store, [illegible] LOUGHBY, 76 LaSalle-st.

WANTED—Everybody to know that they can bind their own magazines, music and papers with Emerson's Binder, [illegible] KNOWN & BARRETT, 129 South Clark-st. [illegible]

WANTED—Business opening—An enterprising man, with some capital, to take the exclusive general agency of an Eastern subscription publishing house. [illegible]

WANTED—A man with $15,000 to invest in a business in which he can do more than double his capital in one year. [illegible] DILLER & BROWN, 164 Madison-st.

WANTED—To loan $5,000 for 5 years at 10 per cent on inside and South Side real estate. Call at once at 139 Dearborn-st. J. R. TAYLOR & SON.

WANTED—Every person to know that George Great Rex, Photographer, at 95 Clark-st., opposite the Sherman House, takes the best Bon Ton Vignettes in the city. [illegible]

WANTED—John B. May, Photographer, formerly of 118 Lake-st., solicits the patronage of all his friends at George Great Rex's studio, 95 Clark-st., opposite the Sherman House.

WANTED—A business man with $3,000 to take a half interest in a legitimate manufacturing business. [illegible] MANUFACTURER, Tribune office.

WANTED—To buy a second-hand set of stencil tools. Address F B, Tribune office.

WANTED—To sell a note of $2,750, secured by trust deed on good real estate. [illegible] G. A. CHAMBERS, 147 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—Hay Press—To buy a [illegible] hay press. [illegible] OLIVER LIPPINCOTT, Peotone, Will County, Ill.

WANTED—The Great Gypsy Palmist will give you a history of your life, [illegible] GYPSY PALMIST, [illegible]

WANTED—Everybody to know that the celebrated Gypsy Woman has returned [illegible]

WANTED—All who use parlor, office, or store as sleeping-room, [illegible]

Personal.

PERSONAL—Will the lady who picked up a pocket book [illegible]

PERSONAL—Two young ladies [illegible] CONVERSE, Chicago P. O.

The Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1868.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE is issued every morning, for circulation by carriers, newsmen and the mails. THE TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE is issued on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, for the mails only; and THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE is issued on Thursdays, for the mails and sale at our counter and by newsmen.

TERMS
TO SUBSCRIBERS BY MAIL.
The Daily Edition, per year ... [illegible]
The Tri-Weekly Edition, per year ... [illegible]
The Weekly Edition, per year ... [illegible]
TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.
The Daily, delivered in city, per quarter ... [illegible]
The Daily, delivered in city, per week ... [illegible]
THE CAMPAIGN WEEKLY, until November 11, closing at that day [illegible] election, [illegible].
Remittances may be made either by draft, express, Post Office Order, or in registered letters, at our risk.
Address, TRIBUNE COMPANY,
Chicago, Ill.

DELMAR'S FALSEHOODS.

Delmar's financial exhibit of national bankruptcy has come to grief sooner than the Copperheads, in whose interest he issued it, expected. They thought that it would stand battering until after the October elections; but it succumbed to the first broadside.

Before dismissing Delmar and his delusions we will show once more from his own figures the monstrous untruth as regards the expenditures of the government which he attempted to palm off upon the country. He gives three tables, entitled, "Permanent appropriations which it was estimated would be expended in 1868-9;" "Unexpended balances of old appropriations from 1867-8 which it was estimated would be expended in 1868-9;" and "New special appropriations made by the Fortieth Congress."

It cannot be claimed that the government will expend a larger sum than is included under these heads, for the departments are forbidden by positive law to exceed the appropriations. The former practice of running up deficiency bills for the next session of Congress to provide for, was cut off at the roots by a law passed at the last Congress.

Delmar gives under the headings above named the amount of money which the departments are authorized to expend, as follows:

1. PERMANENT APPROPRIATIONS.	
Civil	$ 9,759,000
Extra bounties	40,700,000
Interest	130,000,000
Total, permanent	$180,459,000
2. UNEXPENDED BALANCES FROM LAST YEAR.	
Civil	$ 2,380,000
Pensions and Indians	1,419,667
War Department	30,834,800
Total, old balances	$ 35,634,467
3. SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS MADE BY FORTIETH CONGRESS.	
Civil	$ 36,054,480
Support of the army	38,711,696
Support of the navy	17,356,350
Pensions of Indians	22,886,491
Total, special	$114,968,996

Now add these three totals together and we have this aggregate:

Permanent appropriations	$180,459,000
Unexpended balances for last year	35,634,467
New appropriations	114,968,996
Total appropriations	$331,063,365

This sum of $331,000,000 is the utmost which the Departments may lawfully expend for the support of the government during this fiscal year, exclusive of any postal deficit, or the purchase of Alaska, and of the nineteen millions item of last year's deficiency, which Mr. E. B. Washburne says was voted and expended before the beginning of this fiscal year.

Under the head of "Permanent Appropriations" Delmar puts down $180,469,000; there are only three expenditures to come out of this money—interest on the national debt, certain civil expenditures, and the extra bounty to soldiers. There is some doubt as to the amount of the latter, as it depends upon the number of claims that may be allowed. Commissioner Wells estimated that it would require $40,000,000 to pay off all the claims for bounty that would remain unsettled on the first of July, 1868. Another authority states the case thus: Whole number of claimants, 730,721, requiring $73,072,000. In 1866-7 the soldiers received $8,169,000; in 1867-8 they received $38,500,000, which would leave $26,338,000 yet to be paid. But call it the full amount estimated by Mr. Wells, then the case will stand thus:

Interest on debt	$126,000,000
Soldiers' bounties	40,000,000
Civil appropriations	10,000,000
Special appropriations	115,000,000
Unexpended balances	35,634,000
Post Office deficit	5,000,000
Alaska	7,200,000
Total	$338,834,000

Now, as to the item of unexpended balances Mr. Washburne says:

> "The 'lapping' appropriations may be regarded as a constant quantity; that is to say, the amount of unexpended appropriations carried over from one year is nearly always balanced by a corresponding amount carried over the succeeding year. An examination of the books of the Treasury Department and the record of appropriations warrants the statement that the current year will form no exception in this respect as compared with previous years."

We may, therefore strike out Delmar's $35,634,000 "unexpended balances" from this year's expenses, because there will be carried into next year an equal amount of this year's appropriations which will not be expended this year. We then have for this year's cost of maintaining the government, paying the interest on the national debt, pensions, soldiers' bounties, purchase of Alaska, and Post Office deficiency, the sum of $303,000,000, instead of $476,000,000, as Delmar would make people believe. And instead of the government running in debt $160,000,000, it will have a surplus of not less than $50,000,000 at the end of the year to apply in extinguishing the war debt, and that, too, after the heavy reductions of taxation that were made by the last Congress.

GENERAL McCLELLAN'S LETTER.

General McClellan, in his letter [illegible] Seymour and Blair, is particular [illegible] "epoch in the history of [illegible] only the first [illegible] which we have been long [illegible] struggle in [illegible] engaged. The work of [illegible] ever ended, and it remains for the people to fulfil the great objects for which they or their sons and brothers were called to the field—a restoration [illegible] Union of the States, [illegible] constitution, to be firmly and faithfully supported; the maintenance of the national credit inviolate; the establishment of national and State rights in all their integrity, and thus securing true harmony and a lasting peace."

General McClellan has been spending a long time in Europe, and has only recently returned to this country. It may be true that he was not aware, when he wrote his letter, that the Republican party hold and maintain that the present contest is only a continuation of a struggle of which the war was the first epoch. Such is their avowed position. It is gratifying to perceive that General McClellan is of the same opinion. Perhaps, however, his letter was not written with the intention of rendering any very important service to Seymour and Blair. Nothing, it strikes us, could be of less service to them than an avowal that the present contest is the second epoch of the war; for, if it be so, all loyal men will readily remember that Wade Hampton, N. B. Forrest and Howell Cobb fought against General Grant in the first epoch. And they will not be able to recall the exact time and place in the second epoch when they changed sides and commenced fighting for opposite ideas.

HUGE LYING.

Never in our journalistic experience have we witnessed such huge, shameful lying concerning the magnitude of Copperhead meetings as we see published in the copper rebel sheets in this and other cities. If the density of population of the United States equalled that of China, and everybody were Copperheads, and the people of every county turned out *en masse*, the numbers could not surpass the reports of the size of the "Democratic" meetings being held in the West. Rarely is a gathering anywhere reported at less than 7,000, but more generally at 15,000 to 20,000, and on special occasions 75,000 to 100,000. Any county containing one or two thousand Copperhead voters can have a meeting reported at 15,000, with a procession five miles long, and taking whole hours to pass a given point—a grocery for example. If all the meetings thus reported in the single State of Illinois were footed up, the aggregate would far exceed the entire population of the United States.

The smallest cross-road crowd is "estimated" at "about 7,000," which seems to be the *minimum* of a Copperhead meeting, and any little town of a few hundred people whose inhabitants are two-thirds Republicans, can turn out a Copperhead torchlight procession of "White Boys in Blue" 2,000 to 5,000 strong and one to three miles long. And then the "terrific enthusiasm" sweeping everything before it, which is only equalled by the "gains" from the "Radicals!" The number of "Jacobins" who are turning their coats and joining the Blairites, according to these veracious journals, can only be reckoned by thousands. There can hardly be a "Jacobin" left by this time who will vote for Grant and Colfax, so immensely popular have Seymour and Blair become.

If nonsensical, disgusting exaggeration and monstrous, mammoth lying are of any advantage in a political canvass, our opponents have completely exhausted that resource. If elections can be won by gross, unblushing, unprecedented violations of truth and probability, then the Copperheads will sweep every State, county and precinct in the United States on the 13th of October and the 3d of November.

OCEAN AND CONTINENTAL TELEGRAPHS

It may now be considered as absolutely certain that within twelve months from this time the telegraphic facilities between the New and Old World will be doubled, and the cost of electric correspondence between the two continents reduced to a reasonable figure. A company, organized by Mr. Julius Reuter, the well-known head of Reuter's Telegraphic Bureau, and the Messrs. d'Erlanger, of Paris, the notorious negotiators of the rebel cotton loan, has been granted the exclusive privilege of laying and working cables between Brest and North America for twenty years. The required capital was readily subscribed in London and Paris during the last month, and the shares of the new cable company now command a premium. The order for the construction of the necessary cables has already been given, and, as the company is under heavy bonds to the French Government to have the new trans-Atlantic line in full working order by the first of September, 1869, there can be no longer any doubt as to the completion of the enterprise by that time.

The company proposes to lay two cables, one from Brest to the French island of St. Pierre, off the coast of Newfoundland, and another from that island either to New York or some point between New York and Boston. Should New York not be chosen, Plymouth, Mass., will, in all probability, be selected as the western terminus. The distance from Brest to St. Pierre is 2,325 nautical miles. But as several hundred additional miles of cable will have to be allowed for "slack," the length of the longer of the two cables will not be less than 2,600 miles. St. Pierre is distant about 700 miles from the coast of the United States. Hence the total length of the cable of the new line will be at least 3,300 miles or nearly twice the length of either of the cables between Newfoundland and Valencia, which are respectively 1,896 and 1,858 miles. The improvements suggested by the two years' experience with the existing cables will be adopted by the new line. The longer cable will be made much stronger than those of the present line; the weight of the copper conductor to be 400 pounds instead of 300 pounds per knot. The shorter cable between St. Pierre and the United States will be stout and heavy, and have its iron wires protected from rust by a bituminous covering. The longer cable will weigh about 35 cwt. out of water, and 14 cwt. in water. It will be strong enough to bear a strain of about eight tons, while the actual strain it is expected to undergo will not be more than one-twelfth of this. As an extra allowance of several hundred miles of length will be provided to guard against possible accidents, the total weight will not be less than 10,000 tons. To transport this enormous burden, the Great Eastern will be once more used.

As the establishment of a second trans-Atlantic line, therefore, is only a question of time, the inquiry suggests itself whether both lines are likely to pay. As is well known, the main portion of the European business of the old line is derived from the British public. The continental patronage forms but a comparatively small percentage of the whole. Making even a large allowance for a prospective increase of the continental custom under the stimulus of enlarged facilities, it is not probable that the new line could be made to pay, at least for some years, if it relied exclusively on the business to be obtained outside of Great Britain. Realizing this, the new company will try to obtain a share of the British [illegible] submarine line along the French coast that will connect Brest directly with the telegraphic system of the United Kingdom. This will enable the new company to guarantee promptness equal to that of the old one, and to take a share of the business from Great Britain. And this is likely to be the case as the new company, though nominally French, is more largely owned by English capitalists.

According to the published prospectus of the Anglo-French Company, their charges will be at the rate of two pounds sterling, or about ten dollars in gold for every ten words—the address and signature, if not exceeding a certain number of words, to be free. This is less than the charge of the old line even under the reduced tariff about going into effect. That that company will be compelled to make another reduction upon the opening of the new line, so as to equalize its rates with those of the latter, is certain. The profits of the old line have averaged 475,000 pounds sterling per annum, less the share of the Nova Scotia line, and this notwithstanding the fact that the amount of business offered has so far not been equal to the capacity of even one of the two cables. These enormous profits, and [illegible] natural steady increase of [illegible] two [illegible] correspondence between [illegible] hemispheres [illegible] probable [illegible] by lower [illegible] companies will not only be able to live, but to earn handsome profits for their stockholders. But, whatever pecuniary results the coming competition may work to them, it is certain that telegraphic intercourse between Europe and America will be both cheaper and surer.

Simultaneously with the new Atlantic Cable Company, another association of capitalists has been organized in the French Capital for the purpose of constructing telegraph lines from Marseilles to the French possessions in Northern Africa, and then along the south coast of the Mediterranean to Egypt.

A cable has been in operation for some years from Marseilles to Algiers, but, besides being under the control of the government, it has proved unsatisfactory in many other respects. The proposed new line to Egypt is entirely feasible, and expected to be completed by the close of next year. Its construction will put an end to the frequent and vexatious interruptions of telegraphic communications between Europe and Egypt, in consequence of the frequent breakages of the cables from the French coast to Malta and thence to Alexandria, that have constituted, up to the present time, the sole channel of the vast and important correspondence brought by steamer to Suez from different parts of Asia and Australasia for direct electric transmission to Europe.

A third new telegraphic enterprise is proposed to connect Great Britain with the East Indies, through Germany, European and Asiatic Russia and Persia. The realization of this scheme is no less certain than that of the other projects described. Its originators are English and German capitalists, already largely interested in the European telegraph system. All the needed capital is raised and the actual establishment of the line has commenced. The line will start at London and pass through Hamburg, Berlin, Thorn, Shitomir, Kertsch, Tiflis and Teheran. From England to Hamburg the "Indo-European Company" will employ the cable recently laid through the North Sea by the Reuter Telegraph Company. A special line will be constructed for the company from Hamburg to Thorn, on the Russian frontier, by the central administration of the telegraphs of the North German Confederacy. The well-known telegraph constructors, Siemens Brothers, of London, Berlin, and St. Petersburg, have taken a contract to build the continuation from the Russian frontier to and across the Black Sea and thence through Asiatic Russia to Teheran. The governments of all the countries through which the line will pass, including even Persia, have promptly granted the company the desired franchise. The land portion of the whole line has already been surveyed, and surveys are now making in the Black Sea by a Russian government steamer, placed at the disposal of the company. A portion of the material for the line is already on the way to its proper destination, and the rest is in process of manufacture. The terms of the construction contracts stipulate that the line is to be finished to Teheran on or before the 1st of January, 1870. No preparations have as yet been made for extending the line beyond Teheran; but the company's principal aim being to establish a direct telegraphic communication between Great Britain and India, without which the line cannot be made profitable, it will be pushed on to the Anglo-Indian possessions at the earliest practicable moment, either all the way overland, or partly overland and partly by sea. The next step, of course, will be to extend the wires to China, and that a British company already has in contemplation, both for telegraphic communication between Europe and China, and between India and China, where an immense commerce demands such facilities.

A Copperhead paper, noted for the coolness and audacity with which it can deliberately utter a falsehood, says:

> "It is a very significant fact that all the attempts made by Radical partisans to answer Mr. Delmar's statistical exhibit of our unpleasant financial situation amount to this: Mr. Delmar has underestimated the revenue the Federal Treasury will receive this year!
>
> "No one has shown, and no one has attempted to show, that Mr. Delmar overstated the government expenditures. [illegible] The different items of expenditures are [illegible]."

Yes, the "different items of expenditure are fixed" *by law*, and the utmost sum which the departments are authorized to expend—exclusive of the interest on the debt and the extra bounties to soldiers—is less than $130,000,000, and this includes the Alaska purchase and probable Post Office deficit. Delmar's own statement of the appropriations made by Congress proves this assertion to be a fact. Delmar states the government expenditure at $476,000,000, and cites in proof of it the appropriations which forbid the departments from expending two-thirds of that sum; and yet the Copperhead paper has the effrontery to say that "no one has attempted to show that Delmar overstated the government expenditures!"

Among the transparencies borne in the great Republican procession at Ottawa on Saturday last, (the largest political meeting ever held in Illinois, unless it may have been exceeded by one or two in this city), was a cartoon, entitled "The Democratic Orchestra." The first fiddle is Horatio Seymour; second fiddle, Frank P. Blair; with Wade Hampton, Forrest, Vallandigham, Morrissey and the rest of the musicians arranged in proper order. The leader of the orchestra, (August Belmont), with a frown on his face, points his baton to Blair and exclaims, "*Second violin, not so loud.*"

> Every shoddy contractor during the war is now hurrahing for Grant. All of that class expect another batch of fat contracts if the Radicals are successful.—*World.*

We happen to know a considerable "batch" of "shoddy contractors" who are working and hurrahing for Seymour and Blair, because they expect "another batch of fat contracts" if Seymour and Blair are placed where they can "trample the Reconstruction laws in the dust," and inaugurate a new rebellion in behalf of the "lost cause."

Merchants' Union Express.

We learn from the Cincinnati *Commercial* that, after four weeks spent in negotiations, the Merchants' Union and the American Express Companies were consolidated on Saturday last. The new company is to draw the same percentage from the general revenue that both do now. The object of the consolidation is to reduce competition and economize in management. It is claimed that this arrangement will bring dividends to the stockholders—something they have not seen for the past two years.

Political.

The registration of voters in the county of St. Louis has been completed, and foots up 31,999, against 35,595 in 1866.

Hon. Henry Wilson, United States Senator from Massachusetts, will speak in Milwaukee on October 22; in Chicago, October 23; Galena, October 24; Oregon, Ogle County, October 26; and in Carroll and Whiteside Counties on the Tuesday and Wednesday following.

The last monster rally of the people of St. Joseph and adjoining counties in Indiana, will take place at South Bend, on Monday, October 12. Hon. Schuyler Colfax, Hon. J. D. Ward, General Thomas O. Osborn, General W. L. Stoughton and William A. Howard, will be present. There will be a grand procession in the day time, and a torchlight procession in the evening. A handsome prize banner will be awarded to the town [illegible] the Republican vote.

Why is the present canvass like the letter B? Because it is the last of Seymour and Blair.

The developments concerning alleged attempts to "colonize" voters in Westmoreland County, Penn., has led to the arrest of Edward J. Keenan, Deputy Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, John Guffy, John George and Robert Black. Information was lodged against them by Hon. John Covode, the Republican candidate for Congress in that district. The defendants were held to bail in the sum of $1,000 each for their appearance. Their examination was to take place to-day.

Judge Gridley, of Jackson, Michigan, a leading Democrat, who has just come out for Grant and Colfax, addressed a rousing Republican meeting in that city, on Saturday evening last. The speech was one of the best ever made in that city.

General McClernand, of Illinois, the Democratic Mugwump of that State, claims that he "furnished the brains for Grant's army." The only thing that gives color to the claim is the fact that he hasn't any left. He done *something* with them, if he ever had any.—*Hartford Post.*

The Nashville *Republican*, of the 3d inst., has trustworthy information from East Tennessee that thousands of men who voted for Etheridge, on account of the bugaboo of "negro equality," will now go for Grant and Colfax. They have got their eyes open to the fact that the cry about negro equality is all "bosh."

[illegible] Newton Pettis is the Republican candidate for the Forty-first Congress, from the Twentieth Pennsylvania District, to fill the [illegible] the district by the death of Hon. D. [illegible] the past three years, has been unrepresented [illegible].

[illegible] of Mississippi, who was one of [illegible] officers of the Confederate army, is now supporting Grant and Colfax. He recently made a speech in Helena, Arkansas, from which we make a few extracts, commending them to the careful perusal of all honorable men:

> "He did not for himself claim to be a Radical, but when he laid down the Confederate flag he never intended to flout it again, as do some who risked nothing in the war. He asserted that there seemed to be a determination to corrupt the youth; that the schools fostered bitterness and kept alive disloyalty by allowing and permitting the Confederate flag to be displayed before the doors and in the schools; that it was boldly carried in procession, at Friar's Point, in Mississippi, and that the Union flag was stoned; that all these things indicated that the objects of the war were not entirely given up. He was in favor of this government, because it was the best in the world, the most beneficent and humane; that, of course, he expected that his lands would be confiscated and himself punished for the part he took in the war as a Confederate General, but that he had all his lands; had not been restrained in his wish to come and go, whenever and wherever he pleased; nor has he ever heard of one single individual who had been punished for treason, but that all had full liberty to utter their opinions, which many enjoyed only when cursing the country and those that made the laws.
>
> "He was in favor of the election of General Grant, because he stood between the insane wrath of President Johnson and the Southern people. He could not accept the Democratic policy, because it would imperil the whole country and spread ruin over the South.
>
> "In conclusion, he exhorted all to cast aside prejudice and ill-will, and accept the terms offered by Congress, and go on and build up the waste places."

The New York *Times*, of Sunday, says there never was such enthusiasm and earnest activity among the German population of that city in favor of the Republican cause since the memorable Fremont campaign of 1856. The Germans thoroughly understand the political meaning of the Democratic threat, "the war is a failure," and they will present an unbroken front against the reactionary shock of the Democratic Bourbons. The German Grant and Colfax Club, under the leadership of Dr. Fred. Schuetz, is the most perfect and successful campaign organization ever known in that city. Converts from the Democratic ranks are constantly enlisting under the Republican banner. Branch organizations exist all over the city, and the entire membership numbers over 3,000.

It is not in this city and New York alone that we see movements among the Irish Americans favorable to the Republican party. Our exchanges from about all of the leading cities of the country chronicle similar movements. If the Democracy lose the Irish-American voters, what have they left? "Just nothing at all."

Miscellaneous.

Last week a boy performed an accidental somersault over a ledge forty-five feet high, at Gloucester, Mass., and alighted not much the worse.

Boston is to have a new weekly—the *American Protestant.*

Two young men in Danbury, Ct., recently invested in a New York lottery scheme, and received notice that they had drawn a $200 watch, with a request to forward their ticket and receive the handsome prize. They did so, and early last week received a box on which they paid $13.50. On opening it, instead of a watch, they found half a dozen pieces of broken brick.

Edinburgh has an anti-raring and betting society.

Women are to attend the Peace Congress at Berne, as delegates.

Coblentz, Mayence and Cologne are to be protected by new forts.

Victor Emanuel contemplates direct railroad communication between Piedmont and France by cutting through one of the lower Alps.

Petitions are in circulation in the Dominion of Canada, and are largely signed, asking the government to appropriate ten million acres of land for the benefit of the company which proposes to cut the Huron and Ontario Ship Canal.

The heirs of Weber, the great composer, have lately received a sum of four thousand francs from the sale of his works. This is a result of the prolongation of literary ownership for the period of twenty years.

A resident of Bangor, Me., who fell from the top of a third story window, not long since, escaped from death by keeping his arms close to his body and drawing up his legs while making his involuntary descent. He was slightly injured.

Leading European banks had $800,000,000 in bullion in July last.

THE FARM AND GARDEN.

The State Fair—Valuable Ice House—Apple Crop—Care of Bees; a Seasonable Hint—Oats vs Straw to Protect Winter Wheat.

Special Agricultural Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., Oct. 6.

THE STATE FAIR.

The State Fair has, to a certain extent, proved a failure, and the horse-racing community are jubilant; attributing the failure to the exclusion of the trotting ring. There are other causes—want of management of trains on the T. W. & W. Railroad; exorbitant charges at Quincy last year, and repeated this year, at hotels, boarding-houses, and by hackmen; the loss of the fruit crop. A railroad that has not the enterprise to run extra trains, and to make prompt connections, ought not to have the fair on its line. The show was good on the whole, and good weather would have redeemed it from even a partial failure, in spite of these untoward causes. The managers will avail themselves of these lessons to insure a success next year.

THE HONEY SEASON.

STERLING, Ill., Sept. 26, 1868.

I was no little amused at your notice and description of that old pioneer ice-house of mine. I only wonder how you could so correctly describe it. Unostentatious as is that old structure, it still is doing good service, and during the past summer has not failed of its supply to every one that called. Not only the family, but the sick, the picnickers, and every man who labors on my farm has used it without stint or measure. I consider it worth more, medicinally, than a drug store.

The apple crop failed this year, but why? Every condition in the early part of the season appeared to be favorable. Why, then, this great loss? How little do we know of those unseen enemies that can lay waste the proudest effort of man's labor.

Call the attention of our bee men to the condition of our bees. I fear this will prove, unless great care is used for their preservation, the most disastrous season since the settlement of our country. The store of honey laid up is so short, that without an additional supply a large number must die before the return of another season.

I remain, very truly yours,
L. S. PENNINGTON.

The honey season is the worst in the history of the State—but few flowers, and no honey of consequence in them. The result is that bee-keepers must begin to feed weak swarms at once. Brown sugar, melted with water to a thin molasses, is the best for this purpose. When the hive is tight this can be poured on the bottom board, by tipping the hive a little back, so that the liquid may run into the hive. A few spoonsful fed to each swarm at night is sufficient; they should be fed daily what they need for food, but no excess to store up. We must recollect that bees do not make honey, but simply store it, and this thin molasses is not changed by storing it in the cells.

SOWING OATS WITH WHEAT.

Some years since a patent was obtained, or at least said to have been, to sow oats with the winter wheat, with a view to prevent winter killing. Like many other catch-penny patents it proved a failure, but now and then some one is induced to try it. The proposition is rather a plausible one. The oats and wheat are sown together, and the oats make a rank growth, smothering out the young wheat plants and allowing them only a sickly growth. The wheat thus enters the winter in such a feeble condition that no amount of covering will save the crop, unless under the most favorable condition. The succulent leaves of the young oats after the frost has arrested the growth, interpose no great amount of shelter to the wheat plant. A much better method is to give to the wheat plant the most vigorous growth, and protect it from the process of heaving out by applying to the surface of the field a thin coating of straw or prairie hay. Experience has proved that this oat theory is not one of practical utility.

It is well known to all those who grow winter wheat on the prairie that, during the winter the leaves of the wheat are killed, and that a new growth starts out from the base of the several lateral roots or tillers. What is most required is to prevent the sun from thawing the surface to a limited depth, so that a sudden freeze may not rupture the roots. If we can accomplish this we can insure the crop against winter or spring killing. It will thus be seen that the leaves of the wheat offer as good a protection, as do the leaves of the oats, for both are killed, and, to a certain extent, protect the roots of the young wheat. The difference is this: when the wheat is allowed to grow without hindrance the roots have a firm hold and are vigorous, but if oats are raised with it the growth must be less. One of the best things to shelter the young wheat is a slight covering of straw in the absence of a snow covering.

When the prairies shall have become more densely populated, and hedges and shelter-belts interlace the farms, we shall have more snow during the winter; in fact, this is already the case in the north part of the State, and it will go on increasing annually, and just in proportion to this change will be an increase of the crop of winter wheat.

RURAL.

COPPERHEAD FRAUDS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Bogus Naturalization Papers Issued in Blank.

The $200,000 sent into Philadelphia, to be disbursed in the interests of Copperhead[illegible] Copperhead Central Committee, is beginning to exhibit results. Baltimore Blood Tubs and Five Points Plug Uglies have been imported into Philadelphia by hundreds. Professional swearers have vouched for all the aliens that could be scraped up. Nineteen of these professionals vouched for 1,333 aliens in ten days, swearing that they knew the applicants as residents for five years, when most of them had not been two years in the United States, and several hundred had only arrived from Cork this season. They were all put on the minor dodge of having come into the country under eighteen years of age. Vigorous prosecutions have been instituted against scores of the perjured aliens. But the worst feature of the matter remains to be stated. The Clerk of the State Supreme Court has been issuing naturalization papers, signed, sealed and stamped, with the name of the alien *left blank*, to be filled up by the Copperhead ballot-box stuffers at their leisure. Some scoundrels have been arrested for shooting at Tanner processions, and, when searched, as many as a dozen of [illegible] pockets. The certificates were found in [illegible] are filled with Republicans [illegible] discovery of these naturalization frauds. The *Bulletin* of Saturday last says:

> "There is great danger that the Republicans will not carry the city of Philadelphia on Tuesday week. There is at present a strong probability that we will be defeated. It may be asked, 'What! do you mean to say that the atrocious doctrines of Seymour and Blair command the support of a majority of our people?' We answer without hesitation, No! If the real sentiment of the citizens could be obtained at the polls, Philadelphia would give ten thousand majority for Tyndale. But, unless some measures of the most decisive kind are taken, it will matter little what may be the real sentiments of the people. There have been going on in Philadelphia frauds so unblushingly outrageous and criminal, that we pause in astonishment at the daring of the attempts made. The wishes of the legal voters will not matter one jot or one tittle in deciding the result, unless measures of great magnitude be at once put into operation, and with a firmness and a vigilance without ceasing until the forgers and perjurers be brought to justice. It seems that now every hour reveals some new scheme, and it would take as many heads as Hydra to detect, as many eyes as Argus to watch, and as many hands as Briareus to throttle these countless villainies. The audacity of the proceedings is without a parallel. The very fountain-head of official dignity and purity is assaulted, and the Supreme Court of the state is used as an engine to cover these breakers of the law. Not only has one man vouched for fifty, not only has it been proved that oaths have been taken which were perjury, but it has gone far, far beyond that point of degradation. Certificates of naturalization, bearing the seal of the court and signed with the name of the Prothonotary, are on the street, *with blanks left for filling in the names of such parties as should need them.* The unlimited character of such a fraud as this will strike any observant man. If there be out twelve of these blanks, why not twelve hundred, or twelve thousand, for that matter? If Mr. Snowden will allow one blank such as those found to leave his hands, if he will seal and sign one paper before it is filled up and sworn to, he would with equal conscience issue a thousand; and what guarantee have the public that a thousand have not been issued? If twelve are found on one rough, is it not possible, yes probable, that there are many hundreds in their possession of this character? As long as the fraud was restrained to the issuing of papers to perjurers, and keeping a record of the number issued, then we could have some sort of data, feeble as they were, on which to base calculations, but this new feature has no bounds, no checks, no possible means of calculation. Of the explanation which Mr. Snowden may attempt to give of the existence of such papers, we do not presume to speak. Any excuse would be futile. It may be that he has been deceived, but deception shows culpable negligence, and negligence in his position is a crime morally, if not legally. Or it may be that both the seal and signature are forgeries. In either case it is of vital importance that the case be investigated. From all points of the compass, it would seem, are coming false voters to our city. We know that several hundred have come from New York, and nearly three hundred in the troop from Baltimore. In view of the desperate attempts which the Democracy intend to make to carry the election, we may ask is there law in this land?"

A California Democrat Wants to Bet on Grant.

From the San Francisco Chronicle, Sept. 9.

At about half-past eight o'clock last evening, a gentleman, who claimed the patronymic as "Baker," but who did not mention the Christian name bestowed upon him by his "sponsors in baptism," created quite a sensation in a Clay street saloon. Our Baker (who is not Harry Baker) insisted that he was drunk; but he looked so keen and wide awake that no one believed the soft impeachment. At any rate he seemed to have his wits about him. He came in, shaking a double-handful of bright twenties and professing himself particularly anxious to bet on Grant against Seymour. It so happened that quite a number of Seymour men were at the time taking a modicum of liquid refreshment at the bar. One of them commenced talking of the Maine election. He didn't think the Maine election proved anything. He said every man of sense "know'd how Maine was agoing. It was a d—d Black Republican State, anyway. The Democrats didn't expect anything of Maine. They didn't count on Maine. Maine be d—d." At this point Baker interrupted the eloquent speaker. He (Baker) didn't come there to argue; he came there to bet. He had some spondulics he wanted to invest. He didn't want to jaw. He wanted to bet on Grant. Was there any gentleman who wanted to invest on Seymour? No one responded; and so Baker (not Harry, mind you) kept on rattling his double-eagles and inviting the crowd to "see him."

But the crowd didn't see it in that light. The eloquent Democrat, however, went on to make a speech in which he eloquently demonstrated that Seymour and Blair were both to be elected. "Very well," responded the obstinate and persistent Baker, "if it's such a sure thing, why can't I get a bet? Here's

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 6.

The following is a complete summary of the statements of the thirteen National Banks of this city, which were made in compliance with the law, and showing their condition on the morning of the 5th of October. In the first fifteen columns are shown the items of all the statements as near as they can be classified. The last four columns are a condensed recapitulation of all the preceding them, and are completed and amended from yesterday's edition:

SUMMARY OF THE QUARTERLY STATEMENTS OF THE NATIONAL BANKS OF CHICAGO, MADE OCTOBER 5TH, 1868.

COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 6.

The following tables show the receipts and shipments of Produce during the past twenty-four hours:

RECEIPTS FOR THE PAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

SHIPMENTS FOR THE PAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

There was a fair attendance on 'Change to-day, and a more general inquiry for Produce, though the markets were far from regular, and the tendency was to lower prices, the latter being a partial result of the advance in Freights, which were put up when it was found that the shippers were preparing for an active campaign in the Grain markets.

Highwines were more inquired for at unchanged prices.

Provisions were firm and unchanged, the general feeling on the part of holders being one of greater firmness, except on Lard.

The Flour market was only fairly active, but holders were comparatively firm in their views at former quotations.

Wheat was moderately active under a fair demand for shipment, though the requirements of buyers were not heavy enough to put up prices to

CHICAGO DRY GOODS MARKET.

TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 6.

The market for Dry Goods remains in about the same condition as noted in our last weekly review.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO LUMBER MARKET.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE CHICAGO LUMBER MARKET.

LATEST MARKET NEWS.

The Foreign Markets.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Port of Chicago.

Medical.

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU gives health and vigor to the frame, and bloom to the pallid cheek.

FOR NON-RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE OF URINE, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Glands, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel or Brick-dust deposits, and all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swellings.

Use HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings, and enable you to sleep well.

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH. Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR are regained by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH cure secret and delicate disorders in all their stages.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

Medical Cards!

Private Diseases.

DR. JAMES.

What the celebrated Dr. Wm. Leonard, formerly Professor of Anatomy in the Washington University, of Baltimore, Md., says of Dr. James:

Dr. James may be consulted day or night, at his office and parlors, at Randolph-st., corner Dearborn, up stairs.

Private Matters.

In Private Matters—male or female—go to the best—to Dr. J. H. CLARK—the oldest Specialist in Chicago—at the old place—No. 4 Larmon Block. Direct letters—"DR. CLARK, No. 4 Larmon Block, Chicago, Ill."

Dr. Bassett,

The Means of Protecting

The system against the predisposing causes of disease, such as Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Liver Complaint, Kidney Diseases, Impurities of the Blood, and a certain cure for all of them is MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS. Sold everywhere.

Your Destiny

Dr. N. Rosenberg

Dr. Townsend.

Special Notices.

Dyspepsia Laughs at Cathartics.

Defies all the old stereotyped remedies, but succumbs to HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. Nothing else will do it.

Ocean Steamers.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CO.

THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,

VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.

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Sailing from New York on the

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Or the day before when those dates fall on Sunday.

Passage Lower than by any other Line.

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PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY.

CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

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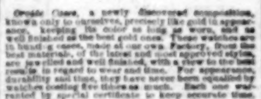
SUPERIOR IMITATION

GOLD HUNTING WATCHES.



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C. E. COLLINS & CO.,

Nos. 37 and 39 Nassau-st., N. Y., up stairs, Opposite the Post Office.

TO CLUBS—Where SIX WATCHES are ordered at one time, we will send an extra watch, making SEVEN WATCHES FOR NINETY DOLLARS.

Katalysine Water.

GETTYSBURG KATALYSINE WATER.

Its Wonderful Cures and Curative Powers.

THE GETTYSBURG SPRING COMPANY

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MR. VAN NORMAN'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH FAMILY AND DAY SCHOOL

MISS ARMSTRONG'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

Proposals.

COOK COUNTY

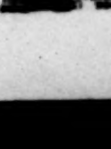
DRAINAGE COMMISSIONERS.

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Cook County Drainage Commissioners, 128 Dearborn-st., Chicago, until 12 o'clock m., Monday, Oct. 12, 1868, for the completion of the whole or any part of what is known as Fullerton-av. work, Calumet River work and Calumet Lake work. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

CHARLES V. DYER, President.

JOHN WENTWORTH, Secretary.

Scales.



FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES, OF ALL SIZES.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.

Medical.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS!

A Few Selections from a Mass of Testimony Now on File!!

NEWARK, Licking Co., Ohio, Aug. 19, 1867.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith:

GENTS: My wife having received so much benefit from the use of your Bitters, I deem it my duty to give testimony in their favor. About one and a half years since she had a severe attack of Dysentery or Bloody Flux, which became chronic, and continued for the above period of time, baffling the most skillful physicians in the county. We finally became discouraged, and gave up all hopes of her recovery, when by accident my attention was called to your most valuable bitters by Messrs. Collins & Thurston, Druggists, handing me one of your almanacs. Finding them recommended for Bloody Flux, I bought one bottle and commenced giving according to directions; and before one-third of the bottle had been taken she was entirely cured, and enjoys perfectly good health at this time. Most respectfully yours,

W. D. NUTTER.

BRANCHVILLE, Ala., March 11, 1867.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith:

DEAR SIRS: I am hardly able to express my gratitude for the benefit I have derived from the use of your Stomach Bitters. I have been afflicted with Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia for more than five years, from which I have suffered no little. My physicians failed to give me permanent relief. I became melancholy and unhappy; my constitution was much broken down by using mercury. Accidentally meeting with one of your almanacs, it induced me to procure a few bottles of your Bitters, which afforded me very great relief; and it is my sincere opinion that they will soon effect a permanent cure. I was pronounced incurable, and my recovery through your Bitters will be little short of a miracle. My neighbors express surprise at seeing me so much improved in health, and look upon my recovery as wonderful.

Gratefully yours, ROBERT F. NEWTON, P. M.

CHENOA, Ill., Oct. 28, 1867.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith:

GENTS: We have sold your Bitters for 10 years. I have found it to give universal satisfaction. We sell more of it than of any other Bitters, and take pleasure in recommending it to the public.

Yours respectfully, MILLER & BOSTOCK.

SPRAKER'S BASIN, July 19, 1867.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith:

GENTS: I have been afflicted with Scrofulous and Billous Complaints for a long time, and physicians could give me no relief. By the advice of your agent purchased a bottle of your Stomach Bitters, and, strange to say, one bottle cured me entirely. I would recommend it to all who are afflicted in the same way.

Respectfully yours, SALMON ALLEN.

SALEM, Ohio, May 1, 1868.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith:

GENTS: I have prescribed your Bitters in a great number of cases of Dyspepsia, and as a tonic in cases of general debility, and have found it to answer the most sanguine expectations.

Respectfully, S. D. HARDMAN, M. D., Formerly Physician to the Cincinnati Marine Hospital; Member of the London Medical Society of Observation, etc.

P. S.—I send you the above voluntarily, and you may use it as you desire.

SPRAKER'S BASIN, July 19, 1867.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith:

GENTS: For the past two years I have been afflicted with Chronic Disease and weak stomach. I have tried a great many medicines, but have received no benefit. I was at last advised to try your celebrated Stomach Bitters, and to my great astonishment it has entirely relieved me. I have recommended it to others, and it has always given perfect satisfaction.

JOEL O'BRIEN.

The above writer is personally known to me, and I can vouch for the correctness of his statement.

HENRY COHEN, Postmaster Spraker's Basin.

ANDERSON C. H., S. C., April 22, 1867.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburgh, Pa.:

Very truly yours, JOHN DAVIS, Jr.

KENTON, Hardin Co., Ohio, March 9, 1867.

Yours respectfully, LEWIS A. MILLER.

TURNER, Androscoggin Co., Me., Feb. 22, 1867.

Yours respectfully, B. J. HOOD.

WEST BADEN, Orange Co., Ind., Jan. 15, 1867.

Yours, gratefully, CORNELIUS H. McDONALD.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 16, 1867.

A. G. PARKER, Of Parker & Yorston, corner Centre-av. and Chestnut.

HELENA, Montana Territory, July 6, 1867.

Yours, etc., PARCHEN & PAYNTER, Druggists.

VIRGINIA CITY, Montana Ter., July 14, 1867.

Respectfully yours, M. MARX.

HELENA, Montana Ter., July 6, 1867.

F. H. ORENDORF, M. D.

HELENA, Montana Ter., July 25, 1867.

Respectfully yours, JOHN W. BRINS, M. D., City Hospital Physician.

HELENA, Montana Ter., July 6, 1867.

Respectfully yours, WHIR & POPE, Druggists.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 14, 1867.

Yours, &c., HENRY STEGR.

Prepared and Sold by

HOSTETTER & SMITH,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

For sale by all Druggists, Grocers and Storekeepers throughout the world.

CITY POLITICS.

Presentation of a Flag to the Fourteenth Ward Tanners.

Speeches by Dr. Smith, Governor Koerner, General Salomon, and Colonel Schaffner.

Announcements of Meetings to be Held To-Night.

A large meeting of the Tanner Republicans, especially of the North Division, was held last night at Turner Hall, on North Clark street, for the purpose of listening to an address by the Hon. Gustav Koerner, formerly Lieutenant Governor of this State, and more recently Minister to Spain, and also to take part in the presentation to the Tanners of the Fourteenth Ward of the silk banner which the Central Committee promised to give the ward turning out the greatest number of Tanners in proportion to the number of Republican votes cast at the last election. At half-past 8 o'clock battalion after battalion of Tanners, in full uniform, with banners flying and music playing, moved into the hall, and, in a short time, not a seat was vacant. On the platform were the commanders of the various divisions accompanied by their staffs and the color.

REMARKS OF DR. SCHMIDT.

Mr. A. C. Hesing called the meeting to order, and on his motion Doctor Ernst Schmidt was chosen presiding officer, he taking his seat. He exhorted them, as patriots and as good citizens to vote the Republican ticket, heedless of any slight shades of difference that might exist among themselves. He also mentioned the dangers that would result from the election of Seymour and Blair. He knew the latter. He had lived with him in Missouri, and there he had seen enough to satisfy him of his worthlessness. He spoke in detail of his action while Colonel of a Missouri regiment. At no time had he thought of anything but his own profit, his own political advancement. At the time of the capture of Camp Jackson he soon be stroking his moustache, and calculating the political prospects of the situation. He had acted ill toward the German soldiers, and he deserved nothing good at the hands of Germans. They should labor with the Republican party to defeat such men.

REMARKS OF GOVERNOR KOERNER.

He here introduced Judge Koerner, who spoke at some length, and very ably. He was listened to with marked attention by the large audience present. The great question was, said he, should the party, which had saved the Union, had made all sacrifices for it which preserved our nationality, should now control the government in order that the country might go on its glorious course. The danger was that another party, the one which had once nearly destroyed it, would seize the control of our glorious republic. The next election was to decide who it was that conquered at Appomattox. Their opponents knew it well. Those men were now trying to cast into oblivion the history of the past few years. They wanted only the present to be thought of. They spoke only of Southern brethren. Their candidates had nothing to say of the past. They spoke of the finances of Republican extravagance, the debt and taxes. This was but natural, and some people would be influenced by it. The sacrifices made in moments of great enthusiasm might seem hard now. Yet it was easy to answer that that great debt had been contracted in the putting down of the rebellion. Was it the Republican party that made the rebellion, and thus led to that expenditure? The Democrats were the last ones to say a single word about the contracting of the debt. Heavy taxes had to be imposed in order to pay the debt. It was necessary. Now, though the debt was great, our population was large and would soon double and be sixty millions. We were really better able to pay our debt than England was. No European land could compare in richness with this. The after-comers should aid to pay it. We had done much for posterity—should not posterity do something for us? But what did the Democrats say? They complained of taxes, and yet they were so arranged as to spare the poor and the lower classes generally. In the New York platform the Democrats proposed to clear off the debt as rapidly as possible, and that in greenbacks, and thus to save interest on the debt. Their greenbacks were to be made as good as gold. Yet they themselves had various theories, and Pendleton and Seymour did not entertain the same views. The platform was full of the grossest contradictions. Were such things worthy of a great party? was it honorable to attempt thus to deceive and defraud? Such a party deserved no success. Far different was the course of the Republican party. That party was pledged to provide for the full payment of the public creditors. It was a sentiment to which every German heart responded. It was the German part of the Republican platform. It was an absolute fraud to pay bondholders in paper. They wanted no more paper money. The bonds were issued to call in the paper money. They should not defraud the foreign bondholders, their German brothers who had chiefly taken the many millions held abroad, and who had thus aided in saving the republic. In France and England they sold no bonds—all went to Germany. When they were taken it was understood there that they would be paid in gold. He then spoke of the other great question at issue—the giving of the ballot to the negroes. Much interesting information concerning the result of that step could be obtained from Southern papers. It now appeared that there was no objection to negroes who voted for Seymour and Blair, but that no words were too harsh for those who were going to vote for Grant and Colfax. If the few in this State would vote for the Democratic candidates the opposition would gladly welcome them. It was said that they were ignorant, but that never disqualified a person from being a Democrat. The more ignorant the better. Were many New York city voters, and the poor white trash of the South, better than many negroes. It was necessary to give the blacks the ballot. If they had not been given it they would practically have reverted to their old slave state. The whites of the South continued to think as they always did. The old notions still prevailed there, and the Republican party could not, under the present circumstances, desert the colored race. The Republican party was also reproached for the expenditures of the Freedmen's Bureau. No expense was wiser and none more necessary. It was necessary to feed, protect and educate the newly-emancipated race, and make them more fit to be free men, and more fit to exercise their voting privilege for the good of the country. All that had to be done. Then, too, the Civil Rights bill had been passed to protect not only the blacks, but also whites who might emigrate to the South. The great principle of the Republican party was equal rights for all men, and that party was unwearied in its efforts to carry it out. The Republican party really needed no defence against the accusations of a Seymour or a Vallandigham, a Hampton or a Forrest, or the other rebels in the New York Convention. Those men who had tried to put the axe to the roots of the tree of liberty did not deserve attention. They had forgotten the past. They spoke as defiantly as if there had been no conquered rebellion. The Democratic party was responsible for very much. Under its auspices the rebellion had begun, and it was a Democratic President who had declared that a State could not be coerced. Had he acted as he should, the rebellion would have been crushed in the bud, and we should have had no rebellion. That party was more to blame for the rebellion than the Southerners. Pendleton, in his speeches, had made statements which proved his utter ignorance of what the history of the past few years taught. The men who made the New York platform should have conceived another, and a higher platform. The Republican party, if it had done nothing else, had given freedom to four millions of slaves; it had saved the republic and suppressed a great rebellion. It deserved the sympathy and support of all who desired freedom.

THE BANNER.

Soon after the conclusion of Governor Koerner's remarks, and some excellent music by the Great Western Light Guard Band, General Salomon came forward bearing in his hands a magnificent flag bearing the following inscription: "Awarded to the Fourteenth Ward, the Banner Ward of the Tanners of Chicago."

REMARKS OF GENERAL SALOMON.

The General said that it was with pleasure that he presented the Tanners of the Fourteenth that flag, and conferred upon them the proud distinction of the Banner Ward, a title they had honorably won. Their ward consisted mainly of working men, who toiled all day, but who yet found time to meet in their halls and do all in their power to aid in the great cause. He had always found the Fourteenth Ward ready, and he had no doubt their efforts would be continued, and their majority greatly increased. The citizens of the Fourteenth Ward were, too, like himself, mostly Germans, and they were, too, nearly all good, sound Republicans, sound in time of war or peace. He recognized many soldiers among the Tanners of the Fourteenth, and he knew every one of them would in November vote for the man under whom they fought. They had not forgotten the years of battle, their murdered comrades, or the man who led them to victory—Ulysses S. Grant. They had not forgotten that the New York platform was made by rebels. The Tanners of the Fourteenth had always done their duty hitherto. He would only ask them to do it on the 3d of November. There had been parades enough, and now they were to work in another way. If they did it well they would only do what was expected of them.

REMARKS OF COL. SCHAFFNER.

The flag was received by Colonel Schaffner, of the Fourteenth Ward Battalion, who, in taking it, said that he was reminded of that grand outburst of enthusiasm in 1861, when the people sprung to the defence of an insulted flag. The Fourteenth Ward pledged itself to renewed efforts to the support of universal freedom, and to march on with that flag to front, until every man, black or white, was free from molestation. The ward thanked its friends, and would at the next election double its majority. The whole North Side took pride, however, in that banner, and would rally to its support. All the wards would together march on to victory.

CHEERS.

Three cheers were then given for the banner, three for the Tanners to whom the banner was given, and three for General Salomon. The meeting then adjourned to partake of refreshments provided by the Tanners of the Fourteenth Ward.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The political canvass continues to progress with vigor in Chicago, and the Republican side is going forward amid unprecedented enthusiasm. The Tanners are now so well organized and disciplined that on the least intimation thousands will gather at a moment's notice to labor in the good cause. The following announcements and reports indicate what is being done:

The officers of the North Division Tanners will meet at headquarters, Turner Hall, this evening at half-past 8 o'clock. Every officer is expected to be present, as business of importance will come before the meeting.

The Grant Guards are requested to report at headquarters this evening, to prepare for Monday's parade, and to make arrangements for the forthcoming entertainment.

The Committee of Arrangements for the South Division Tanners' promenade Concert, which is to be held at Library Hall on the 15th inst., will meet at Room 5, Court House, this afternoon, at 5 o'clock.

The members of Company A, of the Grant Rangers of the West Division, are ordered to assemble this evening at their headquarters, No. 159 West Randolph street, for business purposes.

There will be a meeting of Company A, Irish Republicans, this evening, at No. 116 Lasalle street. Civil and military officers are requested to be present.

Hon. J. D. Ward and other entertaining speakers will address the citizens of the Fourth Ward, this evening, at the National Park. Let there be a grand rally.

Members of Company A, of the Twelfth Ward Tanners, will meet at their headquarters, No. 400 Milwaukee avenue, this evening. The rolls for organization of a regular militia company will be opened on this occasion.

FORMATION OF A MILITIA COMPANY.

A meeting for the purpose of organizing a militia company was held at No. 132 Monroe street, on Monday evening. The movement was eminently a success, as two companies were formed. An election of officers resulted as follows:

Major—Joseph Leon.
Quartermaster—Wm. H. Tiffany.
Commissary—Julius Stein.
Surgeon—Dr. B. Blake.
Company A—Captain, S. I. Davis; First Lieutenant, Edward E. Roehl; Second Lieutenant, H. Gelder.
Company B—Captain, George Idell; First Lieutenant, Ad. Schwartz; Second Lieutenant, John Ulider.

The battalion was then addressed by several prominent military men present, who congratulated them upon their successful movement.

Before adjourning, a committee was appointed to confer with the Governor in relation to the organization.

All members are requested to be punctual in attendance this evening, and others are invited to be present at the rendezvous, No. 132 East Monroe street.

FOURTH WARD.

There will be a business meeting of the Fourth Ward Tanners, at headquarters, corner of State and Twenty-third streets, this (Wednesday) evening, at 7½ o'clock. Let us have a full attendance.

A communication has been received at this office from John DeWitt, in which he challenges Prof. W. Symons, the 1,000 hours pedestrian, to walk against him as follows: He (DeWitt) to carry a gun and knapsack and the entire equipment of a Zouave on the march; Symons to walk in his ordinary pedestrian costume, and make one hundred miles in twenty-four hours; J. D. DeWitt to make seventy-five miles in the same time. DeWitt can be seen any evening at No. 9 North Centre street.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Weekly and Monthly Mortality Reports.

The following reports, showing the mortality in Chicago during the past week and month, were submitted to the Board of Health yesterday afternoon:

WEEKLY MORTALITY REPORT.

The total mortality for the week ending October 3, 1868, was 129, and the following gave the principal causes of death: Accident, 2; disease of bowels, 5; diarrhœa, 12; diphtheria, 3; dysentery, 6; typhoid fever, 15; heart disease, 4; inanition, 2; old age, 4; phthisis pulmonalis, 6; pneumonia, 2; tabes mesenterica, 5; teething, 6; whooping cough, 4; premature births, 3; still births, 7.

COMPARISON.

Deaths during the week ending Oct. 3, 1868, 129; during the corresponding week in 1867, 110—increase, 19; during preceding week to 1868, 154—decrease, 25.

AGES AND CONDITIONS.

Under 1 year, 25; 1 to 2 years, 30; 2 to 5 years, 9; 5 to 10 years, 9; 10 to 20 years, 3; 20 to 30 years, 10; 30 to 40 years, 11; 40 to 50 years, 4; 50 to 60 years, 4; 60 to 70 years, 7; 70 to 80 years, 7; 80 to 90 years, 3. Total, 129. Males, 64; females, 65.

NATIVITIES.

Africa, 1; Bermuda, 1; Bohemia, 3; Canada, 1; Chicago, 49; United States, other portions, 20; England, 3; Germany, 28; Holland, 1; Ireland, 17; Norway, 4; Scotland, 2; Sweden, 3; Wales, 1; unknown, 1. Total 129.

MORTALITY BY WARDS.

The greatest mortality, nineteen deaths, occurred in the Seventh Ward, and the least number in the First, Fourth and Sixteenth Wards, in each of which occurred three deaths. The greatest percentage of mortality, one in 1,153, occurred in the Seventh Ward, and the smallest percentage in the Fourth Ward, one in 5,560.

HEALTH OFFICER'S REPORT.

The following report was made by the Health Officer, showing the number of nuisances abated during the week, ending Oct. 3: First Ward, 46; Fourth Ward, 16; Sixth Ward, 27; Seventh Ward, 44; Eighth Ward, 76; Ninth Ward, 14; Tenth Ward, 23; Eleventh Ward, 40; Twelfth Ward, 18; Thirteenth Ward, 16; Fourteenth Ward, 25; Fifteenth Ward, 34; Sixteenth Ward, 41. Total, 423.

MONTHLY MORTALITY REPORT.

The following is the report of mortality for the month of September, 1868, showing the principal causes of death, ages, condition, sex, color, nativity, comparison with the preceding year, etc.: Total mortality for the month, 736. Among the causes of death the following predominate: Accident, 11; bowel diseases, 8; brain diseases, 9; cholera infantum, 131; convulsions, 73; croup, 11; diphtheria, 34; diarrhœa and dysentery, 104; scarlet fever, 8; typhoid fever, 64; heart disease, 7; hydrocephalus, 20; inanition, 23; meningitis, 13; old age, 8; phthisis pulmonalis, 39; pneumonia, 34; tabes mesenterica, 27; teething, 46; whooping cough, 16; premature births, 27; still births, 15; todious births, 1.

COMPARISON.

Deaths during September, 1868, 736; during corresponding month in 1867, 567; increase, 169; deaths during preceding month in 1868, 944; decrease, 208.

AGES.

Under one year, 277; one year to three, 219; three years to five, 37; five years to ten, 31; ten years to twenty, 19; twenty years to thirty, 49; thirty years to forty, 36; forty years to fifty, 26; fifty years to sixty, 14; sixty years to seventy, 18; seventy years to eighty, 12; eighty years to ninety, 3; unknown, 2; total, 736.

SEX, COLOR AND CONDITION.

Males, 382; females, 354—736; colored, 9; white, 727—736; married, 108; single, 628—736.

NATIVITIES.

Africa, 1; Austria, 1; Bermuda, 1; Bohemia, 7; Canada, 6; natives of Chicago, 443; other parts of the United States, 107; Denmark, 1; England, 9; France, 1; Germany, 79; Holland, 4; Ireland, 33; Italy, 2; Norway, 10; New Brunswick, 1; Scotland, 1; Sweden, 17; Wales, 1; unknown, 1—736.

MORTALITY BY WARDS.

First Ward, 9; Second, 35; Third, 27; Fourth, 36; Fifth, 43; Sixth, 46; Seventh, 118; Eighth, 48; Ninth, 34; Tenth, 29; Eleventh, 33; Twelfth, 74; Thirteenth, 44; Fourteenth, 42; Fifteenth, 64; Sixteenth, 26; Bridewell, 1; County Hospital, 19; Home for the Friendless, 4; Half-Orphan Asylum, 1; Hospital Alexian Brothers, 1; Hospital for Women and Children, 1; Marine Hospital, 2; Mercy Hospital, 3; Protestant Orphan Asylum, 1; Immigrants, 19—736.

NUISANCES, DOGS, ETC.

The number of nuisances abated in the city during the month was reported to be 1,721. Number of dogs poisoned—South Division, 933; West Division, 1,815; North Division, 465; total, 3,113.

The various reports were accepted, and the board adjourned.

AMUSEMENTS.

MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM.—The second performance of "Midsummer Night's Dream" was given last evening in a thoroughly successful manner to an immense audience. We have already spoken somewhat in detail of the scenic and mechanical effects, the costumes, armors, properties and appointments, and need not allude to them further at present than to congratulate the management upon their success and good taste, and to claim for them, what will be palpable to every one, that no spectacular piece has ever been mounted upon the Chicago stage with better effect. We doubt if any theatre in the country indeed could produce this play in a more superior manner, for there is not a better working stage to be found than McVicker's. Mr. Jefferson's excellent good sense and taste are manifested throughout, and show the difference between producing a spectacle in an artistic and a sensational manner, if we may call that play a spectacle which combines in itself all the elements of the drama, and demands for its production all the resources of the stage. It has plots within plots. It is a play within a play. Farce, comedy, burlesque and melodrama, all enter into its composition, and spectacle and music lend their charms to make it complete, while the cunning skill of the scene painters has cast a genuine atmosphere of fairy land about the piece, so soft and mellow are the tints and general handling of nearly every scene. Some of the mechanical appliances do not work quite smoothly yet, but this will be remedied with one or two representations. That the piece should work as smoothly as it does is almost a miracle, considering the fact that the mechanical arrangements are much more numerous and intricate than either those of the "White Fawn," "Black Crook" or "Undine." The waits are very brief, the longest one not being over eight minutes.

The cast is a very strong one, and our home actors conceive and execute their parts in a very creditable manner. Mrs. Myers' *Helena* is one of the best of her personations, and a character to which she is naturally adapted both in figure and voice. Mrs. Cowell, although quite disguised in her make-up of *Hermia*, is nevertheless herself, acts the *role* very carefully, and reads it excellently. Nagle is rather heavy as *Lysander*, and Hudson as *Demetrius* is as light as Nagle is heavy. McVicker is the dramatic gem of the piece, whether in *propria persona* as *Bottom*, the weaver, as the Ass beloved of *Titania*, or as *Pyramus*, the disconsolate lover. Indeed, it may be questioned whether there is an actor on the American stage who is so happy both in his conception and delineation of Shakspeare's clowns as McVicker. The rest of the "hard-fisted men of Athens" are admirably personated by Rainford, Russell, Woodsall and Stanley. They keep the house convulsed with laughter at each appearance, and preserve the equilibrium of the purely comic and the grotesque, without scarcely once departing from that mean. The temptations to overdo in these *roles* are very pressing, and the fact that they do not yield to that temptation speaks well for their excellence as actors.

The cast of the immortals—notably *Titania* (Miss Stockton), *Oberon* (Miss Kemp), and *Puck* (Master Willie Young)—is also a very strong one. Miss Stockton is a young lady, of elegant figure and very pretty face, of graceful carriage, and in addition to being a good actress, is a very pleasing mezzo-soprano singer, and sings her airs in a very creditable manner. Miss Kemp is familiar to the public from her appearance in the White Fawn, at the Opera House. She has a very clear, deep, round contralto voice, which has been well-cultivated, and in the dramatic phases of her character, although they are not very exacting, displays a very creditable amount of skill. Master Young, for one of his age, is very remarkable, and if he would lower his voice from the unpleasantly high pitch and avoid affectations of manner would still be more effective. But for a mere lad, his reading is certainly wonderful and his dramatic knowledge equally surprising.

The music of the piece has been very carefully provided for. The orchestra has been materially enlarged, the poor players sifted out and their places supplied by better ones, and considering their numbers the music is excellently performed, although it is much more difficult than usually falls to the lot of theatrical orchestras. All the indications are good for a long run for Midsummer Night's Dream.

THE OPERA.—"Fidelio" was repeated last evening to a handsome audience. In regard to the performance, there is little or nothing to add in addition to what we wrote when it was first given, except that both overtures were played and that it passed off more smoothly than then. This evening the splendid opera of the "Sicilian Vespers" will be given, one of the best on the whole *repertoire*. The indications are that the house will be an immense one. For the remainder of the week the *repertoire* will be as follows: Thursday, Fra Diavolo; Friday, probably, Crispino; Saturday afternoon, Trovatore; Saturday evening, Robert the Devil, with Weemael for the ballet.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—"Kind to a Fault" and "Paul Pry" are drawing large houses at Wood's.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

The case of Colonel Thomas Grosvenor, charged with defrauding the government, came up again yesterday morning before United States Commissioner Hoyne. Mr. George C. Bates, counsel for the accused, said that he desired, on behalf of his client, to waive an examination, and let the case go before the grand jury. The District Attorney replied that the witnesses for the government were all present, and that he was ready to proceed with the examination. For his own part, he would prefer the hearing could be had then and there. Mr. Bates said that the case had been twice continued, and it was out of his power to do anything about it on that or the following day, on account of imperative engagements. He wanted no more continuances, and it had, therefore, been decided to waive an examination. The District Attorney reiterated the declaration of his willingness to have the examination as soon as possible, but Mr. Bates persisted, and Colonel Grosvenor was consequently required to give bonds to the amount of $5,000 to appear and answer to any indictment found against him by the grand jury.

Two pickpockets, named Quirk and Patterson, were arrested in the West Division, Monday evening, and on one of them was found an English gold lever watch, with chain, and valued at about $100. Captain Hiller displayed the prisoners to his entire precinct station force, so as to indelibly impress their likenesses in the memory of the officers. He afterwards conveyed the petty criminals to a photograph establishment, where their portraits were taken for preservation in the rogues' gallery.

John McCausland, Robert Havard and Thomas Brady, the parties who "gobbled" two hundred pounds of butter from a firm in South Water street the other day, will probably have an opportunity of swallowing two hundred pounds of bread in Joliet, as they were fully committed for trial by the Police Justice yesterday morning. McCausland and Havard were held in $1,500, and Brady, who had not "buttered" quite so thickly, in $500 bail.

A gentleman who desires a reform in the management of Dearborn Park, writes as follows to THE TRIBUNE: "I take the liberty, through your valuable paper, to call the attention of the authorities to the manner in which Dearborn Park is neglected. It seems a shame that all the time and money has been used to make a fine ball ground for bootblacks and newsboys. I hope this matter will be attended to before the remaining beauty of the park is entirely obliterated."

At the annual meeting of the Pork Packers' Association, held at the office of A. Kent & Co., No. 163 Washington street, yesterday afternoon, V. A. Turpin, Esq., in the chair, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, David Kreigh; Vice President, Lyman Blair; Executive Committee, John L. Hancock, V. A. Turpin, C. H. S. Mixer, B. F. Hutchinson and Daniel A. Jones; Secretary, J. F. Gillette; Treasurer, John Johnson.

General Grant, Lieutenant General Sherman, Major General Harney, Major General Terry, Major General Sanborn, Brigadier General Auger, Colonel C. B. Comstock, Colonel N. G. Taylor, Colonel A. S. White, United States Army, arrived at the Tremont House, yesterday, to attend a meeting of the Indian Peace Commission, which convenes in extraordinary session in this city to-day.

At the Police Court yesterday, James and Michael Ryan, for making threats against James Harney, were bound over to keep the peace in the sum of $200 each.

At a meeting of Company A of the Irish Rifles, in Printers' Hall, on last Monday evening, the committee appointed to confer with Company C upon the subject of uniform handed in their report. They recommend a green tunic coat, black pants with a green stripe down the side, and a cap, similar in shape to that worn in the United States army. The report was unanimously adopted.

Rev. J. W. Healy of the Tabernacle Church of this city, has received a call to the First Congregational Church in New Orleans. Rev. E. B. Thomas has resigned the pastorate of the Salem Congregational Church. A new Congregational Church has been organized at Oakland, in the south part of the city, called the "Oakland Congregational Church."

Charles Kelly, for an assault upon Lestin Cutmore, on Monday last, with a two inch chisel, was held yesterday afternoon by Justice Sturtevant in bail of $500 for ten days in order that the result of Cutmore's injuries may be ascertained. Cutmore is said to be seriously wounded and some doubts of his recovery are entertained.

"Tip" Farrell, pretty well known here as a confidence man of the first water, recently "bearded the tiger" in Donaldson's faro bank, and, as he avers, lost $600. Yesterday "Tip" instituted a suit against the winner of his ducats. A capias was issued, and the gamboliers of the green were arrested.

The match game of base ball between nine reporters and nine printers of this city, will be played on the grounds of the Excelsior Club, this afternoon, commencing at one o'clock. The grounds are at the corner of State and Twenty-second streets.

The Excelsior Base Ball Club left this city at 10 o'clock last night for St. Louis, where they go to compete for the prize of $500, offered by the Missouri Mechanical and Agricultural Society to the best base ball club in the West.

Michael Campbell, Bartholomew O'Connor, John Russell and Tim. Ludden, the parties engaged in the Elston road riot, in which Frederick Albrecht and his wife received bodily injury, were fully committed for trial by Justice Milliken, yesterday, in bail of $300 each.

The Bridgeport ruffian and notorious desperado, Corny Brown, who nearly cut the head off a man named Kennedy with a jack-knife, the other evening, was, yesterday, by Justice Milliken, committed for trial in bail of $800.

Sergeant William Macauley, of the Lake street police squad, is now lying dangerously ill at the residence of relatives at Dutch Creek, near Washington, Iowa. He recently went there on a visit.

Ellen Hayes, in the language of the prosecutrix, "licked" a neighbor's child. For this lambent proclivity she was held by Justice Milliken, yesterday, for trial in bail of $300.

The Board of Public Works, yesterday, awarded to Fox & Howard the contract for the construction of Throop street bridge, which is to be finished within sixty days, at a cost of $12,400.

Marine News.

SCOW LAUREL.—This vessel which was damaged by going ashore, at White Lake, a few days since, has arrived here, and is in one of the North Branch docks being repaired.

SCHOONER J. A. TRAVIS.—The schooner J. A. Travis, which our nautical readers will remember capsized on this lake several weeks ago, was righted and towed to Pentwater, at which point her spars were shortened, besides being otherwise repaired, reached our harbor yesterday afternoon, with 375,000 shingles, from Pentwater. She presents a fair appearance.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The brig Sailor Boy, owned by A. P. Lyman, of Sheboygan, is being fitted out at Milwaukee for a trip to Liverpool. She is to be recaulked, overhauled, provided with new masts, six feet shorter than the old ones, and a new deck, beside which her hatches are to be changed, the rail forward raised one foot, and the quick work changed. She has been chartered by a Milwaukee party, who proposes to ship a cargo of wheat direct from the latter place to Liverpool. The brig is of 284 tons burden, and rates B 1.

CELEBRATION.—On Monday the fiftieth anniversary of the Welland Canal was honored at St. Catharines. The survey of this important public work was commenced in the year 1818, just half a century ago.

LAID UP.—The small steamer Daylight has been laid up for the season at Muskegon.

NEW VESSEL.—A new scow, 110 feet long, 26 feet beam, and 7 feet depth of hold, is being built at Port Huron.

DROWNED.—A young man named Eli Randall, employed upon one of the tugs at Port Colborne, was drowned in the harbor at that point on the 28th ult.

NEW MASTS.—The Buffalo *Courier* states that the schooner D. R. Martin has received a new foremast and the Oliver Culver a new mizzen mast at that port.

DREDGING.—The bar at the entrance to Milwaukee harbor is now being dredged. The prospect, however, of the early completion of the work, is not very flattering.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—A red light has been established on the extreme east end of the north pier of Racine harbor, about 400 feet from the government light.

NEW DRY DOCK.—Parties at Port Huron will soon commence the construction of a dry dock of the following dimensions: Length, 260 feet; width, 65 feet; and depth, 16 feet.

LARGE CARGO.—The bark Sweetheart, Captain George Elsey, reached Milwaukee, on Sunday, with a cargo of one thousand and forty tons of coal—with a single exception the largest quantity of that article ever taken to that port in one cargo.

ONTONAGON HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.—The superstructure on the pier is almost entirely completed. The crib contractors are now busily engaged in framing the balance of cribs to be sunk this year—eight in number. As soon as three are complete, they will be put in place and the superstructure completed on them. Four of the cribs are now ready, and the balance will be in a few days.

THE L. B. GOLDSMITH.—This vessel, as we learn, was in readiness for launching on Saturday, from the beach at Two Creeks. The scow was first raised with screws and then placed upon launching ways. The Goldsmith went ashore at this place on the 29th ult.

SAFE RECOVERED.—Parties at Oswego have recently succeeded in recovering the safe of the ill-fated Canadian steamer Comet, which was blown up at Oswego some twelve or fifteen years ago, and so shattered that she sank. Quite a number of lives were lost by the disaster. She was afterwards raised and towed to Canada for repairs, but on her first return trip sprung a leak and sunk in deep water off Oswego. The safe contained nothing of value.

QUICK TRIPS.—The bark Newsboy has just made the trip from Milwaukee to Buffalo and back to Detroit in seven days, including eight hours detention in the rivers.

The schooner Maumee Valley left Buffalo Thursday morning last at 3 o'clock; at 7:30 p. m. she was off Point au Pelee, and at 10 p. m. sounded the Turtle Island light at the mouth of Maumee Bay.

OCEAN MARINE LOSSES FOR SEPTEMBER.—We publish below our monthly table of marine losses for the past month, showing an aggregate of twenty-nine vessels. Of this number two were steamers, four were ships, four were barks, one was a brig, eighteen were schooners and two were sloops. Of the above, six sunk after collision, three were burned, two foundered, two were abandoned, and one is missing, supposed lost. The total value of the property lost, burned and missing is estimated at one million and ninety-eight thousand dollars.

	Vessels.	Losses.
Total losses for January	48	$3,460,700
Total losses for February	52	1,848,000
Total losses for March	30	1,478,000
Total losses for April	41	1,041,000
Total losses for May	28	519,000
Total losses for June	22	1,364,000
Total losses for July	6	423,000
Total losses for August	22	948,000
Total losses for September	29	1,098,000
Total losses for nine months	267	$11,698,500
Same period in 1867	366	16,876,100
Same period in 1866	349	19,097,000
Same period in 1865	275	20,549,000

Important Invention in Tanning.

A patent for an improvement in the manufacture of leather has been issued to William Windoes, Esq., of Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, by which the use of sulphuric acid in tanning the finer qualities of leather is obviated. The *Scientific American* thus notices the new process:

TANNING.—W. Windoes, Fond du Lac, Wis. This is a new and economical invention, by means of which a very soft and beautiful leather may be expeditiously produced with great success. We have examined some excellent specimens of the leather, in fact we are using gloves made of it, which are admirable in quality. We regard the improvement as one of value. The process is quite simple, and reflects credit upon the inventor.

Mr. Windoes' specifications show that there is no acid employed in his process. His invention gives to leather manufacturers a new and sure process of making the most beautiful and durable leather in the world for the manufacture of gloves or ladies' shoes—an article fully equal to the imported French calf skin. It will enable tanners to place their light stock in market as their highest priced goods, which has heretofore been a drug upon their hands, if sold at all, scarcely at protecting figures. Mr. W. is well known in this city as a prompt and trustworthy business man. Parties desiring information may rely upon his word. His advertisement should be read, in another column in this issue.

Highland Park.

If you wish to get an interest in this beautiful village, do not forget that you are invited to attend the sale to be held there to-morrow. A free train will be ready at the Kinzie street depot, West Side, at 9 o'clock a. m.

Laundale.

There is to be a sale of lots in this beautiful place on Friday. Do not fail to get a plat of the ground at the salesroom of W. A. Butters & Co., Nos. 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph street.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

It Operates like Magic.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays all pain. Sure to regulate the bowels. Perfectly safe in all cases, as millions of mothers can testify. Offices No. 215 Fulton street, New York, and No. 205 High Holborn, London, England. Be sure and call for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

"See Naples and die," says the Italian proverb. Inhale the odor of Phalon's new perfume, "Flor De Mayo," and you will say that life has for you another charm. What Naples is among the cities of the Mediterranean, that perfume is among the other perfumes of the world. Sold by all druggists.

New and beautiful Pianos for rent, at $8, $10 and $12 per month each—the money paid for rent to be deducted from the price of the instrument. Still on hand a few of Treat, Lindsley & Co.'s organs and melodeons; for sale at cost price. H. M. Higgins, 134 South Clark street.

Juniper Tar Soap is a certain cure for chapped hands and all roughness or irritation of the skin, eczema, ringworm, salt rheum, pimples, and all other cutaneous affections, making the skin soft and smooth. Manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists.

Dr. Stephens: Sir: I have had a corn which has been very troublesome for the past year. I was persuaded to try your All Right Corn Salve, which gave me instantaneous relief. D. P. Fuller, 66 West Lake street. For sale by druggists, 25 cents a box.

West Division Gettysburg water, Congress water, Empire water, by the case or single bottle, for sale by J. W. Hill, druggist, northwest corner Halsted and Adams streets.

Paper Hangings and Window Shades, all of the latest. Paints, Oils and Glass, at F. E. Rigby's, 89 Randolph street.

MARRIED.

BOOT—LAWSON—In this city, Oct. 5, by Rev. C. Heimer, Mr. J. W. Boot and Miss Annie E. Lawson, both of Chicago.

THOMSON—MORRIS—In this city, Sept. 15, by Rev. E. Sullivan, Mr. William Thomson, Jr., M. D., of Chicago, and Miss Lizzie Morris, of Indianapolis.

CORNELL—GILMORE—At the residence of the bride, in this city, by Rev. Mr. Judkins, of the M. E. Church, Mr. N. N. Cornell and Mrs. A. Gilmore, formerly of Dubuque, Iowa.

Dubuque and Ohio papers please copy.

BEVERLEY—REED—At the residence of the bride's father, in this city, by Rev. Dr. Evarts, Mr. J. M. Beverley and Miss Jennie B. Reed, all of this city. No cards.

HAMBLETON—LANDER—At the residence of Hon. H. W. Lander, in Beaver Dam, Wis., October 6, by Rev. Thomas B. Johnson, Chauncey Hambleton, of Chicago, and Miss Emma Lander, daughter of the late W. H. Lander, Esq., of Fox Lake. No cards.

DIED.

TAYLOR—In Calumet, September 28, Mrs. Mary B., wife of Albert Taylor, formerly of Manchester, N. H., aged fifty-three years and six months.

Personal.

PERSONAL—Midsummer Night's Dream, Monday night.—The young gentleman in the parquette, who bowed to the young lady in the front row, dress circle, is anxious to improve the acquaintance. He is sorry he lost sight of her after the performance. Address JAMES Y. SYDNEY, Chicago Post Office.

Strayed or Stolen.

STRAYED—From Cass's Grove, a white cow, some red hairs in face. Anybody who returns the cow or can give reliable information will receive a reward of $5 from J. H. MULLER, 12 Elm-st.

Auction Sales.

HIGHLAND PARK.

SPECIAL TRAIN SECURED.

DO NOT FORGET THE

Great Auction Sale

OF

ELEGANT LARGE RESIDENCE LOTS,

AND SEVERAL

Handsome New Dwellings,

ON BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED GROUNDS,

AT

HIGHLAND PARK.

By WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.

On Thursday Morning, Oct. 8.

SALE ON THE GROUNDS.

A special train of cars, free to all who desire to attend the sale, will leave the Milwaukee Depot, corner of Kinzie and Canal-sts., at 9 o'clock on the morning of the sale. Terms easy. Sale peremptory.

By order of the HIGHLAND PARK BUILDING COMPANY.

BY WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.

LAUNDALE.

48 Handsome Lots at Laundale

AT AUCTION,

On FRIDAY, Oct. 9th, at 3 o'clock p. m., by WM. A. BUTTERS & Co., at their Salesrooms, 5, 7, 9 & 11 Randolph-st.

Laundale is just south of Egandale
One block west of horse cars.
One block east of Vincennes-av.
Two blocks south of Woodville.
Three blocks north of Woodlawn station.
Lots 50 feet front. Perfectly dry.
Every foot ready for cultivation.
The block south and the one north both in gardens.
No encumbrance on the property.
Title perfect, with full warrantee deeds.
One-third cash, balance in 1 and 2 years.
Call and get a map.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auct's.

4,000 YARDS REMNANTS

Beavers, Cloths and Cassimeres, AT AUCTION, On WEDNESDAY, Oct. 7th, at 10 o'clock, at our salesrooms, 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

CATALOGUE SALE,

On WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, Oct. 7 and 8, OF

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Fashionable Ready-made Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Boots and Shoes, &c.,

By WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.,

At their Large and Spacious Salesroom, in Dearborn Block, Nos. 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.

Large assortment of Second-Hand and New

Furniture, Carpets, Show Cases, Stoves, Crockery, &c., &c.,

AT AUCTION,

ON FRIDAY, October 9, at 9½ o'clock, we shall sell at our sales-rooms, Nos. 118 and 120 State-st., the entire goods, &c., of two families breaking up housekeeping, consisting of a general assortment of Parlor, Bed room and Dining room Furniture, Elegant Velvet, Brussels and other Carpets, several very nice Marble Top Chamber and Parlor Suits.

LOT CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, STOVES, &c.

Also, three NEW SHOW CASES, together with a general assortment of household goods.

GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auctioneers.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.

CATALOGUE SALE.

75 CRATES OF WHITE CROCKERY

AT AUCTION,

BY THE CRATE.

On WEDNESDAY, October 14th, at 9½ o'clock, we shall sell at our salesrooms, Nos. 118 and 120 State-st.,

75 CRATES OF WHITE CROCKERY,

consisting of a complete assortment. The crates are well assorted and worthy the attention of the trade. Country merchants are invited to attend the sale. Samples can be seen Thursday. Catalogues Wednesday. Sale without reserve.

GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auctioneers.

BY CHILDS BROS., 31 STATE-ST.

AT AUCTION.

Pawnbrokers' Sale of Moss & Hyman, Cincinnati

A fine and elegant stock of Gold and Silver Watches, Diamond Pins and Rings, Necklaces, Watch Chains, Gold Rings, Jewelry, Meerschaum Pipes, and miscellaneous goods usually found in a pawnbroker's stock, at our salesroom, 31 State-st., on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, Oct. 6th and 7th, at 11 o'clock each day. Sale positive and without reserve.

BY CHILDS BROS., 31 STATE-ST.

AT AUCTION.

Dry and Woolen Goods, Hosiery, Shawls, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Worsted Goods, Hoop Skirts, Piece Goods, Boots and Shoes, Fancy Notions, etc., etc.

10 Bales Sheetings.

Will sell at our salesroom on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, October 6th and 7th, at 9½ o'clock. This large sale should command the attention of the trade.

G. W. BECKFORD, Auctioneer.

BY CHILDS BROS., 31 STATE-ST.

AT AUCTION.

The Lease and Household Furniture, Carpets, Oil Paintings, &c.

Consisting of 18 rooms. Will sell at auction, on the premises, Berlin Block, northwest corner of State and Monroe-sts., the lease and contents of 18 rooms, on THURSDAY, October 8th, at 11 o'clock. Consisting of Chamber Sets, Lounges, Rockers, Tables, Chairs, Oil Paintings, Bedsteads, Washstands, Stoves, Carpets, Crockery, Mattresses, Pillows, Bedding, Lamps, &c. The rooms are nearly all occupied, and the owner is realizing a handsome profit from the rent of same. Sale positive.

G. W. BECKFORD, Auctioneer.

SIXTH

TRADE SALE.

WE SHALL OFFER

AT AUCTION,

On Wednesday, October 7th, 1868,

1,000 CASES CUSTOM-MADE

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT OUR LARGE SALESROOM,

No. 18 South Water-st.,

Two doors from the Richmond House.

Goods packed for Country Merchants.

GEO. P. GORE & CO.

AUCTION.

$2,000 Worth of Clothing at Auction this Morning.

DANIEL SCOTT & CO. Auctioneers, will sell at their rooms a large stock of custom made Clothing, including every sort of garment suitable for this season. The stock is part of a trader retiring from business, and is well worthy the attention of all in the trade.

AUCTION.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, Oct. 7th and 8th at 9½ a. m.,

At DANIEL SCOTT & CO.'S, 42 Randolph-st.,

Custom-Made Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes.

DANIEL SCOTT & CO., Auctioneers.

AUCTION,

FRIDAY, Oct. 9th, at 9½ a. m.,

At DANIEL SCOTT & CO.'S, 42 Randolph-st.,

50 Crates Pint Wine Bottles,

By order of James Warrack, Esq., consignee.

DANIEL SCOTT & CO., Auctioneers.

500 LOTS AT AUCTION,

OF COTTAGE GROVE, DREXEL AND EGANDALE-AVS.,

In the Town of Hyde Park,

ON AND SOUTH OF ELM-ST.,

At the Office of CLARKE, LAYTON & CO., 129 Washington-st.

Sale to take place on Monday, the 12th of October,

At 2 O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON

The dummy cars will run to and past this property in 60 days from now, thus making it very desirable for suburban residences. The land is laid out in large and deep lots. No part of the city is rising in value more rapidly than this section, nor is there any which will pay better as an investment.

TERMS OF SALE—¼ to ⅓ cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years at 8 per cent, payable annually.

See handbills and plat of ground, which will be furnished at our office by the 1st day of October.

Title perfect.

CLARKE, LAYTON & CO., 129 Washington-st.

Information Wanted.

INFORMATION—Wanted—Of Ned, Neil and James Sweeney, by their brother, Michael, who arrived in Chicago last Friday. Call at 124 South Canal-st.

INFORMATION—Wanted—Of an Indian, who left his home, 18 Carroll-st., yesterday morning. Has a very dark complexion, and long hair in very long, and walks with a cane. Any information of him will be thankfully received by his friends at the above number.

Amusements.

CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE.

THE MAX MARETZEK COMBINATION COMPANY.

ITALIAN AND GERMAN OPERA.

This evening, Wednesday, Oct. 7—Italian Opera—First time of Verdi's Grand Spectacular Opera,

VESPRI SICILIANI.

With New Dresses, Scenery, &c.

DUCHESS ELENA	Miss AGATHA STATES
ARRIGO	Sig. [illegible]
GUIDO DI MONTFORT	Sig. ORLANDINI
JOHN OF PROCIDA	Sig. ANTONUCCI
DE VANDEMONT	Sig. [illegible]
BETHUNE	Sig. DUBREUL

To-morrow, Thursday, Oct. 8—Grand German Opera,

FRA DIAVOLO.

With a powerful cast.

ZERLINA	Mad. ROTTER
LADY ROCHBURG	Mad. CELLINI
FRA DIAVOLO	Herr HABELMANN
LORD ROCHBURG	GIORGIO RONCONI
LORENZO	Herr REICHART
BEPPO	Herr CASTELLI

And Herr HERMANNS as GIACOMO,

In which character he will sing the celebrated English song, "I'M AFLOAT."

Friday, Oct. 9—A Favorite Opera.

Saturday—GRAND GALA MATINEE,

IL TROVATORE.

Saturday evening, Oct. 10—German Opera—First time of Meyerbeer's Grand Opera,

ROBERTO IL DIAVOLO,

Which will be produced with increased Orchestra, Grand Ballet, New Dresses, New Scenery, and the entire strength of the Company, surpassing any Opera ever produced before in this city.

Admission, $1. Reserved seats, 50 cents extra. Family Circle, 50 cents only. Private Boxes, $8. Seats for any of the above performances can now be secured at the Box Office of the Opera House.

LIBRARY HALL.

MORNING AND EVENING

READINGS,

FROM SHAKSPEARE,

BY MRS.

FRANCES ANNE KEMBLE.

One Series of Four Readings Only.

MRS. KEMBLE will have the honor to read four of Shakspeare's Plays in Chicago, in the following order: On Monday Evening, Oct. 12—

THE MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR.

Wednesday Morning, Oct. 14—

KING LEAR.

On Friday Evening, Oct. 16—

SECOND PART OF HENRY IV.

On Saturday Morning, Oct. 17—

AS YOU LIKE IT.

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra.

The sale of tickets for the series and for single Readings will commence on Thursday morning, Oct. 8th, at 9 o'clock, at COBB, PRITCHARD & CO.'S, 81 and 83 Lake-st.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—No more tickets will be sold than the actual number of seats in the hall. The Evening Readings will commence precisely at 8 o'clock, and the Morning Readings at 11 o'clock p. m. It is respectfully requested, to avoid interruption, that the audience be seated ten minutes before the Readings begin.

McVICKER'S THEATRE.

Doors open at 7, performance commences 7¾ o'clock.

UNEQUIVOCAL SUCCESS OF THE SHAKSPERIAN FESTIVAL.

A Midsummer Night's Dream,

PRODUCED WITH ARTISTIC GRANDEUR.

PERFECTION IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

Panoramic effects, scenery, music, dresses, acting and mountings all in strict accordance with the text of the great author.

J. H. McVICKER as	BOTTOM and PYRAMUS
Miss ANNIE KEMP as	OBERON
Miss FANNIE STOCKTON as	TITANIA
Master WILLIE YOUNGE as	PUCK

Remember the play commences at a quarter before eight, with a spectacular "View of Athens." It is respectfully suggested that the audience will be in their seats at the time announced, and at the termination retain their places to witness the

THREE MARVELLOUS TRANSFORMATIONS.

Every night, and Saturday Matinee.

COL. WOOD'S MUSEUM.

FRANK E. AIKEN .... Sole Lessee and Manager.

LAST PERFORMANCE OF THE GLORIOUS COMEDY BILL.

This Wednesday evening at 7¾ o'clock, also at the Grand Matinee at 2½ o'clock,

KIND TO A FAULT.

To conclude with

PAUL PRY.

Thursday, CROSSING THE QUICKSANDS, and TOO MUCH FOR GOOD NATURE.

In preparation, Boucicault's LONG STRIKE.

CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE.

TO-NIGHT,

VESPRI SICILIANI.

ARLINGTON HALL.

Corner Clark and Monroe-sts.

J. H. Haverly .... Manager.

MONDAY, October 5th, first appearance of Chicago's favorite,

WILLIAM BARRY,

In his new Songs and Dances. Last week of the Dutch Burlesque actor Mr. D. L. MORRIS. Matinee Saturday afternoon.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE—Or Rent—A large fine hotel, containing 46 rooms, well furnished, situated at Peru, Illinois, will be sold or rented on easy terms. The furniture is new and good, and can be bought on reasonable terms. Address GEORGE D. LAIRD, agent, Peru, Ill., or Colonel A. B. CHAMBERS, 22 North Third-st., Philadelphia.

FOR SALE—Cheap for cash, or secured paper or city property—A boarding house doing a first-rate business. Reason for selling, sickness. ASKINS & FOWLER, 155 Monroe-st., opposite Post Office.

FOR SALE—Drug store in a thriving Ohio town, stock new and clean, doing good trade, satisfactory reasons for selling. Address Lock Box 193, Columbus, Ohio.

FOR SALE—A first-class saloon, in the Court House square, doing a splendid business; everything in tip-top condition. This is an excellent chance for a man of enterprise and capital. COHN & KENNEDY, 250 South Clark-st.

FOR SALE—Three squares from the Post Office, one of the best paying saloons in the city, located on a corner of two of the most public thoroughfares in Chicago. This is a bargain. COHN & KENNEDY, 250 South Clark-st.

FOR SALE—Drug and prescription store at LaCrosse, Wisconsin. Stock complete and well selected. Business established and well patronized. Lease of store, known as Eagle Drug Store, can be secured at most favorable terms and for a long time. For further particulars call on or address CHAS. MICHEL, Administrator, LaCrosse, Wisconsin.

FOR SALE—The best cash grocery store west of New York, now doing a strictly cash business of from $400 to $500 a day. The store is situated on one of the best business streets in Chicago, with lease of two and a half years to run, with cheap rent. Stock worth about $8,000. Cottage and lot will be taken in part payment, convenient to street cars. Reason for selling, going into the wholesale business. Apply to SMITH BROS., 138 Milwaukee-av.

FOR SALE—The lease and fixtures of a saloon and billiard hall, in good order and doing a good business. To be sold on account of present owner being about to leave the city. Apply at 251 South Clark-st.

FOR SALE—At 101 East Madison-st., lease, stock, fixtures and furniture for $250, if taken in a few days.

FOR SALE—Or exchange for other property, boarding house 112 Adams-st., furnished handsomely and having all modern improvements. JAMES BLAKE, Room 14, Lombard Block.

FOR SALE—My warehouse, &c., including building, engine, sheller, corn mill, and all necessary fixtures for handling corn at least possible expense, situated on Illinois Central Railroad, 80 miles south of Chicago. Largest corn crop ever raised about ready for market. No other warehouse at the station. Price $4,000. Also, 320 acres choice land, right at station, partly improved. Price $20 per acre, half cash, balance long time. Refer to Messrs. C. Hutchins & Co., 159 South Water-st., Chicago. Address IRA A. MANLEY, Buckley, Ill.

FOR SALE—One-half interest in one of the best paying businesses in the city. Small capital required. Call at 96 Randolph-st., Room 1.

FOR SALE—Boarding house, 28 rooms and full of boarders. I wish to retire from the business and sell about $400 worth of surplus furniture. Location central. 333 State-st.

FOR SALE—A large hotel in one of the best locations in the city, and doing a most profitable business, containing 80 rooms, all well furnished. For particulars apply at the store of JOHN GRAHAM, No. 141 Madison-st., or at No. 86 South Canal-st.

FOR SALE—A millinery and dressmaking store for sale, now doing a good business. Cause, ill health. 148 West Madison-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—No. 1 saloon and restaurant, central location, with good trade; will invoice at $2,000; will be sold for less this week; proprietor going West. Parties looking for business had better investigate this before buying. G. DANFORD & CO., Room 6, No. 78 Lasalle-st.

FOR SALE—A neat, first-class cigar and tobacco store, doing a good business, will be sold cheap. Apply at 14 Dearborn-st., Room 1.

FOR SALE—Or Trade—A fine grocery. Let us know what you have to trade. Will sell at sacrifice for cash, for a great bargain. Call or address UNDERWOOD & BROWN, Room 7, 129 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—The business and furniture of a small new hotel in a country town, doing well. Value $3,000. J. W. HEDENBERG, 14 Lombard Block.

FOR SALE—In a country town, a livery stable doing a good business. The buildings, stock, &c., about $4,000. J. W. HEDENBERG, 14 Lombard Block.

WANTED—A young man wishes to invest money in some active business, either in the city or country. Address T, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—Or trade for good property—½ or ⅓ interest in a lease and furniture of a large hotel doing a fine business in the country. 104 Randolph-st., LAMB & CO., Brokers.

FOR SALE—A first-class saloon and lunch room near Court House Square; fine stock of liquors and splendid fixtures; all will be sold at a bargain. Apply to COHN & KENNEDY, 250 South Clark-st.

FOR SALE—One-third interest in one of the best paying manufacturing establishments in the West. No one but a straight man need apply. Address S P, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—Or Exchange—An interest in a 15-barrel still in this city; is new and in good running order. Address JOHNSON, Tribune office, for three days.

FOR SALE—The whole or a part interest of a rectifying and wholesale liquor business. A moderate capital required. Address CÆSAR, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—Or trade for good improved city lots, or country farms—One of the best paying businesses in this city. $6,000 price. LAMB & CO., Brokers, 104 Randolph-st.

Lost, Found, &c.

LOST—Sunday evening, October 4, a black Newfoundland dog pup, with a little white on the breast and under jaw. A suitable reward will be given to the finder by returning to W. ARLINGTON, No. 529 Wabash-av.

LOST—A black leather satchel, containing surgical apparatus and a physician's diary. A reward will be paid upon its delivery at MOORE & STEARNS' office, 154 East Washington-st.

LOST—Major—A smart mulatto boy of 10 years, being absent from home on an errand, on the 5th inst., mysteriously disappeared. Information thankfully received and rewarded at 180 Indiana-av., or at 20 Lombard Block.

LOST—$10 Reward—A dark fawn-colored Italian greyhound slut. The finder will receive the above reward by returning her to W and 165 Michigan-av.

LOST—Last evening, on Randolph-st. cars, or on Paulina-st., between Lake and Hubbard, a brown shawl, with light centre. Finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving same at 120 Hubbard-st., or at Tribune office.

To Rent—Houses.

TO RENT—No. 163 Huron-st., a first-class two-story and brick basement dwelling, nearly new, newly painted, having 12 rooms, with all modern improvements, convenient to street cars, good neighborhood. Inquire at 36 Huron-st.

TO RENT—No. 130 Elm-st.—A comfortable two-story and basement house, with rear addition. BAIRD & BRADLEY, corner Lake and Lasalle-sts.

TO RENT—The upper part of house No. 25 [illegible]. Contains 5 rooms and 2 closets. Rent $20 per month. Apply on premises.

TO RENT—The lower part of the house 378 Fulton-st., near Elizabeth, containing five rooms, closets and water. Situation pleasant and rent moderate. Inquire at the house.

TO RENT—Two new dwelling houses, Nos. 344 and 346 North Dearborn-st. Houses two story, with French roof, finished in most perfect manner, and supplied with every convenience. Rented cheap to good tenants. Apply at No. 202 Lake-st.

TO RENT—The marble front house 1181 Indiana-av., to a good responsible tenant. House newly painted and furnished, and furniture for sale. Possession given immediately. Apply to CLARKE, LAYTON & CO., 129 Washington-st., or Union Foundry Works, 211 South Clark-st. C. B. BOUTON.

TO RENT—For $1,200 per year—One of the new marble-front houses (almost ready) on North Lasalle-st., between McCagg-place and Oak-st. House two-story and basement, with French roof, finished in the most perfect manner, and supplied with every convenience. Apply to GEO. C. CLARKE, 18 Chamber of Commerce.

TO RENT—At a bargain, half of the brick house 299 West VanBuren-st. Consists of five rooms, with pantry and closets. Rent only $20 per month till May. Apply on the premises, or to C. A. BARROWS, 28 and 30 Lake-st.

TO RENT—A new cottage house on Third-av. 5 stores on Clark-st., near Taylor. Wanted, to hire a carpenter to work this winter. Apply to C. L. JENKS, 261 Clark-st.

TO RENT—Furnished house on Wabash-av., to a family who will board the owner's family (three persons) in consideration of rent of house. Apply at 15 Chamber of Commerce.

TO RENT—Neat house near Douglas University, convenient to steam cars or horse cars. $30 per month. CLAFLIN & WHITNEY, 167 Madison-st.

TO RENT—House of 11 rooms, on West Side, fitted for one family or two. Water on both floors. Rent $30, or will rent half. Inquire of JOHN S. REA, 134 Clark-st., Room 1.

TO RENT—Furnished—A very pretty two-story and basement house, with all modern improvements, located on Prairie-av., near street cars. The owners would remain as boarders, if desired. Address CAMDON, Tribune office.

TO RENT—And furniture for sale, part cash and balance on time—New two-story and basement house of 9 rooms, on Prairie-av., near Twenty-fourth-st. House has all modern improvements and very desirable. Address SHADE TREES, Tribune office.

TO RENT—House, and about $900 worth of new furniture for sale. Rent of house $400 per annum. Good neighborhood—West Side. Inquire at 224 South Water-st.

TO RENT—House 262 South Clinton-st., 10 rooms—bath-room, closets, hot and cold water arrangements, &c. 93 Thirty-first-st., 11 rooms, water and gas, and convenient to cars. 19 Cottage-place, 9 rooms and unfinished basement. T. S. FITCH & CO., 165 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—A new and desirable house on Lake Shore, near Kenwood Station, Hyde Park, with or without furniture. Address W L, Tribune office.

TO RENT—A two-story dwelling with ten rooms, in good repair—water, gas, sewer and brick cellar—No. 328 Third-av. Possession immediately. Apply to D. P. WILDER, 42 Clark-st.

TO RENT—119 Fourth-av., two comfortable rooms, with closets and water, suitable for housekeeping. Rent $15. Possession immediately. Apply on the premises.

TO RENT—Three furnished rooms, and furniture for sale very cheap. Every convenience for housekeeping. Apply at Room 39 Major Block, corner Madison and Lasalle-sts.

TO RENT—Furnished rooms, with stoves and closets. One a nice front room. Also, two unfurnished rooms, one suitable for housekeeping, in marble-front 268 State-st. Call at room 8. References required.

TO RENT—Two or three rooms suitable for housekeeping. Apply at 96 Third-av.

TO RENT—Very low to a good tenant, 6 nice rooms and closets, on second floor of house 149 Fourth-av., with front and rear entrance; water up stairs. Reference required.

TO RENT—Cottage house No. 62 St. John's-place, near Union Park, containing 6 rooms, pantry, &c. Apply at Room 35 McCormick's Building, or on the premises, Oct. 7.

TO RENT—Five rooms, suitable for a small family, on State-st., between Monroe and Madison. Inquire of Mrs. BALKAM'S office, 150½ State-st.

TO RENT—A boarding house with 18 rooms; also a tenement with 5 rooms. Inquire at Carriage Factory, 405 State-st. None but Americans with good reference need apply. L. F. HATHAWAY.

To Rent—Stores, Offices, &c.

TO RENT—Store in the best location on Lake-st., and fixtures for sale. Apply to ISAAC GREENBAUM, 73 Lake-st.

TO RENT—An office in Oriental Building, 122 Lasalle-st., very cheap. B. J. SWEET, 1 Metropolitan Block, corner Randolph and Lasalle-sts.

TO RENT—Half of store on South Water-st., in a very desirable location. Address A B, Tribune office.

TO RENT—A restaurant. Cheap. Apply at 118 East Randolph-st.

TO RENT—Room, 25x85 on the fourth story, suitable for a society or light manufacture. Also three rooms on the third story—furnished or not—suitable for gentlemen. Inquire of JULES SCHWABE, 17 Milwaukee-av.

TO RENT—And fixtures for sale, a splendid business stand. Apply on the premises, 228 South Clark-st.

TO RENT—Three stores and two dwellings over them, on the corner of West Madison and Paulina-sts. The dwellings will be rented separately, if desired. Apply to A. BLAKE, 27 Park-av.

TO RENT—Three-story brick building No. 27 Canal-st., between Randolph and Washington. Apply to THOS. LONERGAN, No. 23 South Clark-st.

TO RENT—Store 439 Cottage Grove-av., with rooms above. Rent low. T. S. FITCH & CO., 165 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—Store 58 South Wells-st., between Lake and Randolph. Water and gas in the store. Apply on premises.

TO RENT—Store and basement No. 47 State-st. Apply at No. 47 Lake-st. HAYWOOD, CARTLEDGE & HONORE.

TO RENT—Office—One of the most desirable offices in Larmon Block—fronts on Court House Square. Inquire of J. M. MARSHALL, Room No. 5.

To Rent—Rooms.

TO RENT—A suite of nicely furnished sleeping rooms, for gentlemen only. 238 State-st.

TO RENT—Sleeping room, furnished, pleasantly located, at 138 South Clark-st. Apply at Photograph Gallery, same number.

TO RENT—With board, a suite of rooms, heated by register, in a house with all modern improvements, in one of the pleasantest parts of the city. Address S J, Tribune office.

TO RENT—Furnished Rooms—A lady from the State of New York has some nicely furnished rooms at 312 State-st., cheap.

TO RENT—A suite of unfurnished rooms opposite Dearborn Park, pleasantly located, and convenient to business. Apply to JOHN STEVENSON, Draper and Tailor, No. 5 Washington-st.

TO RENT—Furnished front room in Pope's new block, 137 Madison-st., opposite Farwell Hall. Reference required. Apply at Room 47.

TO RENT—193 West Indiana-st., to gentleman and wife without children, a suite of front rooms, suitable for housekeeping, on second floor; water on same floor.

Machinery.

FOR SALE—Steam engines of all sizes and kinds; the best engines and the best assortment in the West. Call or write for circular and price list. 25 South Canal-st. B. M. AMES.

FOR SALE—Iron planers. We have the best assortment and can sell at lower figures than can be purchased elsewhere. Also, iron lathes, drills, steam pumps, Woodworth planer and matcher machines, Farrar surfacers, scroll saws, resawing machines, at 166 South Water-st. HAWKINS & JAMES.

FOR SALE—Two 12-horse portable engines in perfect order; 4 small stationary engines, but little used; 1 two-flue boiler, 26 feet long 42 inches diameter; a large stock of extra heavy leather belting, and Page's patent lace leather, at the Safe Factory of C. H. HARRIS, 62 South Canal-st.

FOR SALE—Second-hand engines, large and small, new do with boilers, iron lathes, and planer, drills, steam pumps, planers and matchers, shapers, resawers, mills, hose, supplies, wood and iron machinery, Bradley double cylinder engine, working. GREENLEE BROS. & CO., 63 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—Portable and stationary engines, iron planers, engine lathes, upright drills, bolt-cutters, Sturtevant blowers, Knowles' steam pumps, wood-working machinery of all kinds, belting, files, and a general assortment of machinists' supplies, at reduced prices. Send for circular. C. L. RICE & CO., 19 and 21 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—Steam engines of all sizes and makes, new and second hand. One 25x30 (Lawrence, Mass.), with tubular boiler, in excellent condition. W. MCGREGOR, 28 South Canal-st.

Partners Wanted.

PARTNER—Wanted—In a real estate business, well established. Must have some capital. A gentleman capable of doing active office work, only, will be accepted. Apply at 300 South Clark-st.

PARTNER—Wanted—A reliable party to take the agency of a first-class sewing machine for some of the Northwestern States. With the right party a liberal arrangement will be made. Premium medals, &c., have been received, and the machine is superior to any in the market. Call and examine at 52 Washington-st.

PARTNER—Wanted—In a real estate business, well established. Must have some capital. A gentleman capable of doing active office work, only, will be accepted. Apply at 300 South Clark-st.

PARTNER—Wanted—With $400 in a nice light manufacturing business. Profits large and a sure, safe business. At BALDWIN & CO.'S Business Exchange, 106 Madison-st., Room 2.

PARTNER—Wanted—With $15,000 or $20,000 in a wholesale drug house, situated in the best inland town in the State, established and doing a good trade. References given and required. Apply to WING, WILLOUGHBY & CO., 70 Lasalle-st.

PARTNER—Wanted—A practical man, well acquainted with business in this Western country, with $5,000, would like an interest in the lumber business, where his time and money would secure him a good business. In a rural city of Chicago. Best city references given and required. Address for one week, E., P. O. Box 1414, Chicago, Ill.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Cheap—A hand printing press, with four fonts of type, all new and in good order. Call at 2780 [illegible], near Twelfth.

FOR SALE—The frame building situated on the corner of Franklin and Centre-sts., known as the Centre-st. Skating Park building. Must be sold within two days. For terms apply to S. F. DAVISON, 114 South Water-st.

FOR SALE—Five pointer dog pups, four months old, bred from imported Irish setter and full-blooded pointer dog; will make splendid duck dogs. The same can be seen and shot over by addressing L O A, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—Household furniture, carpets, &c. On Friday, October 9th, there will be offered a quantity of good nearly new furniture, including lace curtains, fine hair cloth tete-a-tete, book case, &c., at No. 189 West Van Buren-st. Sale from 9 to 11 a. m.

FOR SALE—A lot of roofing slate at one-half the actual value. Apply to F. O. WELCH & CO., 63 and 65 South Canal-st.

FOR SALE—One nearly new cooking-stove. Also carpets, chairs, &c. Call at 135 South Water-st., in basement.

FOR SALE—Two young pet fawns. For particulars, apply at 195 State-st.

FOR SALE—Some choice lots of second hand furniture, recently purchased. Can remain in rooms by taking lease. If you wish bargains, call at 189 Madison-st., Room 4.

Correspondence Wanted.

CORRESPONDENCE—Wanted—By an intelligent Yankee girl, to form the acquaintance of a gentleman, between 30 and 40. One possessing means, intelligence, good standing in society, may correspond with the same by addressing YANKEE GIRL, Chicago Post Office.

Real Estate—City.

Improved.

FOR SALE—By Whipple & True, Room 3 Lombard block. [illegible]

FOR SALE—By F. C. Wells & Co., 44 Lasalle-st., Rooms 5 and 6. [illegible]

FOR SALE—On Prairie-av., north of Thirty-[illegible]

FOR SALE—Two-story house, 10 rooms, [illegible]

FOR SALE—By Soule & Walker, No. 12 Union Building—A new two-story house, well furnished (furniture mostly new), and corner lot 26x120 feet, in a good neighborhood south side. House is well finished, with marble mantels, cistern and closets. Price, $5,500. [illegible]

FOR SALE—A new two-story frame house of 10 rooms, brick foundation, hot and cold water, bath rooms, marble mantels, [illegible]

FOR SALE—Or Exchange—A house and lot on the North Side. House contains 9 rooms, with the modern improvements. Will exchange for a few acres outside the city. Inquire at No. 17 Bremer-st.

FOR SALE—A new brick house, two-story and basement, with modern improvements, No. 47 Monroe-st., one and a half blocks from Madison-st. Cars, [illegible] and very cheap. $6,500. Call on premises. FLEMING & WILSON, owners.

FOR SALE—By H. L. Hill & Co., Room 7, No. 116 Lasalle-st., two-story frame house, and lot 25x125 on Wabash-av., offered cheap, and very easy terms. Will take a lot on either of the avenues north of Twenty-sixth-st. in part payment.

FOR SALE—A decided bargain—On Kankakee-av., corner of Thirtieth-st., a new and cosy house, [illegible]

[illegible]

Unimproved.

FOR SALE—Rock Island Junction property. By Hubbard & Co., 72 Lasalle-st. [illegible]

FOR SALE—By W. T. Shufeldt, 116½ Lasalle-st. [illegible]

FOR SALE—By Hubbard & Jackson, 33 Dearborn-st., in rear of Commercial National Bank:

LAND BY THE ACRE.

[illegible]

FOR SALE—By Delamater & Jackson, 121 Clark-st. [illegible]

FOR SALE—6½ acres, fronting on Indiana-av., and running through to Kankakee-av. [illegible] MOREY & MANVILLE, Real Estate Brokers, 10 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—131x161 feet on the northeast corner of Michigan-av. and Twenty-ninth-st. [illegible] WARREN & GOODRICH, 123 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—Lot 25x125, on Ridgeville-st., [illegible]

FOR SALE—Forty acres on Reuben-st., southwest from Union Yards. [illegible]

FOR SALE—At a Bargain—50x112 feet on Harrison-st., near Laflin [illegible] W. P. BARCLAY, 86 Monroe-st., Room A.

Real Estate—Country.

FOR SALE—At St. Joseph, Mich., an elegantly located Fruit Orchard of 18 acres, and with choice varieties of trees. There are now in bearing [illegible] Peach Trees. [illegible] Pear Trees. [illegible] Apple Trees. [illegible] Lawton Blackberry Vines. [illegible]

FOR SALE—Farm, containing 180 acres, [illegible]

FOR SALE—In Evanston and North Evanston—Good new houses and lots. [illegible] C. E. BROWNE.

FOR SALE—Farm of 80 acres within half a mile of Winfield, the county seat of DuPage County, [illegible]

[illegible]

Wanted—Male Help.

Bookkeepers, Salesmen, &c.

WANTED—A short distance in the country, a man and his wife, no children. [illegible] Address P. O. Box 1809.

WANTED—A man of ability and character, [illegible] Drawer 661.

WANTED—100 agents, immediately, in city and country. [illegible]

WANTED—2,000 railroad laborers for grading the B. & M. R.R., in Iowa. Wages $2.25. For transportation apply to our agents, F. H. Wood & Co., Commission Merchants, 11 Dearborn-st. WOLF, CARPENTER & ANGLE, Contractors.

WANTED—30 laborers to work near the city. Steady work and free transportation. Work will last all winter. Apply to the Agent, 72 Clark-st., Room 4.

WANTED—600 men to go down South. Steady work for one year guaranteed. Wages $1.25 and $1.75 per day. For further particulars apply to Company's Agent, 72 Clark-st., Room 4.

WANTED—50 laborers for city work at $2 per day, 75 laborers for Iowa at $2 and $2.50 per day, 7 harvesters, 7 expressmen. Call at 99 Randolph-st., Room 3.

WANTED—Salesmen and canvassers to know that C. E. STANFORD & CO., 11 Reynolds' Block, have 20 of the best selling articles in the world. Don't fail to call or send for terms.

WANTED—A rapid penman, accurate at figures, [illegible] to EATON, MAGUIRE & CO., 71 Randolph-st.

WANTED—By O. D. Orvis & Co., over 135 Dearborn-st., two experienced salesmen [illegible]

WANTED—Salesmen to sell two new articles [illegible]

Trades.

WANTED—Immediately, a good tinner, at 724 South Halsted-st.

WANTED—A first-class confectioner at 288 Dearborn-st. W. BUCHLER & CO.

WANTED—Press boy. One who has had some experience [illegible]

WANTED—A first-class watchmaker. No half-learned boys need apply. J. C. BARTLETT, 298 East Madison-st.

WANTED—Tailors. Apply at 29 North State-st.

WANTED—Two energetic travelling salesmen who have had experience. Apply to M. C. ISAACS & BRO., 17 Lasalle-st.

WANTED—Cigar makers. Three or four cigar makers can find steady employment and good pay. None but the best workmen need apply. Address S. M. WEBB & CO., Decorah, Iowa.

WANTED—A competent job printer. A permanent situation to one who suits. Apply to ROBERT FERGUS' SONS, Printers, 15 and 17 Clark-st.

WANTED—A good mechanic. One who has worked on billiard tables. Apply at West-[illegible] of KAVANAGH & DECKER, 25 Randolph-st.

Employment Agents.

WANTED—1 assistant bookkeeper, 1 entry clerk, 1 travelling agent, 2 clerks, 2 brakemen, 1 fireman, 2 porters, 2 waiters, 1 bartender and 2 painters. [illegible]

WANTED—275 good railroad laborers. Wages $2 per day. Free transportation. Steady work. [illegible]

WANTED—This day, 30 good sawmill hands for Michigan and 20 choppers. Also 20 quarry laborers at $2 per day. Free transportation. Employment Headquarters, Room 5 Lind's Block.

WANTED—This day, 600 good railroad laborers to work all winter on the C. B. I. & P. R. R. Wages $2 per day. Also 50 teams to go to Iowa. Free transportation. [illegible] CHRISTIAN & CO., Agents, Room 5 Lind's Block, near Randolph-st. bridge.

WANTED—6 men for general work, 3 teams to take orders, [illegible]

Wanted—Female Help.

WANTED—A number of first-class sewing girls [illegible]

[illegible]

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

[illegible]

Agents Wanted.

[illegible]

Wanted—To Rent.

[illegible]

Horses, Carriages, &c.

[illegible]

Boarding and Lodging.

[illegible]

Pianos.

[illegible]

Situations Wanted.

Males.

SITUATION—Wanted—As bookkeeper or salesman [illegible] Tribune office, Chicago.

SITUATION—Wanted—By an Englishman, as coachman and to do general house work in a private family. Address G C, 55 Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATION—Wanted—By an experienced machinist and engineer. [illegible] G. GOAY, 200 Indiana-av.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a boy, 16 years of age, in any capacity in a store, [illegible] J. CLAUSEN, 10 North-av.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young German [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—As travelling salesman or bookkeeper [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—I want a situation at six dollars a week. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young man 19 years of age. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a first-class man cook, in a hotel or restaurant. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—For a young man, 18 years of age, in a private family. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—To drive a stationary engine. Good reference. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By an experienced bookkeeper, in the city or country. [illegible] TURNER, Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young Englishman, 20 years of age, [illegible]

Females.

SITUATION—Wanted—A lady of experience desires a situation as housekeeper. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a competent woman to do general housework in a small private family. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a good girl, to do general housework in a private family. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—For two first-class girls, one as laundress, the other as chambermaid or second girl. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a woman experienced in the care of children, [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young girl, to do up-stairs work, or general housework, [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a competent, steady girl, as seamstress in a private family. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a lady owning a Singer machine. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—To do general housework in a small private family, by a good girl, who is willing to make herself generally useful. Apply at 30 North Wells-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a competent girl, just arrived from the East, a place to do general housework in a small private family. Apply at 298 West Polk-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By an experienced woman, to cook, wash and iron, in a private family. North or West Side preferred. Good reference given. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—With a small private family, to do either cooking or chamber work. Good reference can be given if required. Apply at 308 South Aberdeen-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By an experienced girl, to do general work, or to do second work in a small private family. [illegible]

Board Wanted.

[illegible]

Law [illegible]

NEWS OF THE DAY.

FOREIGN.

The Spanish Provisional Junta issued inaugurated their career by a prudent measure—the freedom of the children of the blacks in the colonies, in anticipation of the total abolition of slavery by the Cortes.

The present Provisional Government of Spain is regarded as likely to be stable.

"Blue Gown," the winner of the last Derby, walked over the Newmarket Course, taking the first premium, on the 6th instant.

GENERAL.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 139⅞.

General Rosecrans departs for Mexico on or about the 21st instant.

On the 5th instant three rebel Democrats attempted to chastise the teacher of a colored school in Opelousas, La., but were prevented by the interference of his friends. The teacher had a warrant issued for the arrest of the rebels, but before it could be executed a gang of armed rebels attacked the congregated negroes and killed or wounded 200 of them. The *Progress* office was sacked and one of the editors lynched.

A New Orleans paper says that fifteen Republicans and three Democrats were killed in a recent fray at Shreveport.

The case against Commissioner Rollins and others, charged with defrauding the government, has ended in the discharge of the defendants, no substantial evidence being adduced against them.

A State Convention of colored men assembled at Utica, N. Y., on the 7th inst.

General John A. Logan, who is now at his home at Carbondale, Ill., in a weak state of health, predicts that Illinois will give Grant 50,000 majority, and that Indiana also will go Republican.

Tanmore & Co.'s grain elevator, in Troy, N.Y., was destroyed by fire on the 7th instant. Loss, $[illegible].

Mrs. Stowell, an aged lady, was burned to death at Huntington, Mass., on Sunday last.

An unknown man, being "tired of life," both poisoned and shot himself in a hotel in Albany, N. Y., on the 7th inst.

The National Convention of Ticket Agents and other railroad men, opened in St. Louis on the 7th inst. The table of local freights was corrected, and a motion adopted that the next convention be held in Chicago, in April next.

The continuous rain interfered with the success of the St. Louis Fair, on the 7th instant. The display of farm produce and fruit was credit le, the domestic exhibition was also excellent.

The American Board of Foreign Missions met in Norwich, Conn., on the 6th instant. Rev. G. E. Nelson, of Cincinnati, preached the introductory sermon. On the following morning Hon. Wm. E. Dodge, of New York, spoke in behalf of foreign missions, expressing his belief that Christians had not done their duty toward the heathen. The close of the fiscal year shows a small balance in the treasury.

The General Triennial Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church met in Trinity Church, New York city, on the 7th instant. The opening ceremonies were of an impressive and solemn character, and were participated in by several Bishops.

The National Conference of Unitarians assembled in New York yesterday.

WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.

JUDGE CHASE ON THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

Chief Justice Chase expresses himself freely to his friends concerning the political situation. He feels entirely confident of Grant's election, and not only this, but says further that he will be President for eight years if he desires it, for he will be cautious, will bring good men around him, will make no serious blunders, and that his influence upon the Republican party will be to consolidate it. On the other hand, Mr. Chase says in his judgment the Democratic party will be hopelessly divided, by the fact that it has fully identified itself with rebels and rebel ideas, and this will surely drive off large numbers of Northern Democrats and leave the party powerless against the Republicans. Mr. Chase expects to be able to sympathize fully with General Grant's administration.

GOVERNOR ENGLISH,

of Connecticut, is in town. He had an interview with the President, and expressed himself as by no means satisfied with the prospects of Seymour and Blair.

NATURALIZATION FRAUDS IN PHILADELPHIA.

Detective and other officers engaged in investigating the importation of roughs into Philadelphia from Baltimore, assert that in addition to the main idea of voting the Democratic ticket, they are determined to make a night attack upon the Massachusetts delegates to the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention.

TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

CUBA.

The published statements that, owing to the revolution in Spain, this government is interesting itself about the purchase of Cuba are altogether untrue. The subject has not been mentioned in Cabinet, nor has the Secretary of State expressed any views upon it.

DEPARTMENT REPORTS.

The various heads and chiefs of the Executive Departments have begun the preparation of the annual documents to be submitted to Congress.

VISIT TO THE PRESIDENT.

This afternoon the Supreme Circle of the Brotherhood of the Union, now in session here, visited the President of the United States by appointment. The New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Maryland, District of Columbia and Virginia delegates were severally introduced, when the President, in response to the invitations that they came to pay their respects to him not only as the Chief Magistrate, but as a member of the fraternity, said he felt more than thankful for this manifestation of friendship, and expressed the hope that they would all hereafter meet under more favorable circumstances. The Brotherhood of the Union is a patriotic, industrial and beneficial organization.

THE ORDNANCE BUREAU.

A special order just issued from the War Department directs that General Dyer, Chief of the Ordnance Bureau, be relieved from the charge of the Ordnance Bureau upon the assembling of the court of inquiry appointed by a special order of September 10, to continue until the conclusion of the investigation. The same order directs Colonel S. V. Benét, of the Ordnance Department, to report in person to General Dyer, to assist him while before the court.

REVENUE APPOINTMENTS.

The following Internal Revenue appointments were made to-day:

Gaugers—John E. Warren and H. N. Watson, First District of Missouri; John Higbie and Benjamin Todd, Fifth Illinois; John C. Francis, Seventh Illinois.

Storekeepers—Joseph W. Ridgely and Robert Spencer, Second and William Entwistle, Fifth Illinois.

PENSION CLAIMS.

The whole number of claims received during the month of September at the Pension Office, original and increase, were: Of widows, &c., 1,273; invalids, 1,449; total, 2,722. Number of claims admitted, original and increase: Of widows, &c., 1,726; of invalids, 623; total, 2,359. Number of claims rejected, original and increase: Of widows, &c., 170; of invalids, 201; total, 376. Number of claims disposed of during September, 2,735; letters written, 4,318; circulars sent, 12,332. In the bounty land division sixty-one warrants of 160 acres each were issued, covering 9,760 acres. Original applications received, 87; letters written, 123; circulars sent, 81; claims suspended, 156; duplicate warrants issued, 1; number of claims disposed of, 2,735; received, [illegible].

In addition to the foregoing, a large number of claims for arrears of pension under Section 6 of the act of July 27, 1868, have been adjusted of which no record has been kept.

KANSAS.

Railroad Matters—The Produce Market at Lawrence—Wheat Crop of Southern Nebraska—Political.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LAWRENCE, Oct. 7.

Work upon the border tier road, from Kansas City, and the Galveston road, south from Ottawa, is being prosecuted with great vigor and earnestness. The second section of twenty-five miles, it is expected, will be completed to Garnett by January first, making fifty miles of road south from Lawrence. Should the Osage treaty be ratified this road will be completed to the Texas line within two years. J. Joyce, as a stockholder, has got a temporary injunction granted against the County Commissioners of Douglas County, issuing $300,000 of bonds long since due to the road. The people of Southern Kansas are greatly incensed at this embarrassment to the road.

The produce market is very lively here, paying prices as follows: Fall wheat, $1.80; spring, $1.35; old corn, 55c; new do, 45c; oats, 35c; hay, $6.00@6.00 per hundred.

The Nebraska City *News* states that Otoe County has grown 250,000 bushels of wheat this season, that wheat is coming into that place at the rate of 150 teams per day, and asks that aid be given to build a railroad to tap the great grain region of Southern Nebraska.

The political meetings have not been as enthusiastic for years in this State as they are this season. We have an excellent State ticket, and you can set down the majority for Grant greater than in any other State in proportion to the population. Vermont not excepted. The State Impartial Suffrage Association, which met at Topeka on yesterday, adjourned without nominating a ticket. The friends of the cause will rely upon moral suasion for the present.

Weather turned off cold last night.

TENNESSEE.

Change in Freedmen's Bureau Officers—Malicious Charge of Fraudulent Voting—Memphis Items.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NASHVILLE, Oct. 7.

Major General W. P. Carlin, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau of this place, has received instructions to turn over the same on the first of November to Colonel Thompson, who will perform the duties of that office in connection with that of State Superintendent of Education.

The malicious prosecution of John Mercer, editor of the Nashville *Republican*, and *Tennessee Staats Zeitung*, for illegal voting in the late municipal election, has resulted in his honorable acquittal.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 7.—The City Council last evening appointed a Committee of Conference with General Gordon Granger in regard to the arms destined for Arkansas, now stored here. The result of the conference has not transpired, but it is understood that General Granger declines to interfere in the matter.

Two negroes, John Sears and Wm. Read, had a difficulty last night about politics, during which Read shot Sears, inflicting a wound that will probably prove fatal. Read was arrested and released on one thousand dollars bail.

SPRINGFIELD.

Meeting of the State Board of Equalization—Masonic.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

SPRINGFIELD, Oct. 7.

Pursuant to the adjournment yesterday, the State Board of Equalization met this forenoon. After electing Hon. O. H. Miner, President, appointing two Secretaries, without further transaction of business they again adjourned until to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

The Grand Lodge of Illinois, in session in this city to-day, elected the following officers for the ensuing term: Grand Master, H. G. Reynolds, of this city; Deputy Grand Master, D. C. Cregier, of Chicago; Senior Grand Warden, James A. Hawley, of Chicago; Grand Junior Warden, Geo. E. Lounsberry, Grand City; Treasurer, Harrison Dills, of Quincy; Grand Secretary, O. H. Miner, of Springfield; Grand Chaplain, H. P. Bass, of Decatur.

In his address the retiring Grand Master strongly recommended that measures be inaugurated for the building of a Masonic Temple worthy the grand old Order.

So far as shown by the proceedings, it is not probable that his suggestion will be acted upon during this session. There are in attendance one hundred and ninety delegates.

Pedestrianism.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Oct. 7.—Weston the pedestrian, started on a trip to make one hundred miles in twenty-two and one-half hours at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He accomplished his first twenty miles in four hours and six and one-half minutes, and his second twenty miles in four hours and twenty-seven minutes, including fifteen minutes' resting. He feels confident of success.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Closing Up of the Good Work in Indiana.

Rousing Republican Meetings in all Parts of the State.

Disgraceful Copperhead Affair at Madison.

Kentucky Rebels Run Riot on Indiana Soil.

Large Republican Meetings at the East.

THE CAMPAIGN IN INDIANA.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WABASH, Ind., Oct. 7.

The Republican rally at this place is admitted by all to have been the greatest affair of this or any other season. Over fifteen hundred mounted and uniformed Fighting Boys in Blue were in attendance by actual count, besides about five hundred on foot. A company of Bummers was an amusing feature of the occasion. There were one or two companies of Tanners and numerous companies of juvenile Republicans. The mounted men were four abreast and rode in close order. There were several mechanic shops, mounted on immense wagons, all plying their respective trades, of which a tannery, a blacksmith shop, a carpenter shop and a machine shop were the most conspicuous, and caused the greatest sensation. Each shop was covered with mottoes, many of which were very spicy. Many more banners and mottoes were carried by the immense procession of wagons, buggies, carriages and all sorts of vehicles, which, in addition to the organized companies already mentioned, made a procession which at one time filled half of all the streets in the city, and could have been little less than four miles in length.

The Democratic meeting, last Saturday, in this place, was stated in the Cincinnati *Enquirer* at 15,000. Assuming the same species of mathematics there were one hundred and fifty thousand here to-day. The true number was probably about 9,000.

About the time the procession reached the fair ground, it began to rain, which greatly diminished the numbers. Many went to the city, and thousands repaired to the ample sheds of the Agricultural Society for shelter. Many more remained on the grounds than could get near enough to either of the three stands to be able to hear.

The speakers in attendance were Governor Baker, Hon. D. D. Pratt, candidate for Congress, and Hon. J. M. Justice, candidate for District Elector in the Eighth District. The speakers were all able and listened to with patient interest, notwithstanding the inclement rain. Many known converts to the Republican cause have been made to-day. It still continues to rain, which will prevent the torchlight procession, which would otherwise have been a grand affair.

COLFAX AT LIGONIER.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LIGONIER, Ind., Oct. 7.

Thousands upon thousands of the loyal people of Noble and adjacent counties assembled here this day, in honor of the gallant champions of Republicanism, and to pledge anew their loyalty to the glorious cause. Five hundred of the Cavalry Boys, and as many Tanners, with an exceeding multitude of people in carriages, on horseback, and on foot, formed a procession, with bands of music and banners streaming, and all notwithstanding the rain was streaming down in torrents. The speakers all failed to put in an appearance except the never-failing Colfax, who came promptly on the noon train, having travelled three hundred miles from his yesterday's appointment, and, being escorted to the speaker's stand, he, for more than an hour in the midst of the storm, held the attention of the audience, who were resolved, rain or shine, to hear and see their future Vice President.

Dark and murky as the day is, the political skies are bright, and Noble County will do her full part in rolling up the majority of thousands Indiana promises on Tuesday next for the Republican ticket.

AT LEBANON.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LEBANON, Ind., Oct. 7.

One of the largest political mass meetings ever held in this county was held here to-day by the Republican party. Many business buildings and residences were handsomely decorated with flags and evergreens. A large and beautiful arch, trimmed with evergreens and flags, was erected over the crossing of Main and Lebanon streets, which added much to the appearance of things. The procession, headed by the Lebanon brass band, composed of all the delegations, and about five miles in length, marched through all the streets until 12 o'clock, when they retired to the grove which is situated north of the town, where the speaking was delivered. Among the processions many trades and Sherman bummers were represented, which were very amusing and laughable, and eighteen large wagons, containing from thirty to fifty ladies each, who were dressed in white, made a beautiful appearance.

Among the speakers of the day were Hon. G. S. Orth, of Lafayette; Colonel D. Mann, of Illinois; General H. D. Washburn, of Indiana; J. Jenkinson, of Fort Wayne, and Rev. W. H. Jewell, of Lafayette. The crowd numbered from 15,000 to 18,000 persons and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed.

Great preparations were made for a grand display of fireworks and torchlight procession, but since four o'clock there has been a heavy wind and considerable rain that makes it impossible for anything of the kind.

AT GOSHEN.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

GOSHEN, Ind., Oct. 7.

The Republican rally here on Monday next will be a monster affair. Preparations are going forward on a gigantic scale. Colfax will speak at three o'clock in the afternoon. The following despatch has just been received from him:

"LIGONIER, Oct. 7.

"To Colonel A. M. Tucker, Goshen:

"I shall be at your meeting, at Goshen, next Monday, without fail, leaving South Bend on an engine at 12 o'clock p. m., after speaking there, reaching Goshen at 2 o'clock. I cannot make a long speech, but shall be glad to enjoy this opportunity of looking into the faces of the noble Republicans of Elkhart and adjoining counties.

(Signed) "SCHUYLER COLFAX."

DISGRACEFUL COPPERHEAD AFFAIR AT MADISON.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 7.

The Democratic meeting at Madison, yesterday, was well attended. Frank P. Blair, General Walter Whitaker, of Kentucky, Mayor Philip Tomppert, of Louisville, and others, spoke. At night about four hundred voters and many boys marched in the procession with torches. Several unjustifiable attacks were made by the rowdy gang from Kentucky on Union citizens. One man was stabbed and several shots were fired at different times during the day and night. Captain James Rea, a brave soldier of the old Thirty-ninth Indiana, was shot and mortally wounded by one of the Blair men. He has a wife and child to mourn his loss. Mr. Autermiller, an unoffending German Union man, was knocked down and had a pistol drawn on him, but was not killed. An old gray-headed Union citizen was knocked down by an ex-Confederate staff officer for hallooing for Grant. The Kentucky chivalry were out at night in full force. Nine hundred came up from Louisville, many of whom were armed and drunk, and they moved along through the city in squads, whooping and yelling for Hendricks, Jeff. Davis, Seymour and Blair and old Kaintuck, and they wanted to whip any man who dared to say a word for Grant. Peaceable citizens had to keep indoors to insure safety. The spirit of the Southern chivalry was up and rebels had their own way on Indiana soil. One of the Louisville men was drowned accidentally while getting off the boat there.

The Madison *Courier* of to-day will give the particulars of the disgraceful affair, which, taken altogether, will doubtless lose many votes to the Democratic ticket, as the more respectable portion of the party openly express their disgust with the proceedings. It was a good day for the coffee houses, which were in full blast, generally doing a land office business.

REPUBLICAN WIGWAM DEDICATION AT LAKE MILLS, WIS.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

JEFFERSON, Wis., Oct. 7.

Messrs. Hopkins and Rose dedicated the new Republican Wigwam at Lake Mills last night, in the midst of a large and enthusiastic audience, to Liberty, Grant and Colfax. Notwithstanding the night was dark and rainy, there was the largest meeting ever held at Lake Mills. There is a booming Grant feeling in this section.

THE ATTACK ON GOVERNOR KOERNER AT QUINCY.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune:

The shot fired into the building on the occasion of Governor Koerner's address to the Germans in this city, has caused considerable talk, and is assuming a good deal of importance here and elsewhere. It is wholly unnecessary to make any explanation of the matter to the people of Quincy, but with a view of correcting erroneous rumors in your city and other localities, I will briefly state the facts.

Governor Koerner was my guest. We were driven from my house to the skating rink in a carriage, reaching there about eight o'clock. The people had already assembled. Governor Koerner commenced speaking in a few minutes. When he was about two-thirds through his speech, I heard a shot fired. When he concluded his remarks, Colonel Morton exhibited on the stage where Governor Koerner spoke, and where myself and various others were seated, a battered rifle ball of large size, which he stated had been shot into the building and passed through the coat-sleeve of a gentleman on the other side of the rink, thence to the heavy weather-boarding behind him, which it somewhat indented, and then fell to the floor. Mrs. Edward Rogers has stated to myself and several others that she was sitting in her buggy on the west side of the building, heard the shot and saw the man start and run away immediately as hard as he could. My hired negro man was acting as the carriage driver, holding the horses, and was but a few feet from Mrs. Rogers' buggy, and he says he heard the shot and saw the man run away as fast as his legs could carry him. That the shot was fired, and with a malicious purpose, is evident from the fact that the wretch who fired it ran away. The night was light enough to see the transaction. If it had been a crazy creature who shot he would have stayed on the ground; if he had shot accidentally, he would have gone at once to the inside to see if he had injured any one. From the point (southwest corner of the building) where the shot was fired, and quite near where the carriages stood, the range was right for Governor Koerner. He was, of course, standing and the audience were seated. I pretend not to say who the assassin was, or who he proposed to hit. Others can judge of that for themselves. One thing, however, is certain—*he did not shoot at Bernard Arntzen, Esq.*, as the following facts will show:

The rink has an elevated platform running all around it. On the south side, and about the centre, there is connected with this a staging on the same level, projecting towards the centre of the building. Upon the north end of this staging Governor Koerner was speaking. Various persons were on the staging behind him; in fact, it was full. I occupied a seat at the southwest corner. Still back of me was the platform around the building. This was crowded behind me, west of me and east of me, the seats west being occupied by ladies. The crowd could not have been less than twenty feet long. I saw Mr. Arntzen occupying a position at the eastern end of it; and the shot being fired from the southwest corner, the assassin could no more have seen him than he could have seen him through a stone wall. Besides, the ball would have had to pass through a compact line of persons twenty feet long before it could reach him. Mr. Arntzen is not a very tall man, and it is not likely that his head towered above others, and his body certainly could never have been hit in his position. The speaker was the only one whom the assassin could have distinguished.

I understand the Chicago *Times* says that Mr. Arntzen was sent to the meeting by the Democratic State Central Committee to take notes of Mr. Koerner's speech. This must be an error. Mr. Arntzen took no notes, and I think I know him too well to believe he would surrender himself to the direction of others for a dishonorable purpose. The *Times* ought not place him in the position of an honorable antagonist, but [illegible] and Mr. Arntzen would not be the next day (Saturday) he called on me at my house, and spent two hours in conversation with him. I did not discover that he had any indications of having undergone any [illegible] of personal fear or sadness. The [illegible] the Arntzen [illegible] about [illegible] [illegible] and repeated [illegible] looks very much like the creature [illegible] [illegible] had accomplices who stood ready [illegible] to screen him. The Democratic [illegible] such, will scorn the base act, but that [illegible] others, has bad men in it. It is to be [illegible] good men of all parties will unite to [illegible] disturbance and preserve the public [illegible] not attempt to palliate or screen any one.

I must say before closing that I have [illegible] Governor Koerner intimately for [illegible] quarter of a century. His story [illegible] exceptionable, his manners mild and [illegible] ly, and his language kind and courteous [illegible] to no one. Very respectfully, I. N. [illegible]

QUINCY, Ill., Oct. 1.

GRAND REPUBLICAN RALLY AT [illegible]

Correspondence of The Chicago [illegible]

RACINE, Wis. [illegible]

This evening the Tanners, with torch[illegible] forms, paraded the streets, making a fine [illegible] ance.

Men and women, clergymen and [illegible] thronged around the Court House steps [illegible] mense multitude, and remained orderly [illegible] except when cheering the patriotic sent[illegible] the speakers, till nearly 10 o'clock.

W. L. Carter, Esq., spoke ably and [illegible] ly; but such logic, such fairness and [illegible] quence as came from Mat. H. Carpenter [illegible] politician in this State, if in this country [illegible] produce.

It is a pleasure, also, to state, that [illegible] quiry has elicited the statement from [illegible] men of the straightest integrity, [illegible] known Mr. C. intimately for years, [illegible] have none but a patriotic interest [illegible] that his personal habits are better [illegible] tenths of the public men, while his [illegible] life attests a noble devotion to principle.

LARGE MEETING AT RENSSELAER [illegible]

Correspondence of The Chicago [illegible]

RENSSELAER, [illegible]

We had to-day the largest political [illegible] held in Jasper County. We are with [illegible] Grant, Colfax and the Union.

The delegation was nearly one mile [illegible] Republicans of Rensselaer gave a [illegible] the delegation from Gilliam township [illegible] the largest and finest.

Henry Guffin, Esq., of Indiana[illegible] Judge C. H. Yest addressed the audience [illegible] great with happy effects.

A GREAT DAY IN CUMBERLAND [illegible] SPEECHES BY MESSRS. LIP[illegible] AND BUSHNELL.

Correspondence of The Chicago [illegible]

MAJORITY POINT, Ill. [illegible]

Last Saturday (the 3d) was a glo[illegible] the Republicans of Cumberland Co[illegible] Chas. Lippincott and Hon. Washington [illegible] spoke to the largest crowd of people [illegible] assembled in this county. They spoke [illegible] afternoon and evening, and were listened to with an earnestness that argues well for the [illegible] Republicanism. They more than [illegible] position as representative men of [illegible] liberty and freedom, and every [illegible] heard them will be proud to help [illegible] the offices for which they were nominated.

The Democracy, true to their nature and education, attempted to break up the meeting, but when the Tanners sallied out [illegible] them that such a thing would not be [illegible] they slunk away to their holes. [illegible] least 5,000 people present, which [illegible] much for some places, is considered [illegible] thing here. About 300 torches were [illegible] session at night.

The political battle rages with [illegible] here. The Republicans have triumphed [illegible] the Democracy have laid down [illegible] cards packed for a majority when [illegible] made in November. The fax [illegible] easily distinguished from other [illegible] elongation. They say "the country [illegible] that the people are bled to their [illegible] and that the country will hereafter [illegible] the bayonet."

If the Republican gain should [illegible] in every county as it will be in [illegible] give a majority of 40,000 for the [illegible] of freedom and liberty.

E. C. INGERSOLL AT HENRY [illegible] PUBLICAN RALLY [illegible]

Correspondence of The Chicago [illegible]

HENRY, Marshall [illegible]

Last Saturday, E. C. Ingersoll [illegible] re-election to Congress in this [illegible] trict, addressed a large assembly [illegible] on the issues involved in the pre[illegible] His speech was over two hours [illegible] was well received, and in point of [illegible] of argument well worthy a [illegible] forensic efforts of Logan, Palmer [illegible] his analysis of the Democratic [illegible] financial theory and candidates was [illegible] severe, without being abrupt or [illegible] sive. I would like very much [illegible] allow, to give a synopsis of his [illegible] mention briefly his many telling [illegible] ble illustrations, but I dare not [illegible] only say, that if Mr. Ingersoll [illegible] new friends, he certainly raised [illegible] estimation of his old ones, but [illegible] ence in defence of Republican [illegible] past, and those in contemplation [illegible] make a permanent impression [illegible] minds of political opponents.

During the delivery of Mr. Ingersoll's [illegible] a company of Lady Tanners [illegible] on the ground and took [illegible] mense cheering from the assembled [illegible] efficient uniform and splendid appearance [illegible] ed universal attention and admiration. [illegible] Henry Tanners were out in force, [illegible] duty, led by the Henry Brass Band, one of [illegible] in the State. The Lacon Tanners were [illegible] attendance. Good judges estimate the [illegible] present at 3,000.

About six o'clock a steam propeller [illegible] from Chillicothe with the Tanners of [illegible] board, who after tea joined in the [illegible] which was formed by the Lady Tanners [illegible] in front, the others falling in [illegible] marched through the principal [illegible] music, with Chinese lanterns [illegible] the grand old flag, to [illegible] ing, where P. S. Perley, Esq. [illegible] delivered a magnificent speech [illegible] his scathing review of Democratic [illegible] rebellion during the war, and [illegible] for unreconstructed rebels now [illegible] by Elder W. H. Stowe, who stood [illegible] fence, and got home on the [illegible] ous, traitorous Democracy [illegible] power and force as to be able [illegible]

The best of order prevailed [illegible] only one drunken man was seen [illegible] for "one-more" whiskey. Ingersoll [illegible] and was cooled to dry up by [illegible] cratic draymen.

Three hundred and nine [illegible] procession, and at the close of [illegible] the Tanners of Lacon and C[illegible] corted, the one to the ferry, [illegible] steamer, where, amid cheers [illegible] and words of parting for one [illegible] "Tanners" "turned in," feeling [illegible] had been done. Marshall County [illegible] on the 3d of November.

SWEDISH REPUBLICAN [illegible] PORTER'S STATION [illegible]

Correspondence of The Chicago [illegible]

CAL[illegible]

Pursuant to notice we had a [illegible] publican rally at Porter's [illegible] Saturday, October 3. Never [illegible] mention of the Republican party [illegible] such a grand turnout in the [illegible] Porter County to hear a polit[illegible] Swedes and Americans turned [illegible] greet the speakers of the occasion [illegible] J. Sundell, of your city, former [illegible] sul, and Colonel Gill Pierce, [illegible] State Legislature from Porter [illegible] of understand the Swedish [illegible] ing from the unbounded [illegible] hearing which Mr. [illegible] reated, his words [illegible] unaltered blows upon the [illegible] American within sound of [illegible] Sell spoke for two hours, and [illegible] ended there was such a [illegible] and congratulations as is [illegible] ral gathering. Order [illegible] Colonel Pierce, in a brief [illegible] picted the fatal results of the [illegible] headism, and the peace [illegible] follow the election of Grant [illegible] meeting then dispersed amid [illegible] cheers. As a result of the [illegible] voter, almost to a man, will [illegible] ticket. Set down old Porter [illegible] jority at the State election.

IRISH REPUBLICAN MA[illegible]

Correspondence of The [illegible]

Seeing that our Irish [illegible] ing meetings throughout [illegible] Colfax, the fire so lately [illegible] seems to have caught [illegible] we had a very large mass [illegible] square, to listen to Mr. [illegible] topics. A large majority [illegible] Irishmen, numbers of whom [illegible] Democracy. The speaker [illegible] a masterly and thorough [illegible] body, and convinced the A[illegible] men could be made to act [illegible] publican party.

ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING [illegible]

Correspondence of The C[illegible]

YORKVILLE [illegible]

A very large and most enthusiastic meeting was held here [illegible] weather was beautiful, [illegible] crowding the hall, the [illegible] being full. The Tanners [illegible] Spinger, Jr., were out [illegible] the audience was held [illegible] by Hon. George C. Bates [illegible] ment of Mr. Bates against [illegible] form and the nominees [illegible] and most eloquent effort [illegible] cess of the one, and the [illegible] the other. It was admitted [illegible] speech yet made here.

A REPUBLICAN [illegible] IN PITTS[illegible]

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 7.—[illegible] to-night about 9 o'clock. [illegible] was passing along [illegible] tunnel were assailed by [illegible] fight ensued. Stones and [illegible] direction, and clubs were [illegible] shots were fired and [illegible] Captain Callow was [illegible] back of the neck, and [illegible] was seriously hurt. [illegible] slightly wounded in the [illegible] suppress the riot. A [illegible] neighborhood was bad [illegible] stones from the crowd.

REPUBLICAN DEMONSTRATION [illegible]

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—A large [illegible] ing of the Republicans [illegible] Faneuil Hall this evening [illegible] nominations.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. [illegible] a very large demonstration [illegible]

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—[illegible] Republicans was held [illegible] evening, under the auspices [illegible] and Colfax Campaign [illegible] made by Ex-Governor [illegible] and Hon. John A. Gr[illegible]

EX-SECRETARY STANTON [illegible]

CLEVELAND, Oct. 7.—[illegible] Governor Hayes, of [illegible] I case, and will address [illegible] ing to-morrow. Indications [illegible] will be an extraordinary [illegible] for illumination on the [illegible] very general and extensive.

CONNECTICUT T[illegible]

WATERBURY, Conn. [illegible] gain in this city is accom[illegible] elected most of their [illegible] against last year's [illegible] their Collector by a [illegible] year's majority of [illegible]

CONGRESSIONAL [illegible]

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—Th[illegible] enth District of Massachusetts [illegible] S. Boutwell for [illegible]

[illegible]

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 7.—[illegible]

Th[illegible]

VOL XXII.